

## EARLY SPRING NOVELTIES REPRESENTATIVE BARGAINS OF THE COMING SEASON

SHOWN BY



### Umbrellas.

We are selling a good silk Gloria 26-inch Umbrella, pure dye, paragon frame, will not split, and will outwear any \$3 umbrella in the market, for 98c.

### Notice!

Have you seen the Lightning Artist in our Hunter Street Show Window? If not, do so by all means. We are continuing to give away these magnificent Oil Paintings with every one-dollar purchase, charging only a nominal price for frames.

### White Goods.

5,000 yards good check Nainsooks, worth 10c, yours tomorrow at 5c. the yard.  
2,000 yards white check Dimities, 20c. quality, yours at 12 1/2c the yard.

### Embroidered Flannels.

We will sell to-morrow: AT 65c, 10 pieces white embroidered Flannel, never offered before for less than \$1.00. AT 50c, 5 pieces white embroidered Flannel, 75c quality.

### CHENILLE TABLE COVERS.

125 fringed Table Covers, heavy mottled and flowered Chenille, 6-4 size, worth \$1.25, at 50c each.

### Linens.

Smart purchasers can save many dollars in High's Linen Store. This Week's Sale! \$1.00—17 pieces 72 inch heavy bleached double satin Table Damask, regular price \$1.50. This Week's Sale 35c—19 pieces German half bleached Table Damask, bleaches with two laundries' worth 65c. This Week's Sale 25c—25 pieces turkey red Table Damask, truly worth 50c a yard.

### Towels.

150 dozen knotted fringe Damask and Huck Towels, worth 35c and 40c—yours at 22 1-2c each  
60 dozen large size Huck Towels, worth 20c, to go at 10c each

### Jewelry.

Sterling Silver Lock Bracelets, \$1.25 to \$3.00  
The latest Stick Pins, 10c  
Trilby Hair Pins, 15c  
Side Combs, nice line, 10c to \$1.00  
New style Belt Buckles.  
Solid gold Infants' Rings, 25c  
Sterling Silver Easter Book Marks, 49c  
Sterling Silver Glove Buttoners, 49c

### Perfumery.

Foreste's Triple Extracts, all odors, 2 oz. bottle, special, 25c Bottle

### Toilet Soaps.

Lettuce Cream Soap, box of 3 cakes 10c Box  
Turkish Bath Soap, 25c Dozen  
100 dozen old fashioned Glycerine Soap, ball cakes, sold everywhere at 10c, Our price 5c

### Art Department.

We are showing some lovely Stamped Linens, and a full and complete line of Working Silks, Crochet, Knitting and Art Linen.

### Spring Wraps.

LADIES' SUITS, LADIES' WAISTS, LADIES' SKIRTS, ETC., ETC.,  
Shown in space known as Cloak Department, third floor front.

The very newest things out.  
Ladies' black satin Cape, silk brocade lining, beauty, \$20.00  
Ladies' black crepon Capes, new cut, silk lined, \$22.50  
Ladies' cloth Capes, new perforated work, tans, black and brown, \$10.00  
Ladies' cloth Capes, \$2.25 and \$3.50

### Boys' Clothing.

Our line of Boys' Clothing for spring embraces everything new and novel for the little fellows and for the big ones, too, sizes 3 to 18 years.

Boys' Washable Suits, 4 to 7 years, at 49c suit

Boys' all wool blue Flannel Blouse Suits, At \$1.25

Boys' all wool Cheviot School Suits At \$2.50

Boys' navy blue Combination Suits, coats and pants, with extra pair pants and cap to match, \$3.00

Boys' knee pants, all wool, double seat and knee, with patent waist band, At 50c pair

Boys' rough and tumble Suits, linen lined and sewed with flax and silk, \$4.50, worth \$6

Youths' Suits, all wool Cheviot, ages 15 to 18 years, At \$5

Boys' Rubber Coats, all sizes, At \$2

Men's Macintosh Coats, large sizes, a specialty At \$5 each

### Muslin Underwear

Don't wear your life away making underclothes under the delusion that you are saving money. Look at these prices:  
1 lot Ladies' Muslin Drawers and Chemises, well made and prettily trimmed, worth 85c and \$1, At 50c garment

1 lot Ladies' Cambric Corset Covers, nicely trimmed with embroidery, At 29c each

1 lot Ladies' Muslin Gowns and Skirts, well made, good quality muslin, worth \$1, At 59c each

Ladies' black Brilliantine Skirts, with two silk ruffles, \$3.50, worth \$5

Ladies' black Crepon Skirts, \$7.50

Ladies' black and blue Serge Skirts, worth \$7.50, \$4.50

Ladies' Taffeta Silk Skirts, figured, \$10.00

Ladies' black Moire Silk Skirts, \$15 to \$35

100 dozen Ladies' Laundered Percalé Shirt Waists, 50c each

210 Ladies' new spring Percalé Wrappers at 75c each

Ladies' Outing Cloth Wrappers, \$1.50

Ladies' new spring Zephyrs Gingham, worth 25c, Our price 10c

3,600 yards good Dress Satines, sold everywhere at 12 1/2c, Our price 8 1/2c

4,000 yards dark Outing Flannels 15c sort, Our price 8 1/2c

5,000 yards regular 8c Gingham, Our price 4 1/2c

200 pieces new spring Percalés, everybody's price 12 1/2c, Our price 7 1/2c

2,500 yards Outing Flannels, 5 to 15 yard lengths, worth 10c, Our price 5c

300 dozen plated Tea Spoons, worth 75c a set, At 25c

150 dozen plated Table Spoons, worth \$1.25 a set, At 50c

139 dozen plated Forks, worth \$1.25, At 50c

19 dozen Glass Creams, sold by all dealers at 15c each, Only 5c Each.

98 Water Sets, 6 Tumblers, Tray and Pitcher, many colors, worth \$2; your choice, \$1.25 a Set.

63 dozen China Plates, worth from 30 to 50c each; Your Choice for 19c

87 handsomely decorated Lamps, sold by us for \$2 and \$2.50; your choice Monday \$1.00 Each.

17 102-piece Dinner Sets, gold trimmed, best English Porcelain, worth \$14.50; take them away Monday for \$9.50 Per Set.

39 100-piece China Dinner Sets, your choice of three decorations, all worth \$20 per set; Going at \$14.89.

150 10-piece Toilet Sets, choice decorations, sold at \$4 by small dealers; our price Monday will be \$2.39 a set.

600 dozen Decorated Plates, breakfast size, worth \$1 per dozen; your choice Monday 5c Each.

39 100-piece China Dinner Sets, your choice of three decorations, all worth \$20 per set; Going at \$14.89.

150 10-piece Toilet Sets, choice decorations, sold at \$4 by small dealers; our price Monday will be \$2.39 a set.

600 dozen Decorated Plates, breakfast size, worth \$1 per dozen; your choice Monday 5c Each.

All Library and Hall Lamps at one-third off, to make room for new goods.

Haviland China Dinner Sets at prices that all competition takes a back seat.

Our Hotel China, the best in the world.

Write for Prices.

For country customers—We will mail you cuts showing exact illustrations of Dinner, Tea and Toilet Ware on application.

See the beautiful art rooms in this department. New Novelties constantly arriving.

Carpet Department

We are offering some special things in our

Carpet Department

this week. If you are

moving or making any

arrangements for

spring cleaning, we

know you will need

something in Carpets,

Rugs, Shades, Lace Cur-

tains. Portieres, Mat-

tings, Oil Cloths, etc.,

we are prepared to save

you money:

Moquette Carpets, new

styles and colorings, at

\$1 a yard, made and laid.

Body Brussels, ele-

gant values, only 85c a

yard, made and laid.

Best Tapestry Brus-

sels, 50 styles to select

from, all new and beau-

tiful colorings, only 75c

a yard, made and laid.

Ingrain Carpets, all

wool warp and filling,

this week only at 50c a

yard, made and laid.

500 rolls fine China

and Japanese Matting,

just received, prices

lower than ever.

100 rolls Matting, 40

yards to the roll, worth

\$7, this week \$4 a roll.

100 rolls Inlaid Japan-

ese Matting, worth 35c

a yard, this week 20c a

yard, laid.

300 pairs of fine Lace

Curtains, from auction,

they are worth from

\$2.50 to \$4 a pair, as

long as they last we'll

sell at \$1.50 a pair.

Window Shades 38

inches by 7 feet long,

with fringe, only 50c

each.

### Silks.

Advanced spring styles, correct in design and shading.

AT 75c, we offer to-morrow 32 pieces black brocade India Silks, taffeta effects, exceedingly popular for the coming season.

AT \$1.00, 19 pieces black satin Duchesse and black satin D'Lyons, a most elegant wearing goods, and \$1.35 value.

AT 75c, 79 pieces colored figured Taffetas, stripes, dots, rays, and the newest effects in colorings and designs, truly worth \$1.25.

AT 30c, 63 pieces two-toned Luxor Silks, a line worth usually 75c a yard.

AT 50c, 71 pieces Cheney's figured China Silks, new combination of shadings, regularly sold heretofore at 75c yard.

AT 35c, 100 pieces Kai Kai Wash Silks, in check taffeta and stripe effects, easily worth 60c yard.

AT \$1.00, 11 pieces evening shades Plisse Crepe Silks, late and extreme; a charming evening gown can be made from these.

AT \$1.25, black brocade Satins, stylish for skirts or full suits.

New Street Silks, New Grenadines, New Crepe Silks, New Evening Silks,

A gorgeous and complete stock of early spring styles.

Colored Dress Goods.

A rare collection of Spring Dress Goods.

New Novelties for the coming season, the product of every loom on the globe, are displayed at our counters.

French and German Novelty Pattern Suits, our own importation, representing the par excellence in styles and designs fresh from the old world.

31 pieces colored Crepons, two-toned effects, all wool, and easily worth 80c, at only 50c yard.

67 pieces illuminated serge Diagonals, all the new spring shades, worth 75c, at 50c yard.

39 pieces all wool 40 inch broad crepe novelties, stylish and pretty, only 50c yard.

93 pieces Novelty Checks, Stripes, Dots, illuminated and two-toned Fancies, old price on them would be \$1.25, now 75c yard.

29 pieces 44-inch colored Crepons, correct for this season's wear, worth \$1.50, at \$1.00 yard.

39 pieces 38-inch cheviot Suits, worth 50c, at 25c yard.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

SPECIAL FOR THE WEEK—275 pieces to select from. Every yard a bargain.

Crepons. Crepons.

40 New Pieces.

8 pieces 44-inch Crepons at 80c.

7 pieces 45-inch Crepons at \$1.25.

5 pieces 46-inch Crepons at \$1.50.

6 pieces 48-inch Crepons at \$1.75.

4 pieces 50-inch Crepons at \$2.00.

4 pieces 50-inch Crepons at \$2.50.

6 pieces 50-inch Crepons at \$2.75.

This will be a week of Crepons in our great Black Goods Department.

38 Pieces 40-inch all-wool German Serges. Regular price, 50c. Tomorrow at 29c.

Extraordinary value!—37 pieces, silk finish 40-inch all-wool Henriettas; regular price, 79c. This week at 50c.

12 pieces 46-inch B. Priestley's Black Fancies—a beautiful assortment—worth \$1.75 last season. The new price is \$1.

31 pieces 38-inch all-wool black figured Suitings. This is a bargain. Regular worth 69c; tomorrow 39c.

Black Robes and Novelties.

89 Pattern Suits.

Latest styles; choices and dainty effects. Prices always interesting.

### Laces and Embroideries.

The most artistic display of fine needle work and laces ever shown south. Special care has been taken in selecting this stock, and we confidently claim it second to none.

Our line is complete and every piece of Embroidery is new, old goods having been closed out at cut prices during January and February.

The job lots we offer tomorrow are worthy of your special notice, as they were recently bought from auction sales and are worth more than double the prices asked.

Lot No. 1 300 pieces Swiss Embroideries from 3 to 9 inches wide.

Lot No. 2 5,000 yards Cambric, Swiss and Nainsook Embroideries from 2 1/2 to 12 inches wide. Some fine goods here.

Lot No. 3 350 pieces fine Cambric, Swiss and Nainsook Embroideries. Some goods in this lot worth as much as \$1 a yard.

Lot No. 4 3,000 yards hand-made Linen Laces, representing values from 10c to 35c a yard.

Gloves.

We sell Gloves that fit well and are made to wear well.

SPECIAL—190 pairs Ladies' 4-button Glace Kid Gloves, easily worth \$1.25, at 79c pair.

Handkerchiefs.

Small things, yet one of the most important about a man's or woman's make-up. Do you need any? Well, see these.

160 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched and Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth from 15c to 35c, at 10c each.

1 lot Gents' and Ladies' fine Linen Handkerchiefs, cheap at 25c, special leader at 15c each.

Hosiery.

Does your Stockings wear well? Do they fade and get rusty from laundering? If so, do so by all means. Hosiery bought at High's are guaranteed fast black and to give satisfaction in wear.

Import orders placed last August are crowding in on us now.

100 dozen Gents' black Silk plated Half Hose, Hermsdorf's black, spliced heels and toes, worth 85c, are to be sold tomorrow. Not more than 6 pairs to a customer. Three pairs for \$1.

45 dozen Ladies' black silk plated Stockings, Hermsdorf's dye, extra heels and toes, worth \$1 a pair; a limit of 4 pair to one customer. 50c a pair.

190 dozen Gent's black and tan imported Half Hose, full regular made, heavy heels and toes. Monday 12 1/2c pair.

125 dozen Children's heavy seamless school Hose, Good black. Monday 12 1/2c pair.

We offer our best four-thread Lisle Hose for Ladies tomorrow at 33 1/2c pair.

30 dozen Ladies' black fleecelined Hose; were 35c, to close quick, 21c pair.

Gent's Furnishings.

We have a Furnishing Goods Store, where everything in this line can be bought at a saving of at least 25 per cent from the regular furnishing goods store prices.

300 dozen Gents' spring patterns in silk and satin Teck Scarfs, four-hand and club ties, worth 50c, at 25c each.

60 dozen Gent's plain and embroidered Nightshirts, a representative \$1 value of dealers, at 50c.

31 dozen Gents' French Suspenders, easy and comfortable, 25c pair.

Gents' unlaundried White Shirts, the only \$1 shirt on earth sold at 50c.

Job lot Gents' Teck Scarfs worth 35c, special at 15c.

100 dozen Boys' percale Waists, bought in job, 50c is the price everywhere; a Monday seller at 25c each.

Job lot Men's Ties, bows and neckties worth 50c, at 5c each.



## AN OCEAN FLYER.

How One Looks to a Locomotive  
Engineer.

FROM SALOON TO THE STROKE HOLE

How the Engineer and Fireman are Tended  
Men Who Work Like Demons  
in a Miniature Hell.

Copyright, 1895, by C. W. Warman.

London, February 25.—At midnight seven-ty-five fires were lighted under the huge boilers, and shortly after a cloud of yellow smoke, rolling from the huge stacks, was floating over the bosom of the bay.

In their various houses and hotels a thousand prospective travelers slept and dreamed of their voyage on the morrow.

By daybreak the water evaporating into steam fluttered through the indicators and as early as 6 o'clock a. m. people were seen collecting about the docks, while a busy little hostess engine worked away, lugging freight from the piers. At 7 o'clock a few eager passengers came to the ship's side, anxiously inspecting her, and an hour later were going aboard.

Officers in uniform paced the decks, guarded the gangways to keep intruders back, and others of the crew, in citizens' clothes, mingled freely in the crowd, having a sharp eye for suspicious characters.

Finally the steam gauge pointer advances to the hundred mark. Noise and confusion wax wilder. The ship's crew is busy from stern to nose, until at 10 o'clock, thirty minutes before sailing, too many of hurrying feet is met in a deafening hum of human voices. All visitors are now removed, except perhaps a messenger with, belated letters, packages or flowers for people on board.

The little hostess fairly died about in a heroic effort to lift everything that is at loose ends and store it away in the ship's hold. The pier is invisible, buried beneath a multitude of peering people.

All being ready the captain is notified, and at his signal the first engineer pulls the lever and the little engine whose work it is to open the throttle; the steam shoots out from the big boilers into the great cylinders, screws begin to revolve and the ocean liner with 1,000 passengers, 1,000 tons of coal and 2,000 pounds of ice cream, leaves the landing.

Hundreds of handkerchiefs flutter and hundreds of polite "good-byes" are uttered. Upraised faces try to smile through tears. Some are sad with the pain of parting, while others, like Byron, are sad because they leave behind nothing that claims a tear.

The Stoke-hole and the Stokers.

Thirty-six stokers take their places before the furnace doors, each with two fire boxes to feed. There are three stoke-holes, twelve men in each, and twelve buckets of cold water with a bottle of red wine in every bucket. As the speed increases the great ship begins to rise and fall; not with the swell of the sea, for there is no swell and no sea, but with her own powerful exertion.

When the ventilators catch the ocean breeze and begin to drink in the salt air there is rejoicing in the stoke-room. Unfortunately for the stokers the increased draught only increases the appetite of the furnaces, that seem famished for fuel.

After four hours in the heat, semidarkness and dust of the furnace room, the stokers come out and fresh men with fresh bottles take their places. Gradually the speed of the boat increases. The fires are fanned by the ever increasing breeze; the furnaces fairly roar, and the second shift works harder than the first.

If there is no wind, instead of allowing the stokers to drop in the engine room, watch simply turns a lever and starts the twelve large steam fans, and saves the firemen just before the bone buttons are melted from their overalls.

The stoke-hole stoker is inferior mentally to the locomotive fireman, but physically he is the better man. The amount of skill required to stoke is nothing compared to that of driving a railway engine. The locomotive fireman must use his own judgment at all times as to how, when and where to put in a fire. The ocean stoker simply waits for a whistle from the gang boss, when he opens his furnace door, looks, takes and replenishes his fire and at another signal closes the doors, the same while being a signal to his brother stoker at the other end of the boiler to take care.

The white glare of the furnaces when the fires are being raked is so intense that the place seems dark when the doors are closed. And though that darkness comes the noise of rattling clinkers, howling roar of the fires, the squeak of the steering engine and the awful sound of the bilows breaking on the ocean. Upon above all this din I heard a stoker sing:

"Oh, what care we,  
When on the job,  
For weather fair or fine?  
For toil we must  
In smoke and dust  
Below the water line."

Then came the sharp whistle and the song was out short as the stoker bent to his work and again the twenty-four furnaces threw their blinding glare into our faces.

With all the apparatus for cooling the stoke-room it is still a first-class submarine hell.

One night when the sea was wicked, rolling high and fast from the banks of Newfoundland; when the mast swung to and fro like a great pendulum upside down, I climbed down to the engine rooms. When the ship shot downward and the screws went out of the water the mighty engines flew like dynamo, making the hull bow with her hundreds of tons tremble till the screws went down into the water again.

An Amateur Stoker Driven Insane.

In the stoke-rooms the boilers lay crosswise of the ship, so when the rolls it is with the greatest difficulty that the stoker prevents himself from being shot I had first into one of the furnaces. Here I watched these grim toilers this wild night, and it seemed the more the rolls, and picked and plunged the more furiously they fed the furnaces. What with the speed of the ship and the speed of the wind the draught was terrific and the fire boxes seemed capable of consuming any amount of coal that could be thrown into their red throats. Though absolutely safe the stoke-room on a night like this is an awful place for a man unused to such scenes; so terrible that a young German, working his way from New York to Hamburg, was driven insane.

As the sea began to break heavily down the sides of the boat and make her rock like a frail leaf in an autumn wind, the man was seen to try to make his escape from the stoke-hole. For an hour he worked in the same nervous way, always looking for a chance of escape. At last the ship gave a roll that caused the furnace door to fly open, and with the wind yet blowing the green stoker sprang up the steps leading to the engine rooms. Here one of the engineers seeing the man was insane, blocked the way. The poor fellow, who had been so long and stood shaking like an aspen while the cold perspiration rolled down his face, two or three men tried to hold him, but without the slightest effort, apparently, he cast them off and running out on the stoke deck, jumped into the sea.

Making a Record in the Face of the Sea.

All through the night, above the roar of the ocean, at regular intervals, came the sharp whistle of the head stoker and at longer intervals the cry from above: "All's well." On Sunday morning when we awoke the waves still washing up the stoke deck and the great ship rolling from side to side, we could hear from the stoke-room the same shrill whistle and the same cry

outside of "All's well." Then, like a flood of sunlight, came the sweet strains of the anthem, which the band always plays on Sunday mornings, and again the sea came up and closed our windows and shut out the light of day, and the sound of the sea drowned all other sounds and seemed to suggest "Warrior My God to Thee." The waves rolled back the sun shone in through the window and the hymn was heard again.

When the reckoning was taken we were all surprised to learn that on such a tempestuous sea this wonderful ship had made a mile more than on the previous day on a summer sea.

"Look away," said the captain, as we passed an ocean steamer that seemed to be standing still.

"What she at anchor?" I asked.

"No," said the captain, "she's making twelve knots an hour, and only a few years ago she was one of the ocean gray-hounds."

Within the last decade the time between New York and Southampton has been reduced by nearly two days, but those who look for a like reduction within the next ten years will surely be disappointed. A ship 300 feet long is never able to make only a little more than a mile an hour more than one of 16,000. If, by nearly doubling the horse power, and with 25 per cent. more fuel, we can make the time barely a half day then indeed does the problem become a difficult one.

A Typical Liner.

The *Purist* Bismarck is 502 feet long, 37 feet beam and 60 feet deep from her hurricane deck to her keel. There are nine huge boilers, 15 feet 7 inches in diameter and 19 feet long. It requires 130 stokers and trimmers and 300 tons of coal a day to keep them hot. They boil down 100 tons of water every twenty-four hours.

There are, all told, fifty-five engines on board the ship. The steam that drives the boat passes through three pairs of cylinders. The first are forty-three inches in diameter and work at a pressure equal to sixteen atmospheres. The next, thirty-seven inches, working at four atmospheres.

The third are the low-pressure cylinders, 106 inches in diameter, with one atmosphere pressure and a vacuum equal in working power to an atmosphere.

There are two main shafts, one to each screw, or propeller, twenty inches in diameter, each 142 feet long and weighing a ton for every foot of steel.

There are twelve engineers and twelve assistants. Over a hundred men there is a chief engineer, whose duties are similar to those of a master mechanic on a railway. His office is a little palace, finished in black Hungarian ash, supplied with easy chairs and soft cushions. There is an indicator which shows at all times the pressure under which the various engines are working and the speed of the boat.

When we were to go below, our guide pressed a button, which, he explained to us, was a signal to the engineer in charge to open the doors and allow us to pass from the room to another, for the doors are watertight doors between the engines. There are in all thirteen airtight compartments, so that if a man-of-war were to strike a hole in one side of the *Blumfinch*, that compartment would simply fill with water, but would do no serious damage. In fact, a half dozen holes might be stove in and she would continue to ride the waves.

The *Blumfinch* was to strike a rock, and came in six feet of her bottom or keel, she would then come to a solid steel plate or false bottom, that would stand almost any pressure.

When a boat with a single propeller loses her steering apparatus she is in great danger, but with a twin screw ship there is absolutely no danger. By simply reversing the screws the ship can be steered as if a rowboat is guided by holding one oar still and moving the other.

The electric light plant alone is of interest. There are four dynamos and they supply a current for 1,800 lamps. In addition the lamps in the saloon and staterooms, all the signal lights are electric, as well as the lights used in the stateroom and in the supply rooms.

The chief steward has been with the company twenty-seven years and will probably be there as long as he cares to remain. There are eighty-four other stewards who report directly or indirectly to him. The passengers are divided into three classes—first cabin, second cabin and steerage; so that three separate and distinct kitchens and serving rooms are kept up. The food furnished for the steerage passengers is better than one would expect when we consider that the company carries them from New York to London and keeps them on board seven days for \$10.

The food and service in the second cabin is better than the average of a day American hotel. In the first cabin the food is perfect. Everything about the ship has a military air, and the order, when a change is made they all march out, keeping time to the beating of the drum, and their neat uniforms and snow white gloves, a goodly sight to see.

The regular dinner consists of seven to ten courses and is fit for the emperor. The wines and ales are excellent, and what surprises every one they are 40 per cent cheaper than in New York.

In addition to the regular meals at 8 o'clock every evening there is a concert in the main saloon to all who dare to indulge in that stimulant. After that, at 9 o'clock, the band gives a concert in the second cabin saloon, which is always attended by many of the first cabin passengers. There the people sit at tables and eat the most delicate little sandwiches and some of the most beautiful Hamburg beer, while the band plays.

If you are ill and remain in your berth the room steward will call a doctor twice a day to ask you what you want to eat and to see if you need any medicine without any extra charge.

The Steerage and the Storm.

In the steerage the rough sea when we were shown through the rough sea when the women and children were still huddled in their blankets, looking up at the towering waves from the sea sickness of the previous day.

Cheerless as their surroundings were, they had the satisfaction of knowing that the steamer was the top was as sick, when she was sick, as they were.

Forward, where the ship's side walls are close together, one may experience the sensation of riding in the elevator of a sixteen-story building, and as the bow descends, the sensation of falling. The occupants of this rough quarter are a rough looking lot, but not unkindly disposed. They are cowboys, every sailor has his regular ration of rum, while the stokers, in addition to their regular ration, have a little extra rum, have kimmel four times a day.

Just back of the saloon are the stores. In the cold room the meats are kept, all the pipes are covered with frost. The large ships all have ice machines and make their own ice. The two large evaporators, so that if the supply of drinking water should be lost by a leak, or should in any way become unclean, drinking water could be made from the sea. Two things are connected with the supply of water in the same way that the boiler, should that supply run out.

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Connections made at Norfolk with all steamer lines diverge. The ship's office is at 100 North Main street, and the company's office is at 100 North Main street.

General Passenger Agent, T. J. ANDERSON, General Agent, W. L. PLOURNOY, General Agent, J. H. WINDLER, General Agent, B. A. NEWLAND, General Agent, City Ticket & Passenger Agent.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, well known window shades, furniture and room cleaning, 24 Marietta street, send for samples.

CY WARMAN,

## Coughs and Colds,

Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, General Debility and all forms of Emaciation are speedily cured by

## Scott's Emulsion

Consumptives always find great relief by taking it, and consumption is often cured. No other nourishment restores strength so quickly and effectively.

## Weak Babies and Thin Children

are made strong and robust by Scott's Emulsion when other forms of food seem to do them no good whatever.

The only genuine Scott's Emulsion is put up in salmon-colored wrapper. Refuse cheap substitutes!

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion, FREE.  
Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

## Look! Look! Look!

500 Hardwood Mantels from \$4 up.  
2,000 Grates from \$1.50 up.  
1,000 Tile Hearths and Facings at your own price.

Our stock must be reduced.

These goods must be sold, and you will be the loser if you do not call and see us. They are being closed out first. We sold 60 Mantels this week. Come at once and get your choice.

We sell the best Wrought Steel Ranges made.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH

COMPANY,

312 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

Atlanta, Ga. Established 1874.

Treats Club Feet, Diseases of the Spine, Hip, Joint, Paralysis, Piles, Fistula, Hemorrhoids, Private Diseases, Heroin, Rheumatism, Uterine Obstruction, etc.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, Judge of the superior court of the Atlanta circuit, I will sell on the premises, No. 33 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga., commencing on Tuesday, March 12, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. and daily to day until all of the stock in the hands of the goods contained in the said stock certificate, consisting of a pair of black and white coat patterns and a lot of the same made up; also all the fixtures, consisting of a table, a chair, a lamp, a safe, a fan and all other fixtures in the store; also one horse, delivery wagon and harness, and a lot of other goods, the said goods being the property of the late J. H. Bennett, respectfully versus the said J. H. Bennett, Sheriff.

March 2 to March 12

S. W. BEACH, Secretary and Treasurer, J. O. BEACH, O. WINGATE, Vice Presidents.

The Atlanta Plumbing Co.

Phone 172  
Constructors of Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.  
22 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

S. A. L.

Seaboard Air-Line

Schedule in Effect January 23d, 1895.

"The Atlanta Special."

Solid Vestibuled Train—No Extra Fare Charged.

Double Daily Service Between Atlanta and New York.

No. 402—"Atlanta Special," leaves Atlanta daily at 11:00 a. m. for Athens, Elberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Chester, Charlotte, Raleigh, Durham, Norfolk, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Stops only at important stations on S. A. L.

No. 403—"Northern Express," leaves Atlanta daily at 8:15 p. m. for all points as shown under "Atlanta Special."

Making all local stops north of Athens.

No. 404—"Charleston Express," leaves Atlanta daily at 1:15 a. m. for Athens, Elberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Clinton, Columbia, Charleston and New York.

Stops only at important stations on S. A. L.

No. 405—"Athens Flyer," leaves Atlanta daily at 1:15 a. m. for Athens, Elberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Clinton, Columbia, Charleston and New York.

Stops only at important stations on S. A. L.

No. 406—"Southbound Express," leaves Atlanta daily at 8:15 p. m. for all points as shown under "Atlanta Special."

Making all local stops south of Atlanta.

No. 407—"Charleston Express," leaves Atlanta daily at 1:15 a. m. for Athens, Elberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Clinton, Columbia, Charleston and New York.

Stops only at important stations on S. A. L.

No. 408—"Athens Flyer," leaves Atlanta daily at 1:15 a. m. for Athens, Elberton, Abbeville, Greenwood, Clinton, Columbia, Charleston and New York.

Stops only at important stations on S. A. L.

No. 409—"Southbound Express," leaves Atlanta daily at 8:15 p. m. for all points as shown under "Atlanta Special."

Making all local stops south of Atlanta.

## ITS GOLDEN JUBILEE.

Fiftieth Year of the Southern Baptist Convention.

Georgia Has Two of the Most Important Offices—History of the Convention and Its Work.

Will Meet in Washington in May

The meeting this year of the Southern Baptist convention will be signalled by the fact that it is the fiftieth year of the convention—the golden jubilee.

The convention met two years ago in Atlanta, and was attended to such an extent that Trinity church was taxed to its utmost capacity to accommodate just the delegates.

The golden jubilee meeting will occur in Washington, D. C., on Friday, May 10th. Although this is the fiftieth year of the Southern Baptist convention, it is only the thirty-ninth session, as no convention was held from 1863 until 1865.

It is proposed, in recognition of the golden jubilee of the convention, to make a special effort to increase the contributions of the churches to mission work. The contributors to the missions at the present time number about one-fifth of the membership and a jubilee effort will be made to attract all of the members of the churches to the convention to contribute to the mission cause. Georgia is interested in the convention, and has two officers in it—Hon. W. J. Northen, vice president, and Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Augusta, secretary.

The first session of the Southern Baptist convention was held in Augusta, Ga., on May 10, 1845. William B. Johnson, of South Carolina, was chosen as the first president of the convention, with Jesse Hartwell, of Alabama, and James C. Crane, of Virginia, secretaries. The next session was held in Richmond, Va., with the same officers. At this session the late Rev. Dr. Richard Fuller, of Baltimore, preached the convention sermon. Dr. Fuller again preached the sermon at the session of 1865, in this session the late Major E. Calvin Williams, of the First church, Baltimore, preached the convention sermon at the session of 1872, in Raleigh, N. C. In this session the late Major E. Calvin Williams, of Baltimore, was one of the secretaries, and Rev. Dr. Frank M. Ellis, so well known in Baltimore, has preached to the convention.

Arrangements in Washington.

The convention met last May in Dallas, Tex. The total number entitled to seats was 1,175, and there were present 772 delegates. The convention adjourned to meet at a point to be selected by the southern board of the convention, and they have since decided that it shall meet at Washington. The Washington city local committee of arrangements recently held a meeting, presided over by Rev. Dr. C. A. Stakely, chairman of the committee, and they decided upon the meeting place in Washington and other local details. Arrangements will be made for possible overflow meetings in the vicinity of the First church. Local committees have been appointed on finance, hotels and boarding houses, reception, arrangement of delegates to homes, public comfort, transportation, postoffice, press, pulpit supply and excursions, and information.

Affairs of the Convention.

The Southern Baptist convention is one of the largest delegated religious bodies in the land, and perhaps the largest in the number of delegates appointed to the different affiliating associations.

The general officers of the convention are as follows: President, Hon. Jonathan Harrison, LL. D., Montgomery, Ala.; vice presidents, Francis Marion Ellis, D. D., Baltimore, Md.; John Williams Jones, D. D., Raleigh, N. C.; Samuel Howard Ford, D. D., LL. D., St. Louis, Mo.; Hon. William Jonathan Northen, LL. D., Atlanta, Ga.; Secretaries, Lansing Burrows, D. D., Augusta, Ga.; Oliver Fuller Gregory, D. D., Baltimore, Md.; treasurer, Mr. George W. Norton, Louisville, Ky.; auditor, William Patrick Harvey, D. D., Louisville, Ky.; secretary foreign missions, Rev. Dr. R. J. Willingham, Richmond, Va.

The Southern Convention's Origin.

The convention originated in a withdrawal of the southern churches from union and co-operation with the general convention of the Baptist denomination in the United States, which was popularly known as "the triennial convention." That body had been organized in Philadelphia, May 21, 1844. It had at first the one object of aiding missions, being an aftermath of the starting of the first American Baptist foreign mission in India by Adoniram Judson, his wife and Lunt, who sailed for India in the year 1812. Mr. Rice, returned to the United States, and through his addresses awakened great interest in the foreign mission cause.

Want Caused the Separation.

The separation of the southern Baptist churches from the northern churches was an aftermath of the anti-slavery sentiment in the north, and the demand by the Alabama State Baptist convention in 1844 for a "distinct, explicit avowal that slaveholders are eligible and entitled equally with non-slaveholders to all the privileges and immunities of their several unions, and especially to receive any agency or mission, or other appointment which may run within the scope of their operations or duties." To this the triennial convention board replied: "If any one should offer himself as a missionary, having slaves, and insist on retaining them as his property, we should not object to his going, but we cannot receive him as a missionary, and we cannot receive him as a member of our churches." This reply led the board of the Southern Baptist Convention to address a circular to the churches of Virginia, calling upon those who felt aggrieved by the Boston board's reply to meet in convention, and a separation had virtually taken place by the action of the Home Mission Society, at its meeting in Providence, R. I., in April, 1845. At this meeting resolutions were adopted recognizing that there should be no distinction as to eligibility to office among the members, but at the same time suggesting that it was better for the northern and southern members, amicably, to form separate organizations.

The Reorganization of the Southern Baptist Convention.

The convention was called by the Boston board of the Foreign Missionary Society to meet in convention, and a separation had virtually taken place by the action of the Home Mission Society, at its meeting in Providence, R. I., in April, 1845. At this meeting resolutions were adopted recognizing that there should be no distinction as to eligibility to office among the members, but at the same time suggesting that it was better for the northern and southern members, amicably, to form separate organizations.

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## Blood

the benefit I have had from  
Arilla I wish to give the  
Arilla. I have several times

With Crooping Icy.  
sol of medicine simply tried  
symptoms instead of the  
much of the poison was  
to appear in an itching  
body with every violent ex-  
weather. At all times there  
indications of poison in  
year ago last winter, when  
Sore broke out

No Recurrence  
and itching sensation  
and every previous sore  
I have reason, for I have  
in my place of residence  
SAMUEL S. SCHENCK, JR.  
at Church, Asheville, N.C.

And  
Only  
Hood's  
Arilla

very quick, permanent  
cures of skin diseases.  
It is a blood purifier,  
and it is a blood purifier,  
and it is a blood purifier,  
and it is a blood purifier,  
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WALKER DUNSON,  
N. & DUNSON,  
400 Equitable  
Building.

ARMED-DAIRY FRUIT  
and vegetable farms for  
sale in Georgia, on easy  
terms.

ATTENDING sites for sale  
in Union county, and other  
places. Apply for printed list.

House, water, gas, fruit,  
electric lines and public  
road street, for only \$1,000.

Atlanta property  
use, corner lot, paying 10  
percent.

ORTEN & DUNSON,  
Cor. Agents, N. E. Felt  
Buckner.

Attorney's Sale.  
The courthouse first Tues-  
day, 1895.

At Manchester, about 10  
miles from the city, a large  
lot of land, with a large  
house, and a large lot of  
land, with a large house,

ing and the second  
exceedingly fine water,  
orchard and ten acres  
of land, with a large  
house, and a large lot of  
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## AT THE HOLY TOMB.

The Shrine at Which Millions of Pilgrims  
Have Knelt and Wopt.

HERE LOTI DESCRIBES HIS VISIT  
To the Place Where Christ Was Crucified.  
Visitors of All Conditions and  
Races Meet at the Tomb.

On the square in front of the holy tomb  
one uncovers his head as soon as the basilica  
is seen. You do so even if you only pass  
by the high dark walls surrounding the  
tomb to continue your way toward Je-  
rusalem. The square is crowded by poor  
men and women who beg and sing; by  
priests and monks who pray, and by vendors of  
rosaries and medallions who display their goods  
on the ground—on the cobblestones and steps  
around the tomb. The square is a scene of  
the most varied and colorful life. The  
pilgrims of all nations and all ages meet  
here. The square is a scene of the most  
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THE TOMB OF CHRIST.  
The holy tomb and which gradually has as-  
sumed the appearance of a huge irregular  
rock. It has two enormous doors of the  
twelfth century framed in ornamentation  
of the curious and grotesque design. One  
of the doors is closed. Through the other,  
which is wide open, one sees within thou-  
sands of small flames. Songs, cries, piercing  
lamentations, and the sound of the feet  
of the pilgrims fill the air.

After having passed through the door  
you find yourself in the century shadow  
of a sort of ante-room, which opens mag-  
nificent deep vistas in which innumerable  
lamps are burning. The Turkish soldiers  
armed as for a carnage hold this entrance  
guarded as a military post. Singing like  
angels on a broad river, they glance at the  
passing worshippers of this place, which  
according to their manner of seeing, is  
a shrine for the Muslim, and which to the  
Christian is a place of pilgrimage.

When First Entering.  
Oh, how unexpected and never to be for-  
gotten is the impression when entering  
the first time. A labyrinth with dim  
holy sanctuaries from all ages and of all  
designs, which communicate by means of  
doors, porticoes or glorious peristyles, and  
which, like a labyrinth, lead to the most  
secret of all secrets. The pilgrims of all  
nations and all ages meet here. The  
square is a scene of the most varied and  
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stand women from Jerusalem, who, with  
their long white veils look like a group of  
cassio maidens in this dreamy twilight.  
There are Arabs in turbans, with  
swords in their hands, and people of all  
languages. You do not tarry long in the  
oppressively close atmosphere of the  
real heart of the holy tomb, which forms  
the real heart of the city. You enter, with  
head bending low, a very small room. In  
the center, set in marble and surrounded  
by images and lamps of pure gold, simul-  
taneously with me pass a Russian soldier,  
a decreed old female beggar in rags, and an  
oriental woman in a magnificent gold-  
embroidered robe, and while stooping, kneel  
at the edge of the tomb. Others follow, and  
yet others shall for eternity follow to  
embrace, kiss and with their tears wash  
these same stones.

Rock of Golgotha.  
Near this holy rock rises the rock of  
Golgotha. On it rests two chapels reach-  
ing by a staircase some twenty steps.  
This is really the chosen ground where  
kneels and sighs the multitude.  
The most gorgeous of these chapels  
is the Greek. Against a sil-  
ver gloria, which glows in life size  
the pale images of the crucifix of Christ  
and the two thieves. The walls are  
completely hid beneath a covering of  
objects in gold, silver and precious stones.  
The altar itself is raised on the spot  
where the crucifixion took place, and be-  
neath the altar, in the black rock, is  
seen the hole in which the cross was  
fastened. It is here where you irresist-  
ibly fall on your knees, and with your  
dark stones with your tears and kisses,  
while the never-ceasing semicircular sur-  
rounding of the sound and prayer rises  
from the sanctuaries below.

For nearly 2,000 years this has been  
repeated here in this very place. In dif-  
ferent forms, in separate basilicas, with  
battles, but with a repetition afterward of  
the same scene. In the same way, the  
kind, there is sounded here the same con-  
cert of hymns, the same great union of  
reminiscent despair and triumphant cries  
of mercy.

It is a little idolatrous, this worship  
of Him who was crucified in a spirit, and  
those who worship Him shall worship Him  
in the spirit and in truth. But this is in-  
stead to very human! It answers so well  
our instincts and our misery! The first  
Christians certainly did not invent their  
practices. The Master still living in their  
souls, with pomp, symbols and images. Al-  
though it was not earthly memories—a place  
of martyrdom and an empty tomb—which oc-  
cupied their minds. They did not think of  
looking there for their Savior; they saw  
Him vividly forever released from earth-  
ly things, hovering above in the sphere of  
pure light. But we have—we have all, the  
faithful, the skeptic and the agnostic—  
come from the naive barbarism than from  
the classic commonwealth whence came  
the first Christians. In the middle ages  
when the new faith penetrated our forests  
it darkened many a primitive belief. Among  
the deep vistas in which innumerable  
lamps are burning. The Turkish soldiers  
armed as for a carnage hold this entrance  
guarded as a military post. Singing like  
angels on a broad river, they glance at the  
passing worshippers of this place, which  
according to their manner of seeing, is  
a shrine for the Muslim, and which to the  
Christian is a place of pilgrimage.

After having passed through the door  
you find yourself in the century shadow  
of a sort of ante-room, which opens mag-  
nificent deep vistas in which innumerable  
lamps are burning. The Turkish soldiers  
armed as for a carnage hold this entrance  
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Christian is a place of pilgrimage.

When First Entering.  
Oh, how unexpected and never to be for-  
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holy sanctuaries from all ages and of all  
designs, which communicate by means of  
doors, porticoes or glorious peristyles, and  
which, like a labyrinth, lead to the most  
secret of all secrets. The pilgrims of all  
nations and all ages meet here. The  
square is a scene of the most varied and  
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## THE COMING MAN.

Time: Year 2000.  
Scene: Dining room of Mrs. and Mr.  
Latterday.

Each is arrayed in a costume reversed  
from the custom of their ancestors. The  
wife wears a dainty, dainty, of bloomers,  
with vest, cutaway coat and high, four-  
hand necktie. Hair short and parted in  
the middle. The husband is clothed in a light  
blue wrapper, fluffy sleeves, close-cut  
beard and long hair, arranged in a mode  
of the latest French knot. They sit at  
the breakfast table; Susan reading the  
morning paper while John is slowly pour-  
ing out the coffee, frowning and muttering  
incoherent sentences as the right sleeve  
of his morning gown falls accidentally into  
the dark Brazilian beverage before him.

The children, Mary and Willie, respect-  
ively thirteen and fourteen years of age,  
occupy seats on either side of the table.  
John's mind wanders in retrospec-  
tion as with a dolly he dries the moistened  
silverware. This is the tenor of his thoughts:  
"Little did the fathers of 1895 conceive that  
their posterity would think of such a thing  
as they do today. Here I am a continu-  
ance of my father's life, and I have the op-  
portunity of my duties even for a moment.  
The entire nation is consumed in caring for  
the children, getting them ready for school,  
cleaning their faces and hands, and above  
all, plaiting little Willie's hair, which  
reaches to his shoulders, such a lovely  
color. Then it is so hard to keep his dress-  
es clean, more so than my own, though I  
am constantly in the kitchen, and darn  
the holes in his stockings. I have seen  
boys wear pants as they did 100  
years ago. But then I can't complain, for  
he is so amiable and quiet. If he were but  
mischievous during sleep, and dressed in  
I should have no trouble in keeping him  
clean and respectable. Her bloomers are  
never soiled, her short, barber-cut hair so  
easily brushed and she never so much so-  
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dote on her. I live in content that dear  
Willie may become 'Tom-girls' and Mary  
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HE WEDS A GIRL  
WITH MANY MILLIONS.

**HE** Marriage of Miss Anna Gould to the Count de Castellane is one of the most interesting and important of the season. The wedding will occur tomorrow evening in the George Gould mansion, the compromise of a splendid home marriage being made on account of the different creeds of the two families. The Goulds are Protestants, and the Castellanes are, of course, Catholics, so the ceremony will be performed by Archbishop Corrigan.

It will take place in the Moorish room between the windows looking on the avenue, the newspapers tell us. The Lohengrin "Wedding March," with an accompaniment of boys' voices, will be rendered.

The great drawing room will be filled with such quantities of flowers as have probably never been seen in a private house in this country. The dignity which would have characterized a ceremony at the cathedral will be replaced so far as possible by magnificence of decoration and floral display. Lilies of the valley are the bride's favorite flowers, and these will be provided in abundance, but many thousands of dollars' worth of the rarest and most beautiful flowers will also be used.

Miss Anna Gould is a dark little woman with pleasing and kindly features. She is twenty years old and has only been in society one season. She dresses quietly and in good taste.

She will wear a magnificent bridal dress of ivory-white satin. The skirt has the ripple effect, and has a very long train. The sleeves are long, of immense size, and reach to the elbow, where they are finished with a ruffling of pearls. The corsage is covered with old lace of exquisite pattern and wrought with an embroidery of pearls. Spangles are also freely employed in the decoration of this part of the dress. The neck is high. She will wear the gifts of the bridegroom—a diamond and ruby ring, an emerald and diamond bracelet, and a string of pearls.

The crowning effect of Miss Gould's wedding attire will be a tiara of brilliant diamonds, the like of which, it is promised, has never been seen on an American woman. This will be the gift of her brother, Mr. George Gould. It has been ordered especially by him from Tiffany. It will be of gold and platinum set with emeralds and pearls, diamonds and rubies. The tiara will be set in platinum, the base of the tiara only being gold. This is the most costly of all other gifts. It will be fastened on a veil of beautiful old lace, the gift of the Marquise de Castellane, the bridegroom's mother, who has just arrived in New York with this and many other gifts from the Castellane family. The bride will wear Miss de la Valley in her veil and corsage.

The bridesmaids, selected by Miss Anna Gould, are her elder sister, Miss Helen Gould, Miss Kittie Cameron, Miss Montgomery and Miss Richardson. They are young and strikingly pretty girls. Miss Cameron is the daughter of Sir Roderick Cameron, the one permanent ornament of New York society, a British title. She has been a constant friend of Miss Gould since her entrance into society. She was one of the party which Mr. George Gould took to Ottawa two weeks ago. The Count de Castellane and Miss Anna Gould were also of it, and before it ended the enterprising Frenchman had brought his suit to a successful termination.

The bridesmaids will be very picturesque in dress. Their gowns will be of white, broadcloth, with very wide flaring skirts. These will be trimmed at the bottom with hands of sable. The waists will be in blouse effect. The sleeves will be bouffant, and, of course, very large. They will be cut short below the elbows, and long gloves will be worn. The collars will be of sable.

The crowning effect of their attire will be provided by very big, black chiffon hats, surrounded by magnificent ostrich feathers. The hats will undoubtedly make the bridesmaids very conspicuous and happy young women. They will also carry large bouquets.

Mrs. George Gould will wear a gown of heavy white satin and old lace. All these costumes were assigned by the gifted bridegroom himself, according to his own confession.

The bride's train will be borne by two charming little pages, her nephews, Jay and Kingston Gould, sons of Mrs. George Gould. They will wear the costume of pages of Louis XIV. It is a very artistic one, the materials being velvet and satin.

The count will have for his best man his younger brother, Count Jean de Castellane, and for groomsmen, Prince de Drago, of Spain, now staying at the Waldorf; Mr. Howard Gould and Mr. Raoul Duval, who was the count's companion at Newport last season. Such a gathering of swell foreigners is uncommon, even at an international wedding. Two of the bridesmaids are titled, and Mr. Raoul Duval is a man of the first fashion in Paris, although he is actively engaged in calling attention to the merits of certain brands of wine.

The marriage ceremony will be followed by a large breakfast. After that there will be a general reception.

Immediately after the wedding, the Count and Countess de Castellane will go to Lakewood, and, on Wednesday, they will sail for Europe. After arriving there they will stop first for a few days in London. Then they will go to Paris and look over for a pleasant home. Miss Gould speaks French fluently, which fact will conduce to her comfort in a society where only that language is spoken.

She is provided with some very attractive gowns, in which to go away and to begin married life in the most comfortable way.

It is now fair to tell something more about the enterprising foreigner who is about to carry off the owner of so many fine dresses and so much money. He has done what a number of natives and other foreigners who have a very good opinion of themselves have failed to do, and he has done it in a very short time.

He is twenty-seven years old, about five feet seven inches tall, straight, slim, and has fair hair, which he brushes back. His appearance is ethereal. He is, however, an excellent horseman, shot and fencer, and an all-round athlete. He is also a draughtsman and has many other accomplishments.

His family traces its descent back to the year 1000. It has been more or less prominent since that time, and its great-grandfather was a marshal of Napoleon I. His father, Count de Castellane, is a nephew of the great Talleyrand. He was a monarchist deputy in 1871, and has some reputation as a historical writer. He married a Mlle. de Juligne, whose brother is one of the best known horse owners in France.

The Castellanes have a fine chateau, Rochecotte, on the Loire. The estates are largely agricultural. The count is a member of the Cercle de l'Union, the leading club of Paris.

Provided with letters of introduction, he visited New York last season. He has not yet been here for a long time, but he is a man of strong character and exceedingly religious withal. She brought her sons up very carefully and was especially particular to see to it that they should have a thorough physical training. He is said to her that she is passionately fond of any kind of sport, and early instilled in her boys a love of athletic exercises of all kinds. She is said to have made them spend every day of each day in gymnastic exercises, and on one occasion to have thrown them out of a boat into deep water in order to inspire them with confidence in their powers of swimming.

It is further said that the Marquise is a woman of very strong likes and dislikes, and is very apt to be entirely swayed by first impressions. She is declared to be especially inclined to resent affection of any kind and to make those who assume it feel the weight of her displeasure. She is passionately fond of the opera, and her rhododendrons are celebrated throughout France.

The Marquise de Castellane brought with her a fine bride's veil of point lace, her prospective daughter-in-law, and also a scarf of the same rare material. The duty on these articles was assessed at \$2,500 each, or 50 per cent of their value, and this duty the Marquise will pay.

Count Jean de Castellane's gift to the bride is a corsage decoration composed of diamonds and emeralds valued at several thousand dollars. The emeralds in this magnificent ornament are said to be as fine as those presented by the empress of Austria. It is reasonable to suppose that the Marquise de Castellane is a woman of great wealth, and that she is a woman of great power.

In connection with the exposition it also behooves me to ask if the people of Atlanta think they are going to have sufficient lodging room in which to store the visitors of next autumn? As yet it does not seem to me that a great deal is being done toward this end, and should the crowd come and be left by the wayside, it would be a great deal to regret.

A visitor to any city has to judge largely by the softness of the bed he sleeps upon and the quality of food which is served to him, and I do hope that there will be innkeepers well kept lodging houses, boarding places and restaurants during our great fair.

The hotel managers have taken hold of the question of board and lodging for women who wish to come alone or together to the exposition, and their plan for a book of reference concerning such places is an excellent one. A committee has been appointed to look into the question of boarding houses in Atlanta, and to make therefrom a book of reference and addresses to be kept in the executive office of the woman's building, so that any woman who calls for such information can find it. I believe that such information will also be given by letter to any one writing to the woman's department. This will be the greatest assistance imaginable to women who wish to come here without a male relative for they may be assured of the comfort and respectability of any boarding house to which the committee has referred.

MAUDE ANDREWS.

**GOSSIP AND MATTERS THAT ARE NEARER HOME.**

In these days of progress and enterprise on the part of Atlanta women, why do not some of them turn their attention to the practical consideration of a city market? I hold it as my good faith that an organization of women can accomplish anything they set out to do, and certainly a good market is something which the city needs just now most urgently. Indeed, it is needed such a place ever since it became a city, and from time to time during the six years of my residence here, I have had letters from people of prominence, and personal appeal begging me to advocate such an institution. There is much in the present condition of things to object to. In the business parts of the city, some portions of the streets are far from attractive, or even comfortable. There are several blocks from whose stores of various

kind there arise odors that are enough to give anybody fever, and their dirty sidewalks by day make it out of the question for a lady to tread them without soiling her skirts and getting the soles of her shoes sticky and unpleasant with accumulated refuse. All this is no new story here. It has been talked about and complained of for years by all the women of this city, and those who are interested in household affairs, and who have to wade through disagreeable places to do their marketing, are ready any day to rise up against such unpleasant conditions.

A market would be a godsend to Atlanta, and the percentage that it took away from the dealers by such close rivalry would be returned by the fact that their trade would be far more brisk. There are so many women here now who positively refuse to subject themselves to the present unpleasantness of selecting things for their own tables who would hail with delight the opportunity of attending to such duties decently and in order. The daintiest woman does not mind tripping through a decently kept market where it is a matter of pride to carry away a basket full of goods in the most tempting and cleanest

ways. The card party given by Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Arnold Hardin on Thursday evening was the brilliant array of the week. The occasion was the first anniversary of their marriage and the decorations of the beautiful drawing rooms and refreshment rooms and hall were of a most artistic and paper flowers, the prettiest as yet seen in Atlanta. The first parlor was decorated with handsome palms and ferns with pink roses and chrysanthemums. The second parlor, where decorations and hangings are white and gold, where a year ago the marriage was performed, had also palms and ferns with white flowers. In this beautiful room there were several pieces of handsome statuary and the decorations with the soft light from white shaded lamps served to enhance the exquisite beauty and purity of the scene. The dining room adjoining there were six tables, each one with daintily embroidered linen center pieces and the flowers of the season. The table having cut glass bowl of white roses. On each table were paper ribbons of pale green extending from center to each corner, where graceful bows were formed, holding clusters of paper flowers. The flower decorations, however, were different for every table and were sweet peas, violets, carnations, fleur-de-lis, chrysanthemums. The prizes were all silver and cut glass, the booty being dainty and pretty. Mr. and Mrs. Hardin always entertain delightfully and their card party on Thursday was one of the loveliest entertainments of the season and the happy guests all united in felicitations upon their first anniversary, wishing "many happy returns."

On Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the home of the bride's father, Mr. J. C. Goldsmith, at Inman Park, Miss Anna Gould was married to Dr. Thomas Cole, of Newnan, Dr. J. B. Hawthorne officiating. The handsome home of Mr. Goldsmith was prettily decorated and the orchestra played sweet music while the ceremony was performed. Only a few intimate friends were present and no cards were issued. The bride wore a gown of white satin, and the bridesmaids wore gowns of white and blue. The ceremony was a most beautiful and happy one.

Mrs. Craven Osborne, of Columbus, sends the pleasant news to Atlanta that Colonel B. H. Richardson has put one issue of the Columbus Enquirer-Sun at the disposal of the committee who will represent Muscogee county in the woman's building. This is good news indeed and all the Atlanta women interested in the woman's department will be glad to hear it, for the interest and assistance of representative women

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Our consolidation has been effected. Our store has been thoroughly overhauled. Our place is brim-full of real bargains in the choicest of Dry Goods, bought from first hands for the SPOT CASH and which we offer for CASH and CASH ONLY, at prices cheaper than any other merchants can buy the same class of goods. We have employed a force of salespeople second to none in this city to serve the people, and only the politest attention is assured every one. Now to make this, our opening week's sale, a grand success we will entirely ignore prices and profits and offer on Monday and next week values that means the savings of thousands of dollars to our people.

To the old patrons of the Ladies' Bazaar, we wish to say that their same prices (or still lower ones) on goods will be in effect at 37 Whitehall street.

## Domestics.

Yd. wide Bleachings, remnants, 3c.  
Yd. wide good Bleachings, 4 1/2c.  
Yd. wide Lonsdale Bleachings, 5 1/2c.  
Yd. wide Fruit of the Loom, 6 1/2c.  
Yd. wide Lonsdale Cambric, remnants, 7c.  
10-4 Pepperell Sheetings, 16 1/2c.  
Yd. wide Lonsdale Cambric, 9c.  
4 1/2-inch wide Pepperell Casings, 9c.

## Notions.

10c. spool Linen Thread, 2c.  
3c. Pins, per paper only 1c.  
25c. Head Rests, only 10c.  
25c. Belt Buckles, only 10c.  
25c. Snukewood Towel Rings, 10c.  
3c. Hair Pins per Paper, 1c.

## Soaps.

Mexican Buttermilk Soap, 3 1/2c.  
Best Buttermilk Soap, 5c.  
Watermelon Soap, only 7c.  
Pear's Unscented Soap, 8c.

## Veiling.

50c. Chenille dotted black Veiling, 25c.  
49c. colored Veiling, only 7c.

## Umbrellas.

\$1.50 full size Umbrellas, 50c.  
\$1.00 Ladies' Umbrellas, 50c.  
\$2.00 Ladies' Umbrellas, 98c.  
\$1.50 Gent's Umbrellas, \$1.25.

## Linings and Findings.

Best Skirt Cambrics, 3 1/2c.  
20c. Gilbert's Silesias, only 10c.  
25c. Gilbert's Silesias, only 12 1/2c.  
Best Crinolines, only 7c.  
Best linen Grass Cloth, only 12 1/2c.  
Good Hair Cloth, only 12 1/2c.  
Best Linen Canvas, 15c.  
Best quality Bunch Bones, 7c.  
Best velvetene Bindings, 9c.  
Best patent Hooks and Eyes, 5c.  
Very best Dress Shields, 10c.  
Belding's 50 yds. Spool Silks, 6c.  
Belding's Buttonhole Twist, 1 1/2c.

## Shoes.

\$1.50 Ladies' Dongola Button, 75c.  
\$2.00 Ladies' Dongola Boots, 95c.  
\$3.00 Ladies' Dongola Kids, \$1.98.  
\$2.00 Men's B. Calf Balmorals, 98c.  
\$2.50 Men's Bals. & Congress \$1.25.  
\$4.50 Men's French Cl. Bals. \$2.25.  
\$5.00 Men's Kang. Bluchers, \$2.98.

## Men's Furnishings.

2,100 all linen Collars, 10c.  
2,100 all linen Cuffs, 15c.  
25c. anti-Guist Suspenders, 15c.  
\$1 unlaundried Shirt, 49c.  
75c. unlaundried Shirt, 39c.  
25c. fast black Socks, 11 1/2c.  
\$1 Scriven elastic seam Drawers, 75c.

Special values in Ladies' Hosiery, Handkerchiefs and Underwear.

In calling your attention to our goods and prices we beg to say that we have ample of everything named and when we say that an article is worth a certain price we know that to be true. Read the figures below and see for yourself.

## Wool Dress Goods.

(Navy Blue and Black.)

35c. plain and fancy Armures, only 12 1/2c.  
30c. Wool Cashmeres and Henriettas, only 19c.  
50c. fine all wool French Tricots, only 25c.  
60c. 40-inch all wool Serges, only 39c.  
80c. 40-inch Standard Tailor Serges, 49c.  
\$1 40-inch silk-finished Henriettas, 49c.  
\$1 40-inch tailor Chevron, only 49c.  
60c. beautiful Crepe Failles, only 39c.  
\$1.25 48-inch silk-finished Henriettas, 59c.  
\$1.25 broad wale Solid Diagonals, 69c.  
\$1.25 French Biarritz Cloth, a bargain, 69c.  
\$1 French Crepons; see them; 59c.  
\$1.25 Novelty Crepons; grand values, 89c.  
\$1.50 Fine Imported Novelty Crepons, 98c.  
\$2.25 fancy Crepons; others' price \$2.25; our's \$1.39.  
\$2.75 fancy Crepons; New York price \$2.75; our's \$1.48.

## Colored Silks.

One line striped Kiaks, only 10c.  
One line evening shade Chinas, 25c.  
One line Taffeta-finished Checks, 33c.  
One line Creponettes, worth \$1; only 39c.  
One line small-checked Changeable Taffetas, 49c.  
\$1.50 line of fancy Taffetas go at 75c.

## Wool Dress Goods.

(Colored.)

35c. plain, striped, plaid and fancies, 12 1/2c.  
30c. plain and diagonal goods, 19c.  
50c. 44-inch Worsteds, only 25c.  
50c. all wool goods, small checks, 25c.  
60c. line checked and fancy goods, 39c.  
\$1 Silk and Wool Mixtures, only 59c.  
\$1.25 Shepherds' Plaids, only 49c.  
\$1.25 Shepherds' Plaids, only 59c.  
\$1 French Crepons, all colors, 59c.  
\$1.50 fine Silk and Wool Mixtures, 75c.  
A grand line beautiful imported Novelty Suits cheap.

## Evening Shades.

36-inch Wool Henriettas, all shades, 10c.  
60c. all wool Albertos, all shades, 39c.  
\$1 French Crepons, all shades, 59c.  
\$1.75 Silk and Wool Laphose, 89c.

## Black Silks.

75c. Black Chinas; a bargain; 39c.  
\$1 fancy all Silk Grendines, only 49c.  
\$1.25 fancy-figured and brocade Indias, 75c.  
\$1.25 fancy-figured and Brocade Pongees, 75c.  
\$1.50 line of fine Faille Silks, only 89c.  
\$2 Black Satin Duchesse, only 98c.

We price you below Readings, Embroidery Silks. They are the best goods made and all the new shades. You can purchase any quantity you wish and at any time.

## Art Goods.

50c. Embroidery Silks, 29c. doz.  
35c. Knitting Silks, 25c.  
10c. doz. Knitting Floss, 7c. doz.  
25c. Stamped Linens, 5c.  
50c. Stamped Linens, 19c.  
75c. Stamped Linens, 25c.  
50c. Tinted Squares, 19c.  
25c. Linen Fringes, only 5c.

## Gloves.

\$1.50 guaranteed Kid Gloves, 75c.  
\$2.00 guaranteed Kid Gloves, 98c.  
These in all colors and black—all sizes.

## Corsets.

\$1.00 saved on P. D. C. P. and Her Majesty's Corsets. All other Corsets very cheap.

## Wash Dress Goods.

15c. Dress Gingham, only 5c.  
15c. Percales, short lengths, 7c.  
15c. Percales, new styles, 10c.  
15c. Irish Lawns, only 9c.  
25c. figured Dimities, only 10c.  
New Crepe DeViene, only 11 1/2c.  
Shepherd Checks in new Crepe de Viene, only 12 1/2c.  
French Organdies, only 25c.  
15c. Ducks, all colors, 10c.

## Lace Curtains.

\$2.00 Lace Curtains, 98c.  
\$3.50 Lace Curtains, only \$1.48.  
\$4.50 Lace Curtains, only \$1.98.

## Jet Edgings.

15c. Jet Edgings, only 5c.  
25c. Jet Edgings, only 10c.  
49c. Jet Edgings, only 19c.  
98c. Jet Edgings, only 49c.

## Table Covers.

\$1.50 6-4 chenille Covers, only 98c.  
\$2 8-4 colored damask Covers, 98c.

We have ten thousand other bargains which can't be equaled anywhere. We want you to come and see them. Under our new rule of buying and selling for cash enables us to buy and sell cheaper than our neighbors. Our store will open at 8 o'clock Monday morning, and we will give to the first five customers a ticket, which will entitle each of them to a pair of Kid Gloves. Who will be the first five?

# E. M. BASS & CO.—THE LADIES' BAZAAR.

37 WHITEHALL STREET.

37 WHITEHALL STREET.

## TABERNACLE TALK

Life.  
How many tell their journey through  
the struggle for the prize!  
How few there be who scale the heights  
and share the honors and delights  
of "final victories!"

Better a crust and sweet content  
And grace to bear afflictions sent  
Than greatest wealth, with pompous pride,  
Of titles, and self-glorified.  
And scorn of self-denial.

The homely virtues of our race  
Command respect in every place  
And indicate our worth.  
While shame and pretense, puffed with  
pride,  
Are spured at last and set aside  
With reality of birth.

The regular monthly meeting of  
the Evangelical Ministers' Association will  
be held at the First Methodist church tomor-  
row morning at 10:30 o'clock. A feature  
of the meeting will be the discussion of a  
letter received from Mr. D. L. Moody, re-  
lative to the religious campaign in Atlanta  
during the exposition next fall. Mr. Moody  
has written Dr. Atkinson, the president of  
the association, that he is willing to come  
to Atlanta if he can secure an auditorium  
with a seating capacity of three or four  
thousand people. This seems to be the only  
obstacle in the way and the question for  
the ministers to determine at their meeting  
tomorrow hinges upon this difficulty. It is  
possible that DeOliver's Metropolitan street op-  
era house may answer the purpose, but this  
is hardly such an auditorium as the evangelist  
has in view. It is a deplorable fact  
and one that is not in keeping with At-  
lanta's progress that she has no large audi-  
torium in which to hold public meetings or  
accommodate the visiting conventions that  
meet annually in this city. In view of this  
needed public improvement, as well as in  
consideration of the fact that Mr. Moody  
is thinking about coming to Atlanta this  
fall, the expediency of the matter by the  
local ministers tomorrow morning will be  
read with interest and every one will look  
forward to a published report of the pro-  
ceedings with peculiar relish.

The celebration of Dr. Hoge's semi-centennial of the pastory of one of the leading  
churches of Richmond, Va., has been a  
notably striking event in the religious world  
during the past week. For a number of  
years the personality of Dr. Hoge has been  
conspicuous in the southern pulpit and  
on the floors of the general assembly. Dr.  
Hoge's visit to Atlanta several years ago  
was still pleasantly remembered by his old  
friends and admirers in this city. He came  
to Atlanta in 1877 for the purpose of dedi-  
cating the First Presbyterian church, then  
recently built, and his sermon on that oc-  
casion was one of surpassing eloquence,  
as well as of rich and soulful beauty. The  
fact of time that Dr. Hoge has served his  
congregation in Richmond recalls the fact  
that our two leading Presbyterian preach-  
ers have each served their decades in  
the pulpit of their respective churches and

each of them is securely entrenched in the  
affections of his flock. Dr. G. B. Strickler,  
the pastor of the Central Presbyterian  
church, preached his twentieth anniversary  
sermon three weeks ago. Dr. Barnett, the  
pastor of the First Presbyterian church,  
has preached to his congregation for the  
same length of time. It will be remem-  
bered that Dr. Barnett was given an eastern  
trip several years ago and that three or  
four months were profitably spent by him  
in the holy land.

The Lenten season was inaugurated last  
Wednesday with the novel impressive cer-  
emonies in the Catholic and Episcopal  
churches of the city. In addition to the  
customary cessation of society among the  
members of these respective churches, the  
forty days of Lent will be observed in a  
spirit of devout worship and self-sacrifice.  
At the cathedral this morning the usual  
services will be held and conducted by Rev.  
Albion W. Knight. The second Sunday of  
April is Easter Sunday. This will termi-  
nate the Lenten season.

Perhaps no divine in Georgia has a great-  
er number of admirers in Atlanta than Dr.  
Warren A. Candler, the president of Em-  
ory college. Though Dr. Candler has fre-  
quently preached in Atlanta, the people  
never get tired of hearing him, and he never  
fails to produce a large congregation. Dr.  
Candler preaches this morning at 11  
o'clock and also tonight at 7:30 o'clock at  
the Edgewood Methodist church.

Professor W. H. Dana, of Warren, O.,  
who will be remembered as one of the cul-  
lured speakers at the Atlanta chautauque last sum-  
mer, will be in Atlanta this week and will  
deliver one of his best lectures at the First  
Christian church. The talent of this dis-  
tinguished prince of the platform should  
command for him a large audience on that  
occasion.

At the Young Men's Christian Association  
this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock the services  
will be conducted by Rev. H. B. Blakely  
of this city. The musical feature of the  
programme will be, as usual, in charge of  
Professor B. C. Davis. A series of lectures  
by young men has been arranged for the  
Saturday night services that promises to  
yield much good fruit. Mr. J. J. Egan  
conducted the meeting last night and his  
eloquent and earnest talk on the young  
men of the scripture was very much en-  
joyed.

The services at the railroad branch of  
the Young Men's Christian Association this  
afternoon will be conducted by Rev. H. B.  
Barnett, the pastor of the First Presby-  
terian church. Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Olive  
will take a part in the singing and the ex-  
ercises will be especially interesting.

There will be an interesting address  
at the Second Baptist church at 7:30 o'clock  
this evening by Mr. W. W. Gaines on the  
subject of "Georgia Baptist history." The  
public is invited to attend.

Tonight at Park street church the Ju-  
venile Missionary Society will hold its reg-  
ular annual meeting, beginning at 7:30  
o'clock. "Building the Cabin," a pro-  
gramme written by Miss Annie M. Barnes,  
will be used. Everybody is cordially in-  
vited. It will be an hour well and profitably  
spent by all who attend. Should the rain  
the exercises will be postponed till Wednes-  
day night next, March 6th.

Baptist.  
Dr. J. B. Hawthorne will occupy the pul-

pit of the First Baptist church this morn-  
ing at 11 o'clock, and also tonight at 7:30  
o'clock. His subject for this morning is  
"What is the Light of Life? How May  
We Receive and Reflect It Upon the  
World?" The sermon will be a discussion  
of living issues and everybody should hear  
him.

Dr. McDonald, pastor of the Second Baptist  
church, will preach at 11 o'clock today.  
There will be an interesting talk to ladies  
by Miss Laura Haygood at 3 o'clock p. m.  
at the same church, and at 7:30 o'clock p. m.  
in an address on Georgia Baptist history  
by Mr. W. W. Gaines.

At the services at the Second Baptist  
church this evening at 7:30 o'clock, by re-  
quest of the Young People's Society, Mr.  
W. W. Gaines will deliver a lecture on the  
"History of the Early Baptists in Georgia."  
It will be beneficial to every one who may  
be fortunate enough to hear this lecture.  
All are invited.

Central Baptist church, corner West  
Fair and Peters streets, Dr. W. Gwin, D.D.,  
pastor. Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m. and  
7:30 o'clock p. m. by the pastor. Sunday  
school at 9:30 o'clock a. m., J. M. Lan-  
dum, superintendent. Young People's  
Society at 3 o'clock p. m. Usual ser-  
vices through the week.

The Capitol avenue Baptist church, Dr.  
A. R. Spaulding, pastor. Preaching at 11  
o'clock a. m. and 7:30 o'clock p. m. by the  
pastor. All are cordially invited to attend.

Fifth Baptist church, corner Bell and  
Glimmer streets, Rev. C. N. Donaldson, pas-  
tor. Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m. and  
7:30 o'clock p. m. by the pastor. Sunday  
school at 9:30 o'clock a. m., Fred L. Allen  
and W. H. McClain, superintendents.  
Prayer meeting Wednesday night. Society  
of the Christian Knicker Tuesday night.  
Rev. Dr. Donaldson has returned to the  
city, after a visit of two weeks to his fam-  
ily in Norfolk, Va., and will occupy his  
pulpit tonight at both morning and evening  
services.

Miss Laura Haygood will deliver an ad-  
dress on missionary work in China at the  
Second Baptist church at 7:30 o'clock  
this afternoon under the auspices of the  
Woman's Auxiliary Society of the Second  
Baptist church.

Seventh Baptist church, W. J. Speare,  
pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.  
Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., R. W. Bennett,  
superintendent.

Glenn Street Baptist church; preaching  
morning and evening by the pastor, Sunday  
school at 9:30 a. m. Special prayer services  
will be held every evening during the com-  
ing week, beginning at 7:30 and closing at  
8:30 o'clock promptly. We want the pres-  
ence and prayers of all who desire a revival  
of religion in our city and community. We  
are promised that whatsoever we ask be-  
lieving, we shall receive. Let us come to-  
gether and call upon the Lord, asking him  
to revive our sympathy and love for, and  
our faith in, others and our Lord and Sa-  
vior Jesus Christ. We hope that every  
Christian who reads this notice will either  
come or pray for their homes for the suc-  
cess of this meeting. J. I. Oxford, pastor.

Rev. E. M. Haygood will preach at  
the Baptist mission, East Atlanta, Sunday,  
March 3d, at 11 a. m.

Methodist.  
First Methodist church, corner of Peach-  
tree and Houston streets, Rev. John B.  
Robins, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and

at 7:45 p. m. by the pastor. Communion at  
close of morning service. Sunday school at  
9:30 a. m. Class meeting at 9:30 p. m. Free.  
Strangers specially invited.

Trinity church, corner Trinity and White-  
hall, Rev. J. B. Bigham, pastor; W. A. Kemp-  
bell, superintendent Sunday school. Sunday  
school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m.  
and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. Dr. J. W. Field,  
presiding elder. Business session, second  
subject, "The Cup of Suffering," at 11 a. m.  
in stewards' room. Wednesday night at  
7:30 o'clock there will be a missionary  
meeting and Miss Laura Haygood will  
conduct it, answering such questions as  
may be asked by the audience on the work  
in foreign fields. The public and visitors  
invited and welcomed.

Marietta Street Methodist Episcopal  
church, Rev. H. R. Robb, pastor. Sacra-  
ment of the Lord's supper (unfurnished  
wine) at the close of morning service. At  
7:30 p. m., gospel temperance meeting, un-  
der subject, "The Cup of Suffering." Tem-  
perance Union, Dr. D. H. Mann, right  
worthy grand temple of the world, Inde-  
pendent Order Good Templars, will speak  
at the evening service. All invited.

The Boulevard church, Boulevard, corner  
Houston, Rev. T. R. Kendall, pastor.  
Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by  
pastor, morning hour, "The Need of Today;" evening  
discourse especially to young people.  
Subjects of 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sun-  
day school, 9:30 a. m. Epworth League  
meets, 6:30. All warmly invited.

Payne's Memorial, Rev. W. S. Wootten,  
pastor. Sacramental service at 11 a. m.,  
subject, "The Cup of Suffering," at 7:30 p. m.  
meeting at 7:30 p. m. Young people's meet-  
ing at 7:30 p. m. Epworth League meets Friday  
night at 7:30.

Miss Laura Haygood will address the  
congregation of St. John's Methodist  
church tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.  
Subject, "The Cup of Suffering." The  
Missionary Society and the exercises  
will be of an interesting nature. All are  
cordially invited.

Merritt Avenue church, Preaching at 11  
a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday  
school, 9:30 a. m., E. Fraser, superintendent.  
Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

St. Paul Methodist Episcopal church,  
corner East Hunter and Hill streets, Rev.  
W. B. Brinsfield, pastor. Preaching at 11  
a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Sabbath  
school at 9:30 a. m. Class meeting at 9 p. m.  
Epworth League Monday evening, 7:30.  
Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.  
All cordially invited.

Services at Edgewood Methodist Episco-  
pal church, south, Sunday, March 3, 1895.  
Preaching, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev.  
Warren A. Candler. Sunday school, 9:30  
a. m.

The Epworth League of Asbury church  
will hold an interesting service this (Sun-  
day) evening at 8:30 o'clock. Everybody in-  
vited.

visited to attend. Religious services every  
Sunday and Friday at 7:30 p. m.

Edgewood mission will meet at 3 p. m.,  
near Pearl street and Georgia railroad.  
Services every Sunday and Tuesday at 1:30  
p. m. All are welcome. J. C. Dayton, su-  
perintendent; John J. Egan, assistant.

Wallace Fifth Presbyterian church, cor-  
ner Fair and Walnut streets, Rev. Robert A.  
Bowman, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m.  
and at 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Prayer  
meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Sun-  
day school will meet at 9:30 a. m. All are  
welcome. W. D. Beattie, superintendent.

The Barnett Presbyterian church, Marietta  
and Hampton streets, Rev. S. P. Davis,  
pastor. Sabbath services, 11 a. m. and 7  
p. m. Sabbath schools, 10 a. m. and 3  
p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7  
o'clock p. m. A cordial invitation extended.

Associate Reform.  
Associated Reformed Presbyterian church  
Whitehall, near Humphries, 10 a. m. Sun-  
day school, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., preach-  
ing by the pastor. Prayer meeting, Friday,  
1:30 p. m.

Congregational.  
Central Congregational church, Ellis, near  
Peachtree street, Rev. R. V. Atkinson, pas-  
tor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.  
Subject of evening service, "How You  
May Have a New Heart." Young people's  
meeting at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at  
9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at  
7:45 p. m.

Episcopal.  
The Cathedral (St. Philip's church), corner  
Washington and Hunter streets, Rev.  
William W. Knight, dean. Holy communion,  
7:30 a. m. and 12 m. Morning prayer and  
sermon, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Seats all  
free. Ushers in attendance. Public cordially invited.

Lutheran.  
First English Lutheran church; service  
at 11 o'clock in the Young Men's Christian  
Association hall, conducted by Rev. L. K.  
Frost. Sunday school at 9:30 o'clock.

German Lutheran church, corner Forsyth  
and Garnett streets. Preaching this morn-  
ing at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 10  
o'clock and next Wednesday evening at  
7:30 o'clock extra service will be held. F.  
H. Meischke, pastor.

Unitarian.  
Church of Our Father, corner Church and For-  
syth streets, William R. Cole, D.D., minis-  
ter. Morning service at 11 a. m.; subject  
of discourse, "Holy Sorrow." What of  
Reverence." Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.  
All invited to come.

Christian Church.  
First Christian church; Sunday school at  
9:30 a. m., W. B. Bell, superintendent. Dr.

THE TURK VERNI  
Will Give a Magnificent Ball Thurs-  
day Night.

The Atlanta Turk Verni will give a  
grand masquerade ball at their hall on Ma-  
rietta street next Monday night.  
The Turners have for several weeks been  
making preparations for the ball, it being  
the anniversary celebration of the society.  
The music for the occasion will be in  
charge of a committee consisting of the  
following well-known Turners: Fred Wede-  
meyer, J. J. Shikan, H. A. Fischer, R. C.  
Boeckh, G. A. Dehl, John W. Zuber and  
Carl Wedemeyer, Jr.

Judge W. T. Newman, who has been  
in Washington for several days past, is  
expected to return to the city today.

HIS WIFE LOST MONEY,  
And Baker, the Lumberman, Called  
for the Arrest of Her Counselor.

L. D. Lowe, who is connected with the  
firm of Statham & Co., Forsyth street mer-  
chants, was arrested yesterday on a war-  
rant charging cheating and swindling,  
sworn to by J. C. Baker, the lumberman,  
who caused a sensation last week by ap-  
pearing in the office of the station house  
with a loaded pistol in hand.

The affair will be opened up before Judge  
Orr tomorrow afternoon and lively develop-  
ments may be expected.

The well known merchant gives this an  
emphatic denial, and tells a story very dif-  
ferent.

"I have three warrants against Lowe,"  
said Baker last night, who was seen at his  
home, 233 Decatur street. "He came to us  
as a friend, and, of course, my wife had  
a check payable to himself for \$75. This  
was the 23d of December. Two days after-  
wards he called again and said that in or-  
der to collect the money another check  
should be made out payable to his partner,  
W. G. Statham. The other check, he said,  
was for some reason no good. My wife  
was just then blind, and she was sur-  
prised when she finally discovered that the  
man had collected both checks. But the  
strangest part of the transaction was that  
he had no goods, and for the money given,  
he never gave any to my wife. Just in this  
way she has been swindled out of a lot  
of money by Lowe. I have pressed the case  
and have two more warrants yet to bring  
out."

Mr. Lowe's account of the trouble dif-  
fers.

"In the first place," he said, "I consider  
Baker mentally irresponsible. His condi-  
tion is known. Sometime ago he threat-  
ened my life and I was forced to take out  
a peace warrant against him.

"I did owe him some money. It was  
furnished out by the Exchange bank and a  
guaranty served on me for the amount  
as he was in debt to the bank. I answer-  
ed the guarantee, and because I didn't  
pay it back to his wife, Baker became  
enraged.

"There is nothing in the case, or in Bak-  
er's queer version of it."

Immediately after Mr. Lowe was ar-  
rested he gave bond before Justice Orr. The  
case will be called tomorrow afternoon.

STABBED IN THE BACK.  
A Large Knife and an Angry Ducky  
on the Warpath Last Night.

The keen blade of a large knife wielded  
by Will Green found its way into the back  
of Shop Fletcher, a notorious negro, last  
night, and the sidewalk on the corner of  
Decatur and Butler streets was spattered  
with blood.

F











ntehall St

ist received the largest

men's Shoes and Slip-

and colors we have

Chamberlain, John-

Indapo

Made a well

Man of

Net

PHARMACY

ANTA, GA.

ND FURNITURE.

odes, Snook &

's ad. on page

P. Morris & Son,

Ascents, 2 S. Broad St.

or street.

... \$35.00

... \$25.00

... \$20.00

... \$15.00

... \$10.00

... \$5.00

... \$2.50

... \$1.00

... \$0.50

... \$0.25

... \$0.10

... \$0.05

... \$0.02

... \$0.01

of Furniture in

ates. Hard wood

to \$1,000 each

om \$6.50 to \$125

its \$35 and up

all over stuffed

piece Parlor Suite

ie. Chamberlain.

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SCHOOL NOTES.

Boys' High School Notes.

The election of officers which was held last Monday resulted in placing W. Lee Wootten at the helm of the Alsiaphronian Literary and Debating Society. Mr. Wootten will, undoubtedly, make a good presiding officer. Fred Cerf was elected secretary.

The new lot of school pins which was ordered recently arrived last Wednesday, and now quite a number of boys are wearing the school colors on their lapels. The colors differ somewhat from those of the first lot, being gilt and black, a much nearer approach to those selected.

Attendance has been very bad for the last few weeks. Second grade A now leads, having made 100 in attendance for ten weeks. Second grade B has made nine hundreds and the senior class seven hundreds. The two divisions of the first grade have not made more than three hundreds each. Nothing definite has yet been done towards the publication of the school paper. It is the object of the promoters to give points on each side of the weekly debate, and the paper will, thereby, be of interest to every member of the school. Stock will probably be sold for \$1 per share.

On last Friday the regular session of the society was held, and the case against Arthur Clarke for the embezzlement of a cent was taken up in mock trial. The jury was as follows: James Randall, Edward Murphy, A. Hinson, Louis Regenstein, J. S. Aitken, Shepard Baronsaire, Messrs. Gotsman, Thomson, Force, Boynton, Newman, Rook, Several witnesses were introduced, among which were Longley, Italy, Krouse and Jackson. Professor W. M. Blanton made a splendid witness, his testimony being replete with wit and keen satire.

J. G. Oglesby, Jr., as the prosecuting attorney, was quite a success. He made an attempt to disprove the charge, but the defense was overruled. Mr. J. M. McGuire's speech was also very good. The argument presented by Mr. Green produced quite an impression on the jury.

The closing argument was made by Mr. J. H. Chapman, and abounded in wit and humor. Mr. E. S. Brown closed the defense, and the jury retired, and, after being out five minutes, returned with a verdict of not guilty, as they thought defendant not of sound mind.

Mr. E. Marvin Underwood acted as judge and Cecil Meyer as clerk. The trial was indeed a success and showed that the Boys' High school has the coming lawyers of the south.

Walter C. Barnwell.

Fraser Street School.

The following are the two first honor pupils in this school:

- First Grade—Bryan Baldwin, 93.3; Dessa Mathews, 97.6.
- Second Grade—Winnie Hind, 97.4; Beulah Frank, 96.3.
- Third Grade—Willie Hughes, 96; Louise Printup, 95.7.
- Fourth Grade—Sophie Latimer, 95.3.
- Fifth Grade—Julia Laird, 95; Oma Huff, 97.6.
- Sixth Grade—Daisy Vonder Leith, 96.7.
- Seventh Grade—Hannie Catching, 97.3; Allie Mann, 95.

Allie Mann.

Ivy Street School.

If any one were to pass by Ivy street school he would hardly know it. It has been painted and fixed up in general.

A great deal of attention has been paid to teaching the scholars to hold their pens correctly. Cards have been made by the teachers with an oval, a straight line and the word "me" on it, and through the earnest efforts of Mrs. Whiteside, our principal, great advancement has been made.

The first and second honor pupils for February are: Eighth grade, Edith Goodman, 97.3; Ada Klesper, 97.2. Seventh grade—Flora Morrell, 97.7; Hattie Milledge, 96.2. Sixth grade—Rachel Nizam, 97.1; Mary Lou Smith, 96.3. Fifth grade—Sadie Avar, 96; Fred Mason, 96.4. Fourth grade—Ethel Morgan, 97; Julian Perdue, 96.2. Third grade—Edward Jacobs, 96.7; Clara Stowers, 96.6. Second grade—Robert Phillips, 96.3; Alice Johnson, 96.1. First grade—Viola Willbanks, 98.1; Emma Harvey, 97.8.

Arah Avary.

Crew Street School.

The South Side Stars are about to organize a new team and I think Mr. Saunders Gatins would make a splendid captain on account of his ability to manage and his previous records.

If the spring weather lasts I shouldn't wonder if a picnic was not proposed before long.

The Eighth Grade Society met Friday and quite an interesting programme was rendered.

A number of the second grade children came up Friday and recited for the eighth grade and we enjoyed their recitations very much.

The piano solo by Miss Swift was very much enjoyed. Miss Cecil Bowden's rendering was splendid and Miss Auerbach's recitation was also good. Miss Nellie Barksdale's reading was enjoyed. The critic's report was splendid.

The society adjourned before the debate. The next meeting will be in March, when the seventh grade will be present.

The rolls of honor for the month of March are as follows: First grade, Ida Hurtel; second grade, Alphonse Hurtel, third grade, Louise Welch; fourth grade, Pansy Stewart; fifth grade, Carrie Westmoreland; sixth grade, Mary Ann Rucker; eighth grade, Lulah Catching.

Mr. Lamar Rucker is one of the brightest boys in the eighth grade. He always knows his lesson and is generally on the roll of honor. He is the second son of Hon. T. W. Rucker, and promises some day to make as fine a lawyer as his father.

Miss Corinne Swift is one of the brightest young ladies in the eighth grade. She is very smart and is always on the roll of

honor, and is one of the most beautiful girls in the school.

Master Richard Dickson Thornton is one of the brightest boys in the sixth grade. He is the son of Mr. E. H. Thornton, who is very proud of him.

Master Joseph Gatins, Jr., is also one of the brightest boys in the grade.

The following is a picture of Master Louis Gregg, the president of the Eighth Grade Society. His debates are always good and would do credit to a much older boy.

He is very popular with everybody that knows him, as is shown by his being elected president for the second term. He is the son of the late Mr. William Gregg.



Paul McDonald.

Junior Debating Club.

The subject for debate at the Junior Debating Club last Tuesday night was: "Resolved, That tradesmen are more beneficial to humanity than professional men." Affirmative, Frank Abel, Russell Mitchell; negative, J. Youngblood, Magruder Cobb. After a hard fought battle the decision was rendered in favor of the negative.

Next Tuesday night the terms of the present officers will expire and new officers will be elected. Visitors are welcome.

J. Y.

Ira Street School.

The eighth grade was invited into the sixth grade Friday and they gladly accepted the invitation.

The Golden Rod Society of that grade had, as usual, an excellent programme. It was as follows:

- Song, class; recitation, Barbara Dennard; reading, Gertrude Dennard; recitation, Annie Lemmonds; song, six girls; reading, Wilber Walker; recitation, Ellis Usina; song, Helen de Treville; recitation, Edna Ferris; reading, Jewel Randall; song, Helen de Treville; class, class.

The eighth grade then sang several songs, and the society adjourned.

Willie Parkhurst.

Calhoun Street School.

The sixth grade made the highest marks in music in Calhoun street school, that being 98.5. The eighth, seventh and first grades came next with 98.

The eighth grade made the highest mark in attendance in the school, the fourth and second grades taking the downstairs honors.

The eighth grade H. R. Echols Literary Society held its monthly meeting last Friday morning. Mr. Erwin Dickey presided with much dignity. The debate was the principal feature of the meeting. The subject was: "Resolved, That greater benefit is derived from public schools than from private schools." The six affirmatives were Mildred Thompson, Ruth Threadcraft, Cecile Landover, Hattie Sealer, Leila McCall and Zulette Crumley, while the negative was represented by Jay Youngblood, John Brownell, Otto Avel, D. O. Dougherty, Julian Polak, and Joseph Kingsbery. The six affirmatives sat on one side of the president and the six negatives on the other. The sixth and seventh grades and the honor pupils of the fifth grade were present. Although the negative debates were extremely good the judges decided in favor of the affirmatives. While the judges were deliberating Mr. John Brownell gave a delightful recitation as also did Miss Elizabeth High, of the first grade. After a delightful meeting the society adjourned.

J. Y.

Calhoun street school is looked upon as the banner school of Atlanta. This school has four hundred and twenty-five pupils. Our highly esteemed and beloved principal, Mrs. H. R. Echols, has the honor of being the first lady principal of the public schools of Atlanta.

On last Thursday morning, bright and early, Professor Davis, who, by the way, is quite a favorite among many of the public school children of Atlanta, came to our school to hear the monthly music lesson, but he did not quite finish all the grades. So far he has given good marks, which we all appreciate, as Calhoun takes a great pride in her music.

It is rumored that this school will send up to the exposition many noticeable papers, among which will be some pretty drawings.

Robt. H. Jones, Jr.

Boulevard School.

The Red Ribbon Society of the fourth grade Boulevard school was called to order as usual by the president at 12 o'clock on Friday.

After the secretary's report the following programme was rendered:

- Song, by class.
- Recitation, Alston Trotter.
- Composition, Zee Brooks.
- Reading, George Eaves.
- Song, "Trust in God."
- Recitation, Allie Belle Adams.
- Reading, Clifford Corbett.
- Song, by the class.
- Composition, Mattie Scarboro.
- Recitation, Lucia Jeter.
- Reading, H. D. Harris.
- Recitation, Jay McBride.
- Composition, Daisy Harris.
- Song, by the class.

The first grade had been invited to the society, and accepted the invitation. Eugene Adams, of the first grade, recited and his recitation was enjoyed very much.

The society adjourned until Friday, March 1st.

Jay McB.

Ira Street School.

One of the brightest boys in the first grade of Ira street school is Master Jim Avary Daily. He is just six years old and has the high average of 96.4 for February. Master Jim is named after Dr. Jim Avary, the popular physician, and has his namesake for his model. He is anxious to be a physician and will, no doubt, make a good one. He is popular among the scholars and teachers.

W. P.

Davis Street School.

The first honor pupil of the sixth grade of Davis street school for January was Lizzie Spear. She has carried off first honor every month this term.

Tuesday Professor Davis and his friend,

Mr. Newton, from Boston, came to hear the different grades sing.

The first grade came into our room the day before Washington's birthday and sang two songs: "The Snow" and "The Robin." As a class they have sweet voices.

Ethel Rice, of the fourth grade, received the Paley scholarship.

Mary Dunaway.

Hunter's School.

The members of the Euphemian Literary and Debating Society received a high compliment from Professor Hunter at their last meeting. The members certainly appreciate the compliment.

The subject for debate on Friday was: "Resolved, That the United States should construct the Nicaragua canal." Strong argument were presented by both sides, and with the exception of a few, the arguments were indeed complimentary.

The subject for debate at the next meeting will be, "Resolved, That Cuba should be annexed to the United States." Mr. G. Wharton Mitchell will act as leader on the affirmative, with Mr. Gwin Lipes leader of the negative.

The advanced class took up "Myer's General History" several days ago, and are advancing rapidly. They all seem to enjoy the study, and take great interest in the happenings of "ye olden days."

Mr. J. J. Barnes, Jr., a very popular young man of this city, has entered our school to prepare for Cornell college. He is a strong admirer of the society.

Two of the scholars left last Friday for the mountains of north Georgia on a deer hunt. One of them has returned. The fate of the other is not known.

They stopped in the notorious Murray county, where the kuklux abound. The one who has returned relates thrilling adventures among the mountains and the dreadful whitecappers. He was surprised to find what they call the "kuklux" was a peaceful set of kind and generous-hearted men. Of course he tells a number of deer, bear and fish stories, but that is perfectly natural. If the other hunter does not return in a week a party will go in search of him. But as he is in good company he will, no doubt, return alive. At least it is hoped so.

S. A.

ACADAMIES AND COLLEGES.

Miss Thornbury's School.

Little Lois Rebecca Crosby is one of the prettiest children in Mrs. Stovall's kindergarten, which is justly famed for its beautiful and bright children. Miss Lois is in her seventh year and has been attending the kindergarten for two years. Her father is Mr. Walter K. Crosby, who is



with the Venable Bros. He is very proud of his fairy-like little daughter. The poet's description, "Her face is like the milky way in the sky—a melting of gentle lights without a name," is a most fitting one for her. Madam Blisen pronounces her accent to be purely Parisian, and it is a real pleasure to hear her converse in French. But while Lois is very bright in every way, her compositions display more real talent, and her literary talent should be encouraged. Every one likes to listen to her recitations, and as she is a very accommodating child, she never refuses to give pleasure to others by her sweet songs and recitations.

Agnes Scott Institute.

The last meeting of the Mnemosynean Society was a very exciting one from the fact that it was election night.

The literary programme was short, but interesting. "Her Answer," a recitation by Miss Lucy Fisher, was especially enjoyed.

The result of the election was as follows: President, Florence McCormick; vice-president, May Holt; secretary, Annie Belle Monroe; assistant secretary, Annie Lynn Bachman; treasurer, Francis Fisher; librarian, May Davenport; censor, Addie Cannon.

"Midsummer Night's Dream," Shakespeare—Mendelssohn—given last Friday by Mr. MacLane and Miss Magee, assisted by Mrs. Burbank, Miss Service and Mr. MacLane's chorus and music pupils, was considered by many of our guests one of the best entertainments the institution has ever given. Miss Magee gave the entire first act of the play and a running sketch of the remaining four acts, thus affording a very clear conception of the play. Mr. MacLane gave its musical interpretation. This was, indeed, beautiful, and when the chorus came in there was nothing left to be desired and one could easily imagine the fairy queen being lulled to rest under the influence of the lullaby song.

Mrs. Prather's School.

We have begun our spring term and the lovely weather tempts us to live out in it, but the voice of duty calls so imperatively that we dare not disobey, but endeavor, within the busy schoolroom, to earn the gaiety of the glorious afternoons. And this is the best course, for we enjoy all the knowledge we have gained in the mornings and can apply some of it even in our diversions.

The pupil who has scored the highest attendance this past month is Miss Janie Sams, for she came to school even on George Washington's birthday. Miss Pearl

Peck and Miss Lillian Barrow have made the highest average in general scholarship, including French. Our French classes have been much complimented for attendance and diligence by the professors.

The following is a programme of the exercises of the February meeting of the Mnemosynean society of our school: Miss Ruth Holcombe, president; Miss Florence Harry, secretary; Misses Dargan and Patterson, committee on programme; Miss Pearl Peck, critic.

Duet, "Diabelli," Misses Susie Thompson and Florine Richardson.

Essay, "The Last Days of Rome," Miss Pearl Peck.

Minuet, Beethoven, Miss Eloise Tyler.

Reading, "A Piece of Rubber," Misses Helen Cay, Marie Angier and Juanita Tyler.

Minuet, Barill, Miss Mabel Sullivan.

Essay, "Charlemagne," Miss Florence Milien.

Humorous recitation, Miss Florence Harry.

Reading, "Guido Reni's Aurora," Misses Richardson and Hobbs.

F. H.

Agnes Scott Institute.

The programme of the Mnemosyne Society at its last meeting was short but interesting. Miss Service, our voice teacher, added greatly to the pleasure of the evening by favoring us with several songs.

Our meetings have had new life and interest given them by several changes which the new programme committee has made. To prevent the meetings from becoming monotonous they have decided to devote each evening to one of our modern authors. A brief sketch of the author's life will be read and selections from his or her works given, thus affording variety in the programmes, and at the same time making them instructive and interesting.

The meeting of the Polymnia Club held Wednesday afternoon was much enjoyed by all. The club does good not only by showing to others what the girls can do, but by revealing to the girls themselves their own capabilities.

The programme was as follows: Faust waltz, Miss Edith Hardy.

Essay—"Music Study," Miss Mattie Car-

doza.

"Tell me ah, where art speeding?" Miss Daisy Wylly.

Duet—Bohemian Dance, Misses Eva and Florence Hildreth.

(a) Raft Song, (b) Serenade, Miss Allie Watlington.

"The Two Larks," Miss Sallie Broome.

"Blue Eyes of Spring," Miss Louise Hurst.

Vocal Quartet—(a) "Last Night," (b) "Frog's Singing School," Misses Reese, Richardson, Service, Coffin.

Southern Baptist College.

A musical examination was held Thursday afternoon. The following members of the piano, violin and voice classes rendered pieces:

Misses Nita Cook, Lizzie May Blalock, Minnie Jossey, Pearl Duggan, May Maddox, Annie Eley, Lucie Stanton, Emma Jett, Willie Mullis, Annie Ellis and Willie Ashburn.

The literary society met Friday afternoon. The chapel was artistically decorated by the committee on arrangements and a delightful programme was carried out as follows:

Essay, "Life of Beethoven," Miss Jossey; vocal solo, "Love in a Flower," by Barill.

Miss Willie Mullis; recitation, Miss Nita Cook; vocal quartet, Misses Mullis, Jett, Matthewson and L. Stanton.

Essay, "Phileas and the Elgin Marbles," Miss Lucie Stanton.

Mandolin duet, Misses Ballard and Gordon.

Recitation, Miss Pearl Brady.

Vocal solo, "La Serenata," by Tosti, Miss Emma Jett.

Essay, Miss Lizzie Cook.

Piano solo, "Printemps D'Amour Mazurka," by Gottschalk, Miss Pearl Duggan.

String quartet, Mrs. Stanton, Misses Jossey, Morgan and Eley.

Miss Jossey's essay on "Beethoven" was beautifully illustrated with some exquisite strains from his compositions.

Each rendition seemed in unusual accord with the spirit of the evening.

The society adjourned till its next meeting, March 5th.

L. S.

Mrs. Hyers's School.

The excitement in our school still runs high over the spelling contest. Frank Echols is ahead this month in spelling, while John Collier leads in history. Our boys study hard and keep up a deep interest in their work.

The honor roll is headed by Master John McHarrison, whose picture will be published next week.

The Capitol Avenue Society.

The Capitol Avenue Literary and Debating Society met Tuesday at the home of Miss Nellie Belle Shropshire. The members were royally entertained and quite an interesting programme was carried out.

The next meeting will be held at Mr. Cam Dorsey's, the vice president, when probably the society will disband and reorganize under a new constitution.

The following poem is by Leonora Dean a pupil in the sixth grade of Boulevard school.

The idea is original and was written without any assistance whatever. No doubt the readers of The Junior will enjoy the amusing lines:

My Cousin James.

James is one of the sweetest boys

That ever I did see;

He has so very many toys

They all quite puzzle me.

He has the prettiest golden hair

And eyes of darkest blue,

That go with his complexion fair

And make his beauty new.

He runs the great big turkey hen

All round his grandma's yard;

He drives the chickens in their pen

And pulls their feathers hard.

He swings the kittens by their tails,

And bites them on the ear;

On seeing him the gander calls

Away and screams with fear.

He always wants to pull my hair

And hits me with a stick;

My finest dress he likes to tear,

And nearly makes me sick.

He wakes up Angie when she sleeps,

And makes her very mad,

But when she looks at him and weeps

It makes him really sad.

When Forney takes him to the park

He rides out on the car;

And happy is he as any lark

Playing with his papa.



# THE CONSTITUTION, JR.

PUBLISHED EVERY SUNDAY.

FOR THE INSTRUCTION AND AMUSEMENT OF THE YOUNG READERS OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Sent Free, as a Supplement, to the Readers of the Daily Constitution.

All Letters and Communications Intended for this Issue Must be Addressed to The Constitution, Jr.

ATLANTA, GA., March 3, 1895.

## The Junior Prize Contests.

The Junior prize contests will be held on next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at one of the athletic parks of Atlanta—the place to be announced later.

The contests have been mentioned in The Junior from time to time during the past few weeks, and all are familiar with the prizes and events.

The contests will be open to all boys under fifteen years of age. We had intended to limit the entries to those sending in their names in advance, but as there was some misunderstanding about it, it has been deemed best to allow all who choose to enter the contests.

There will be three events—

1. Running high jump for baseball outfit.

2. Running broad jump for standard football.

3. One-half mile race for suit of clothes.

All these prizes will be of the best quality, and all boys under fifteen years of age will be entitled to enter. There will be no charge for admission, and all who desire to come and see the contests are invited to attend.

The contests will be in charge of a committee of judges, who will be announced next Friday morning, at which time also the place at which the contests will be held will be announced.

Let everybody watch for the announcement of the place at which The Junior's contests will be held, and get ready for the events.

## The Gold Watch Prize.

The Junior's prize story contest closed on the 1st of March, and the stories are now in the hands of a committee, which will select the prize story. If the committee finishes its work in time, the name of the winner will appear in the next issue of The Junior.

## How Do They Tell?

We have heard of the language of monkeys, and of the language of hens, and of the language of crows, and even of ants; but it will be a new idea to most people, probably, that fishes have a language of their own. An English fisherman, Mr. Basil Field, has been making some investigations which lead him to suppose that fishes have some way of communicating a notion of their experiences to other fishes.

Mr. Field carried on his experiments, which he has described in an article in The Fortnightly Review, in the fish ponds of Mr. Andrew, at Guildford, England. These ponds are full of trout, which, at the time when Mr. Field first visited them, were so little accustomed to being troubled that when he threw a baited hook into the water all the trout in sight—a great number—rushed eagerly upon it.

He caught one, and removing it from the hook, threw it back into the pond. Then he put in a freshly baited hook. Two or three trout only came after it.

One of these he caught, and threw it back into the water. Again he resumed his fishing with a newly-baited hook, and this time, although the pond was swarming with fish, it was only after a long time that he lured another trout to his bait. And after a little further time it was entirely impossible to catch a trout in this pond.

However, by experimenting in another pond equally well stocked, and not throwing back any fish, Mr. Field found that he could catch trout as long as he chose. The fish did not seem to understand that the removal of one of their number by this strange means meant danger to them, but came continually to the bait.

If, Mr. Field reasons, it is only when the captured fish, released, goes back and mingles with his fellows that the danger is learned, and then is learned instantly, it must follow that the released fish has some means of making the others understand the perils of the hook. This, whatever it is, may be called a "language."

## One of the Noblest.

The Detroit Free Press printed some years ago the story of what it rightly called "one of the noblest acts the world has ever known." It was performed by Louis Abear, a private in Company H of the Fifth Michigan cavalry. At the battle of Trevilian Station he was taken prisoner, and before his release was confined in five different prisons.

While he was in Millen prison an exchange of sixty prisoners was to be made. The officer of the day told off sixty names at the door of the pen, but for some reason one man did not come forth. Perhaps he was too ill; perhaps he was dead. At that moment, Abear, who had been sent out under a guard after fuel, came through the gates pushing a wheelbarrow loaded with wood. "Here Louis," exclaimed the officer, "here's a chance for you! We want sixty men to go north, and are short one. Jump into the ranks here!"

"To be exchanged?" asked Louis, trembling worse than he had ever done under fire.

"Yes, be quick!"

"Then take Hank, He's sick and will die

If he stays here," and Louis dashed into the hospital ward.

Hank had on a pair of pantaloons and shoes, but no coat and hat, Louis pulled off his, put them on Hank, and brought him out, weak and tottering. As Hank filed out of the gate and once more breathed the air of freedom, Louis, hatless and coatless, took hold of the handles of his wheelbarrow and started for another load of wood.

His generosity cost him seven months of misery, and was bestowed upon a man with whom he was not intimately acquainted. Let such deeds be remembered.

## THE ENTERTAINMENT

Of the Pastors' Helpers' Missionary Society at Trinity Church.

The members of the Pastors' Helpers' Missionary Society of Trinity church are preparing for a novel and delightful entertainment to be given upon the evening of the 8th of March.

The main feature of the entertainment is to be a home mission exercise by ten girls, who, by the way, are some of the brightest and prettiest girls in the city. The plan of the exercise is something like a convention, with the delegates in costume to represent the country from which they come. Among the delegates who will appear in costume we may mention Misses Eva Motes, Emma Hemphill, Ora Sue Mitchell, Lottie Chapman, Julia Hemphill, Ora Daniel, Ethel Tutwiler, Jessie Tutwiler and Mary Isham. Three delightful features of the programme will be recitations by Lucile Atkinson, Louise Harris and Robert Hemphill.

After a short musical programme the young ladies of the society will serve refreshments to their friends.

As the admission fee will be only 10 cents they are sure to have a good audience.

An unsuccessful effort was made to secure the Euphemian quartet for the evening, but as they had a previous engagement the society will have to forego the pleasure of hearing the quartet.

## Drunken Wasps.

That drunkenness and its mischievous consequences are not peculiar to human beings will be seen from the observations of Mr. Lawson Tait, who writes in The Popular Science News that he has noticed the avidity with which wasps attack certain fruit when it is overripe, and he has also noticed some of the peculiar results of their doing so.

The sugar in some fruits which are most frequented by wasps has a tendency to pass into a kind of alcohol, in the ordinary process of rotting, a fact which is easily ascertained by the use of a still not large enough to attract the attention of the excise authorities.

On such fruits, particularly grapes and certain plums, you will see wasps pushing and fighting in numbers much larger than can be accommodated, and you will see them get very drunk, crawl away in a semi-somnolent condition, and repose in the grass for some time, till they get over the "bout," and then they will go at it again.

It is while they are thus affected that they do their worst stinging, both in the virulent nature of the stroke and the utterly unprovoked assaults of which they are guilty. I was stung last year by a drunken wasp and suffered severely from symptoms of nerve poison for several days.

In their drunken peculiarities they resemble their human contemporaries.

## Training to Speak.

Bishop Wilberforce was noted for the variety of his speeches and sermons, even when they all treated of the same subject. His addresses at confirmations and at missionary meetings were remarkable for their variations on the same themes.

A friend who had heard him speak, day after day for several weeks, in behalf of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, expressed his surprise that he could treat the same subject in such a variety of ways. The eloquent preacher replied:

"I owe my facility mainly to my father. He took pains to form in me the habit of speaking. He would see to it that I thoroughly acquainted myself with a given subject, and then require me to speak on it without notes, and trusting to the inspiration of the moment for suitable words. This practice strengthened my memory and cultivated the power of mentally arranging and dividing a subject."

The earl of Chatham trained his son, William Pitt, in a similar way. Pitt was the familiar friend of William Wilberforce, the philanthropist, and the father of the bishop. Doubtless he learned from Pitt this method of cultivating the faculty of thinking and speaking on one's legs.

## A Peculiar Friendship.

"The most peculiar friendship I ever saw formed was one between a hawk and a rooster," said a traveler recently. "One day, when living on a farm in western Pennsylvania, I shot and wounded a hawk. When I picked up the bird I found that its wings were broken, but otherwise it was uninjured. My sister begged that the creature's life be spared, and the request was granted. Within a few days the hawk had become quite tame and would come to us for its food when we called it. The chickens were greatly frightened at its presence, and kept up considerable fuss. This soon wore off, and in a short time its presence was taken as a matter of course. The bird was tied to a stake in the back yard, and the fowls would go several times a day to look at him. One rooster more courageous than the rest, concluded to get acquainted with the enemy. In some way they succeeded in communicating together and establishing a bond of friendship. They were constantly together, and after the hawk's wounds had healed and he was liberated he would spend a portion of each day with his friend, the rooster, paying no attention to the other chickens. In some way he must have told the other hawks that our flock was under his especial care, for we were never troubled with them afterward, although before that we had lost a great many chickens."

## JUNIOR'S CORRESPONDENTS.

The children who read The Junior letters can gain some idea of how many of their far away playmates read their little paper by noticing the states from which the letters come. There is not a state in the union which is not represented at one time or another, and several have come from far off Canada, from a little girl who says that her aunt in Georgia sends her The Junior every week.

This is as it should be. These bright letters give the children a great deal of information about all parts of their native land and help to impress them with the unity of this great country, where boys and girls, thousands of miles apart, are reading and studying the same thing—speaking, writing, playing and thinking just alike, and all growing up to be fellow citizens in the greatest nation on earth. There are many things to be learned from time to time in this department, but this is one lesson that is present at all times and we think that the children will agree with us that it is a great and noble one.

Ida Jimmie Ragsdale, Edgewood, Ga.—Dear Junior: I live at Edgewood, but my sister and myself go in the Inman Park car to Miss Beck's school. We have a pet Newfoundland dog that runs to meet us when we come home, and takes our lunch basket for us.

I will try to answer Judson L. Moore's question: The first locomotive was patented by Watts, 1769, made by Cugnot (French), in 1769.

I will ask a question: Which verse in the Bible contains all the letters of the alphabet except the letter J?

Charley Thracer, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Junior: Since my first letter has been printed I will see how fares a second one. I notice that many of the cousins say that they have no pretty scenery near them. I advise them to get a camera and devote their leisure moments to amateur photography. In this way your eyes become trained and you see many beauties you would otherwise miss.

In the past two weeks I have taken many pictures with a "Kombé" and the pictures have cost less than a cent apiece. I will send any boy or girl a picture of the state capitol or other Atlanta scenery if they will send a stamp.

James O'Neal, Wabash, Ind.—Dear Junior: I am five years old. My papa is a doctor. I like to be in his office. I am writing on his typewriter. He is telling me. I have but one pet, a kitten. I have a sled, and like to play out doors in the snow. I like for papa to read me the letters from the little boys in The Constitution, Junior.

Jessie Richards, Mississippi.—Dear Junior: I would fail to interest our readers by a letter of description, for truly nature has reserved all her display of picturesque scenery for other climes, but we are proud of our fertile lands and good school facilities. Pardon me for personal allusions, and I'll tell you of myself. I am thirteen years old; have a left hand only. I can sew, embroider and do anything. I'm now going to school. We have a teacher that loves her work, and it is but natural for the pupils to be interested when subjects are presented in a natural way—when the subject is made the study, and not the textbook wholly.

My most interesting studies are arithmetic and anatomy. We have just finished partial payments in arithmetic. Imagine my delight when I succeeded in working my first! Betsy Hamilton's wedding seems so real that we almost believe them so. Believe me a lover of The Constitution, Junior.

H. Louise.—Dear Junior: I have at last decided to try my luck and write a little something to The Junior. Papa gets The Constitution every Sunday, and I always read The Junior. I am very much interested in the letters and school notes, and think "Little Mr. Thimblefinger's" stories real amusing. I hope they will be continued for a long time yet.

Charley Thracer, I think it would be nice to have a correspondence club and I am sure I will do all I can to assist, for I am very fond of writing. Will some one please answer these questions for me:

1. When was the national flag—the stars and stripes—adopted?

What president was a good fiddler?

In what war was Lincoln a captain and Jeff Davis a lieutenant?

What president was buried at the expense of his relatives?

Papa is supervisor of the upper division of the Southern railroad. I have relatives living in Atlanta. I wonder if they will know me, but guess not. I am the oldest child. I am five feet four inches tall, weigh 105 pounds, have dark blue eyes, fair complexion and light hair.

Ruth Barrett, Washington, Ga.—Here I come again in the midst of your greatly improved circle. This morning I am going horseback riding with my sister. I wonder how many of the girls like it as well as I do. I go to school to Miss Annie Jackson, and I don't think she has a single scholar but what loves her very much. It is a country school of forty scholars, but we call it Thaxton college. I haven't been to school in two weeks on account of the bad weather.

I have had such a nice time since the snow has been on the ground sleigh riding, skating and snowballing. The snow was eight or ten inches deep here. The people around here say it has been the worst weather they have seen in a long time. I like The Junior very much. My sisters and I have a race every week for the mail to see who can get The Junior and The Youth's Companion first.

I will ask a few questions:

Where was Jesus when Satan tempted Him to turn stones into bread?

Who walked on the water to meet the disciples?

Who instituted the Lord's supper?

Mattie Lou Erwin, West Point, Ga.—Dear Junior: Will you let a little girl of eight summers join your happy circle? I have a pet cat, and my brother has one, also. I go to the public school, which is on the east side of the river. My brother likes to read The Constitution Junior, and so do I. We go to Sunday school every Sunday when the weather is good.

Marie Louise Smith, Gainesville, Ga.—Dear Junior: It has been very cold here, the thermometer went down to 6 degrees below zero, and snow has been on the ground for nearly two weeks. I could not go to school last week, because the snow was too deep. I attend school at the Georgia Female seminary. I will answer the question asked by Judson L. Moore: The first locomotive was invented in 1825, by Peter Cooper. Now I will ask two questions: When and what was the first message ever sent by a recording telegraph,

and between what two places was the message sent?

Alex G. Caison, Taylors Creek, Ga.—Having long been a silent admirer of The Constitution, I will try and write a letter. I am a farmer's son, living in the grand old state of Georgia. My father takes The Constitution, and I had rather read it than any other paper in the south. It is so interesting. I think the Junior is improving very much.

I live on the banks of the Conochee river. It is a beautiful place to play. Sister and myself went hickorynut hunting and found a good many nuts. How many of you like to hunt? I, for one. There is lots of game around here, and I like to go fishing. I will close for the time, with best wishes to the dear old Constitution Junior.

Annie Holland, New Holland Springs, Ga.—I live on a farm two miles north of Gainesville. We have a large school—the Georgia Female seminary. I go to school at home, but I take music lessons at the seminary. I am fond of music, and practice an hour each day. I have a fine hunting dog; his name is Boss. I send 10 cents for the children's ward of the Grady hospital.

Leon Kirk McNeese, Handle, Miss.—Dear Junior: My Grandpa Kirk is a subscriber to The Constitution, and I dearly love to read The Junior. I am twelve years old, am the oldest of five children, and you may know I have to hustle. Brother Clayton and I go to school to Professor Bryan. I love to study, and, if I had nothing else to do, I would be reading something all the time. I wish to ask The Junior readers two questions: Who is called the father of American literature? Who is called the Quaker poet?

A. F. Evans and R. M. Blount, Waynesboro, Ga.—Dear Junior: As we have seen but one letter from Burke, we thought we would write.

Waynesboro has four churches, viz: The Baptist, the Presbyterian, the Methodist and the Episcopal, which is just finished.

The population of Waynesboro is about 1,800.

There has been a club organized, called the "Dime Club," for the benefit of the South Georgia Orphans' home, at Macon.

The Constitution is a welcome visitor to our homes. We like the story of "Little Mr. Thimblefinger" very much.

The ground has been covered with snow since Monday morning. The thermometer went down to 6 degrees below zero just before the snow.

Waynesboro has a flourishing school, with about 150 pupils and five teachers. The principal of the academy has been very sick for the last few weeks, and his son has taken his place.

We will close by asking one question: Where was the last battle of the civil war fought?

Omah Orr, Mount Moriah, Ark.—Dear Junior: Will you let a little girl of thirteen join your happy band? I have never seen a letter from this state, and I thought I would write one, and my cousin is writing, too. I like The Constitution. Papa has been taking it about seventeen years. I am always glad when Wednesday comes that I can read it. Our school is out now and I am very sorry. When I go to school I study history, geography, grammar, arithmetic and spelling.

Haley Johnson, Dawson, Ga.—Dear Junior: As I have never seen a letter from Dawson in The Junior I will try to write a short one. I live four miles from Dawson, on a farm. I think The Junior is an interesting little paper. I go to school at the Terrell academy. My teacher is Miss Orrie Parker. I am studying geography, history of the United States, grammar, Latin and many other books. I will ask one question. How many square miles are there in the Pacific ocean?

Annie Orr, Mount Moriah, Ark.—Dear Junior: Will you let a little girl twelve years old join your happy band? I have been reading The Junior and it made me want to write, for I like to read it. I have been going to school this winter, and it was out last week, and I was very sorry. I study history, arithmetic, geography, grammar, fourth reader and spelling. I am a little farmer and I picked cotton last fall and papa sold it for 5 cents.

Frank Spenly, Milledgeville, Ga.—Dear Junior: Will you admit another little boy of eleven into your happy band of boys and girls? I go to the model school of the Georgia Normal and Industrial college. I study reading, spelling, arithmetic and geography. The Junior and The Youth's Companion are my favorite papers. I enjoy reading the cousins' letters ever so much. The Oconee river is about a half mile from this city. The climate is very pleasant here, but we have had three snows this winter. I want to ask this question: Why is a stick of candy like a race horse? I send 10 cents for the Grady hospital.

Elmer Proctor, Denver, N. C.—Dear Junior: I live in Denver, N. C., near the Anderson mountains. I want to write a short letter and tell the boys and girls about the big snows, etc., we are having. It snowed on the 15th and 16th of the month until it was eleven inches deep, which is still on the ground. I have had a fine time hunting with my papa and Mr. Goodyear in the snow. They kill all the rabbits and birds that we can well carry. My papa killed several birds at one shot and nine at another. They were huddled in the snow. The last time they went hunting the snow was so deep they could not let me and my brother go, so, after they had gone my brother and myself slipped off to hunt by ourselves. We found a rabbit near our home sitting in the deep snow. I just fell on it and caught it before it could get away. He scratched my hand some, but I held on to it. This is the first rabbit I ever caught. We have a great many birds and rabbits in our country. There was a party of hunters that came to our town from Philadelphia this winter to shoot birds, quail, as they call them. They killed one hundred the first day.

Annie Britt Blackwell, Townsville, N. C.—I am a little girl, ten years old. My papa is a farmer, and raises oats, wheat, corn, tobacco and potatoes. I have a little sister named Susie, and she is staying with my older sister at Creedmore. I get very lonesome without her. My only pets are two little puppies named Flinn and Pharaoh. My school will be out next week, and I will be sorry.

Papa takes The Constitution, and I enjoy reading The Junior.

Albert Williams, Hamilton, Ga.—Dear Junior: I am very much interested in The Constitution, Junior. I like the story of "Little Mr. Thimblefinger" very much. I am ten years old now, and am going to school. My teacher is Miss Minnie. I like her very much. She has offered a prize for the boy or girl that will go one hundred days without missing a word this term. I have two sisters and one brother, all younger than myself.



NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

In the School of Brienne.—His War Genius Foreshadowed by John Clark Ridpath.

III.—AUTUN AND BRIENNE. The old town of Autun lies on the left bank of the Arroux, 164 miles southeast of Paris. Here the boys Buonaparte were put to school in January of 1779. The town is an epitome of European history. It was the capital of the brave Aedua, whom Caesar overcame in the first year of the Gallic war. The place from being a Roman oppidum became barbarian again. The Vandals had it, then the Burgundians, then the Huns, then the Franks, then the Saracens, then the Normans, and once the English. Of these vicissitudes the monu-



NAPOLEON AT TWENTY-TWO.

mental traces remained when Napoleon, in his tenth year, arrived at the gates. He was put under charge of the Abbe Chardon, nephew of the General Marboeuf. The latter devoted himself to the interests of the Buonaparte family and paid a part of the expenses. The plan of Carlo Buonaparte and his friend, the general, was to give to both the boys a military education. It was deemed expedient that they should first learn French in the school of the abbe, at Autun. To this work they were put on their arrival, and in about three months they were reckoned sufficiently advanced to begin a regular course of instruction in some military establishment.

Meanwhile the father and Marboeuf had gone to Versailles and were assiduous in their efforts to get the boys established as pensioners. The solicitation was that the young fellows should be educated at the expense of the state. Marboeuf invented a fiction, flecked with fact, about the nobility of his wards, and the petition was granted finally as to Napoleon. But Joseph had now passed the limit of his eleventh year, and was no longer eligible—unless by violation of law. He must, therefore be diverted to the priesthood, while the younger brother was assigned, at the public charge, to the military academy at Brienne-la-Chapelle, on the right bank of the Aube, in the department of the same name, 118 miles from Paris. Thither he was transferred in the latter part of April, 1779, and was admitted as a cadet.

At Autun, the chief business had been to teach him French. He applied himself closely to this task, but not very successfully. He learned to speak French, brokenly, with an Italian accent. To the end of his life he never acquired a nice knowledge of the adopted tongue. His grammar was broken, his composition thunderstruck and his spelling heretical. His practical knowledge of the language which he was destined to use for forty-two years in his intercourse with men was sufficient; but his mind was never tolerant of technicalities. These he slurred over with impetuous impatience, as though they were insignificant details fit for children.

This trait of neglecting the exactitudes was strongly manifested from Napoleon's childhood. He went as far as the practical in whatever subject he touched; but having seized thus much, he cared for nothing else. He desired correctness in others, for that was useful to him; but as for himself, he wanted only aggregate results and a knowledge of their practical advantage. All authors have commented on the inaccuracies and lapses in the Napoleonic correspondence and manuscripts. It became his habit to slur over, in his rapid way, the errors in his writing; and his arrogance seemed to convince him that, while correct spelling was an accomplishment in pedagogues, it was rather a fault in great men.

His teacher, the abbe, has left a sketch of the lad, as he was at Autun, entirely consistent with what we know of his antecedent and subsequent character. The young Bonaparte is described by his master as being of solemn demeanor, rarely laughing, never happy or mirthful; no disposition for playing, proud and solitary, easily wounded, always resentful, learning with lightning-like rapidity, but stopping short of correctness; vain of his faculties, patriotism almost morbid, disliking the powerful foreign race with which his lot had been cast, looking back regretfully to Corsica and (most unboylike) thinking more of his country than he did of his home and mother.

corded of him that he said in one of his playground disputes: "Paoli was a great general, and I should much like to emulate him!"

The military academy at Brienne was one of ten of like kind recently established in the kingdom. Besides these, there were two higher schools, one at Paris and the other at La Fleche. This system had superseded another which had failed on account of its unpopularity. The military education and the right thereto was a plum for the nobles. Boys of the third estate had therein no part or lot. In the schools were gathered the weakened reproductions of a moribund nobility. The governors of the schools were even as the cadets. The institutions degenerated, until there was a popular reaction against them. There was a reform, headed by the church. New schools were established, and monks were put in charge of them.

At the time when the boy Napoleon went to Brienne, the remarkable condition was presented of a system of military schools in charge of the monastic fathers. The criticism was as if West Point and Annapolis should be put under the administration of a general conference! The Brienne academy was conducted by the Minim fathers, good men in their way, but as sources of inspiration to lads with the gleam of military glory in their brains they were mere dullness and obfuscation! The courses of study were in mathematics, geography, history, Latin, modern languages, philosophy and such poor misnamed science as might be squeezed from the sponge of clerical dogmatism in the eighteenth century.

Such was the disciplinary fare which was offered to the boy Napoleon. He was now far removed from friends and kinsmen. He made the acquaintance of his schoolmates; admired one of them, Bourienne, and seemed to love another—Des Mazis; but his character and manner were rocks of offense to the rest of the hundred and fifty. Nothing more striking has been presented in personal annals than the contrast which the poor Corsican lad, with his solemn face, long, stiff black hair, haughty expression, close shut Italian mouth, solitary pride of bearing and unfashionable insular suit, afforded to the throng of noble, mocking, effeminate among whom he was washed up as from the sea.

On his entrance into the academy—which was a clean, well-ordered place—Napoleon brought from the Abbe Chardon certificates of moderate proficiency and the usual character sketch of himself as a pupil. But nothing protected him from the inane animosity of his fellows. They jeered at him in a manner that would have driven a less resolute spirit to despair. Had he been complaisant he might easily have won peace, if not popularity, but his defiant air seemed to challenge the attacks of the contemptuous crowd.

Deep down in the situation lay the provocation of poverty. The boy perceived the disparagement to which he was subjected on this score; and it maddened him not a little. His most troublesome characteristic was this—that he would not follow in anything. He would lead. He would be first or nothing. Assumption of leadership and the air of it brought on him still greater contumely. The bitterness of the situation sometimes came to the verge of bloodshed. Once he got himself arrested for challenging another to fight him on account of an insulting remark about his father. The sullen boy went muttering to the guard-house. Nor was he restored to condition until Marboeuf had interceded in person with the authorities.

Getting his liberty, Napoleon sought his own company more than ever. For exercise he cultivated a small piece of ground as a garden. There was a hedge round about, and here he could be alone in his keep. All the while he applied himself, with great diligence and concentration of mind, to those studies which he preferred. Such was his willfulness that he virtually made his own curriculum. While becoming proficient in geography, history and mathematics, he neglected the languages, giving indeed to all the politer branches only such modicum of attention as was absolutely demanded.

Out of this epoch come some well-known stories of the student Bonaparte at Brienne. In course of time, his fellow-cadets, understanding him better, became first tolerant, and then friendly. Friendship in the case of the proud and arbitrary cadet meant subjection to his will. While he could not be companionable in sports, he could and would command. The existence of the tradition about his dividing his fellows into two armies, building a fort in winter out of snow (building it, too, according to the principles of good engineering!) making a siege, with snowballs for bombs, and with all the seriousness of Genghis Khan carrying the place by storm, may well attest his disposition and growing ascendancy at the academy.

The young Napoleon remained at Brienne from April, of 1779, to the year 1784. The Inspector Keralio, coming from Paris to the military school, discerned in the slender cadet from Ajaccio the hints of promise. The method was in such cases to send up students from the minor academies to the military school of Paris. Sometimes promotion was made directly to the navy; and this was considered a great honor. It appears that the Inspector would have had Cadet Bonaparte sent to the fleet, but the officer died before his wish could be fulfilled.

Accordingly, at the end of Napoleon's course at Brienne, he was recommended for promotion to the military school in Paris. At this time, namely, in 1784, when Napoleon was in his sixteenth year, he was personally described by the Inspector in the following terms: "M. de Bonaparte (Napoleon), born August 15, 1769. Height, 4 peds, 10 pouces, 10 lignes (equal to 1 meter, 69 centimeters, 3 millimeters; equal to 5 feet, 2 7/8 inches), is in the fourth class; of

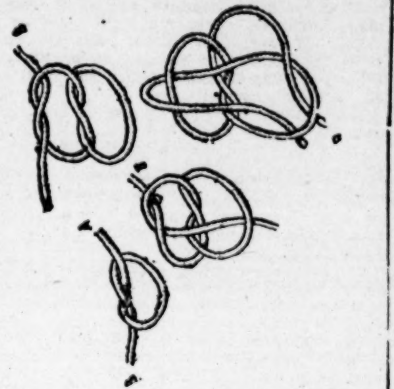
good constitution, excellent health, mild disposition (mistake there, Inspector!). Is upright, grateful; conduct very regular; has been always distinguished for his application to mathematics; is fairly acquainted with history and geography; is weak in all accomplishments (very true, Monsieur de Keralio!) and Latin. He will make an excellent sailor; deserves promotion to the military school in Paris."

The character of young Napoleon at this period of his career reveals in one thing a depth and far-off sight that might well have belonged to the forceful years of his maturity. The thing related to Joseph his brother. From his childhood he had discerned his own natural superiority. Usually the elder subordinates the younger. As early as the coming to Autun, Napoleon excoated the scheme to lodge his brother on the safe ledge of the priesthood. Thus would he have him out of his way! Given a military career for both, and Joseph must be by seniority, before him. But nothing shall be before him. Arguments fit for Richelieu are found why Joseph shall enter the church, rise to distinction, be a monseigneur and by that way, defend, support and advance the prospects of the family of Buonaparte. As for me, I will accept the hardships of the military life; and maybe something beyond! There are on record several subtle communications written by the young cadet, strongly urging the priestly office as the one thing suitable and advantageous for Joseph. Our future king of Naples or Spain or both, willingly obedient to the imperial scepter, shall testify to our prescience and brotherly wisdom!

JOHN CLARK RIDPATH.

Knots Untied by Other Knots.

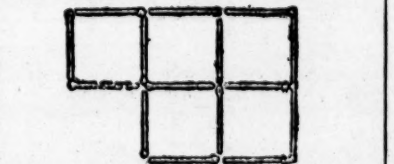
The untying of knots in a string by trying other knots in the same string is a pretty feat, with which those who care to learn it may amuse and mystify those who have



never seen it done. It is quite easy, and there is no trick about it. A careful study of the accompanying diagrams will make it easy to learn the feat, which can be performed with a stout cord or small rope. A simple knot is made, as in the first diagram, and then the second knot is made, forming what is known as a square knot, as shown in the second diagram. The next move is to carry the end of the cord marked "A" downward through the first loop. The third diagram shows the tangle thus formed, and it is such a thorough tangle that



to pull the two ends of the string would make a hard and complicated knot. But the end "A" of the cord is now brought up over the outside of the first loop, and is carried down through the second loop, coming out in the same direction with the end "B." Now, by taking hold of the two ends of the cord and pulling them, the cord may be drawn out perfectly straight, the knots disappearing. The performance may



be made more mystifying by asking a spectator to hold both ends of the cord, while the operator, concealing the knotted portion in his hands, rubs the knots out, leaving the spectator in possession of a smooth and unbroken string. Possibly the spectator may follow the whole operation so closely as to be able to perform it himself on the first trial, but he will be apt to make a mistake in forming the second loop and reverse the twist shown in the second diagram. In that case he will succeed only in tying a knot that will be difficult to unite after the attempt is made to pull the cord straight.

Two Shrewd Traders.

A certain baker in a French town obtained his supply of butter from a farmer in the neighborhood. One day he discovered that the pats, which were supposed to weigh three pounds each, were not up to the standard, and further examination revealed a steady diminution in weight. At last the baker lodged a formal complaint against the farmer, and the affair was brought before the local court. "Have you scales?" inquired the magistrate. "Yes, your honor," was the reply. "Have you weights?" continued the magistrate. An answer, this time in the negative, was as promptly given. "Then how did you manage to weigh your butter?" asked the magistrate. Then the farmer related that, ever since the baker had taken his butter, he had returned the compliment by buying his bread. The baker supplied him with three-

pound loaves, and he had used them as weights for his butter. "I was his fault, not mine, if the weight is not correct," added the farmer, who was speedily acquitted, and left the court in triumph. Since the trial, the farmer has been supplied with more than his due weight of bread; but he has iron weights now, and the baker gets three-pound pats, and not an ounce more.

Tiny Deer from Java.

On board the sailing vessel William H. Macy, which has just returned from a voyage to Japan and is tied up at Dows's Stores, Brooklyn, are two of the tiniest deer ever brought to this country. About eight months ago Captain J. A. Amsbury purchased them in Java of natives. They are about twelve inches high and fifteen



inches long. Their heads resemble those of mice, and, indeed, the animals are much like the mouse deer imported from India last summer by O. H. P. Belmont for his Middletown, Conn., menagerie. Although the muzzle is greatly elongated in proportion to the body, yet the entire head is but about four inches long. Their limpid eyes are about the size of dimes, and have a sorrowful appearance, which may be due to a bereavement in the loss of a little fawn not larger than a wharf rat, which was born during a storm at sea and lived but a few hours. They were crippled by weather and rough seas.

Some War Anecdotes.

To this day many of the older negroes at the south talk proudly and affectionately of their old masters and mistresses. How thoroughly a kindly treated slave identified himself with the family of his owner is well shown by this little war anecdote related by The Southern Bivouac:

"The two boys of a Florida household had been drafted and ordered to Pensacola. They were mere lads, and when it came to the final leave-taking many tears were shed on both sides. In the midst of the affecting scene the old black mammy thrust herself forward.

"Now, young massa," she said, 'stop dis-hyer cryin'. Go an' fight for your country like men, an' mind, don't disgrace the family, nor me nuther.'"

The Southern Bivouac also quotes a story of a negro, John Williams, who, filled with zeal for his master's cause, accompanied a Georgia regiment to the army of General Floyd. The campaign was unsuccessful, and John, becoming homesick, was allowed to depart. Before starting he went to say goodbye to the general.

"So you are going to leave us, John?" said General Floyd.

"Yes, Marse Floyd. It 'pears like I can do more good at home now dan bein' here; so I t'ough I'd go home and 'courage up our people to hold on.'"

"That's right, John. But are you going to tell 'em you left us running from the yankees?"

"No, sir; no, Marse Floyd, dat I ain't. You may pend on my not tellin' nothin' to 'moralize dem people.'"

"But how will you get around telling them, John?"

"Easy 'nough, Marse Floyd. It won't do to 'moralize dem people. I'm goin' to tell 'em dat when I lef' de army it was in fir-rate sperrits, an' dat, owin' to de situation ob de country, an' de way de lan' lay, we was a-advancin' back'ards, and de y nkees was a-retreatin' for'ards.'"

Odds and Ends.

"I am not well," said the glass eater. "What's the matter?" asked the ossified humorist. "Got a pane in your stomach?"

Prison Visitor—Why are you here, my poor man? Convict—Because I can't get out! That's why I'm here.

"Why do they call these blackberries?" asked the small boy of the grocer. "Because they are black," was the prompt reply.

"Then why do they call these other black ones raspberries?" "Because—because—You move on! What are you hanging around here for, anyhow?"

The Stag.

(By Walter C. Barnwell.) For The Junior, Deep in the forest, on untrodden ground, List to the baying of the hound, While louder, louder the cry I hear As if the prey were growling near.

I crouch secluded in my boat, And watch the dry leaves softly float, I peer through the underwood and see A stately buck just on the lea.

He bounds along the silent shore, But that brave stag will bound no more, For hounds are on his every side; Their baying sounds through woodlands wide.

The dogs are driven off, and he Takes to the water, as I see, He swims along with ease and grace, The dogs are in—begins the race.

I follow in my lonely boat; The sun shines on his glistening coat— His towering antlers now I see Are drawing to the farther lea.

The dogs are near his lordship's heels; He touches land, and lo! he reels— The antler'd monarch wheels around And with his forepaw strikes the ground.

My gun is leveled—its ball of lead Speeds on its way—the monarch's dead!







# DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON

## New Silks.

Such a collection as one rarely has the opportunity of seeing—the new things are remarkably interesting—a decided departure from beaten tracks. Taffeta Plisses in wide and narrow striped effects and a grand array of colors. Brocaded and Striped Taffetas—Gros de Londres and Louisines—for waists and costumes. Black Satins from 75c to \$3 per yard. No better values in America. Wash Silks, Trimming Silks and all the good things in complete assortment.

## Dress Goods.

Our strongest and surest hold on the public—a department without an equal in this part of the land.

New Wool and Raw Silk mixed Suitings, 42 inches wide and a lovely fabric, 50c  
42-inch Illuminated Cheviots, in silk and wool—a choice array of styles, 85c  
50-inch Navy Storm Serge, medium twill, the popular cloth for all around wear, 85c  
All Wool mixed Cheviots, just in—the latest 1895 ideas and color blendings, 35c  
25 pieces mixed Cheviots, striped effects and solid colored, 36 in. Dress Goods—never less than 25c—on bargain table at 19c  
New spring Dress Goods, silk and wool mixed novelties—very choice styles, \$1.25  
Crepon and Frosted Crepon Suits—only one of a sort and very pretty, \$17.50 and \$10

## Black Goods.

Scarcely a new day arrives that we cannot show something new in Black Goods. Just now the department is overflowing with new and modish stuffs.

Crepon with bubble like spots on the crinkled ground, 46 inches wide, Price \$2  
Light weight Crepon, 42 inches wide, with crinkled stripe of mohair, Price \$1.50  
Ploughed Crepon, woven design—just the cloth for a really elegant costume or skirt—45 inches wide, Price \$2.50  
Diagonal wool Mohair, 45 inches wide—an excellent fabric—Price \$1.25  
Figured Mohair, 38 inches wide, Price 39c  
46-inch Wool and Mohair, figured Crepe Cloth, Special Price 75c

## SHOES.

We want your trade for Shoes. The bargains we offer here should induce you to look at the goods. Can you afford to ignore your interest and pay more elsewhere?

Ladies' Vici Kid Button Boots, thin, flexible soles, extension and medium soles, exactly like cut. Every Shoe warranted to give perfect satisfaction. \$3.00 and \$2.50. Cloth tops or Kid tops. But ton or lace. SHAPE EXACTLY LIKE CUT.

MEN'S.....\$3.00  
BOYS'.....\$2.00  
YOUTHS'.....\$1.75

WING TIP SHOES  
Exactly Like Cut  
\$3, \$2, \$1.75 Pair.

## Ladies' 1 Strap SANDALS.

Satin or Kid, White, Pink, Tan, Rose, Blue, Yellow or cream—exactly like cut.

These Sandals being \$2.50 and \$3.00 a pair usually. They are perfect goods, but we have too many and want to sell quickly.

## \$1.50 On Bargain Counters:

Ladies' Shoes, worth not less than \$2.00 to \$2.50—Dongola plant Kid, Heel and Spring Heel, Cloth and Kid Tops, 11 buttons, Patent Leather Tips, Square and Pointed Toes, Medium Heels.

We received Saturday, too late for enumeration in this ad., a big shipment of new Spring Silks and Dress Goods, including the very latest and best of the world's productions. The materials are particularly attractive this season, and it is a real treat to look over so comprehensive a line as we are now showing. The new arrivals have all been marked and placed on sale, and make an exhibit worthy a critical inspection.

## Hosiery

One case Ladies' lisle thread Hose, 110 dozen, fast black, warranted not to crack, 25c pair  
50 dozen Gents' fast black Lisle thread Half Hose, 25c pair  
100 dozen Boys' and Misses' fast black ribbed Hose, light, medium and extra heavy weight, double heel, toe and knee, 25c pair  
6 pairs for \$1.35  
120 dozen Ladies' fast black Hose, silk and velvet finish, high spliced heel and double toe, made of real Maco cotton, 25c pair  
80 dozen Infants' fast black fine ribbed Hose, 15c and 25c pair

50 dozen Gents' and Boys' foot ball and bicycle hose, 25c, 33c and 50c pair  
Ladies' out size, extra wide Hose, fast black and unbleached, 25c, 33c and 50c pair

## Handkerchiefs.

Men's full size all linen white hemstitched Handkerchiefs, as good as anybody's 20c handkerchiefs, Here 15c  
Ladies' all pure linen soft finish hemstitched Handkerchiefs, the best thing ever shown for anything like the money, Each 10c  
Children's colored border hemstitched Handkerchiefs, a very attractive line of patterns, Each 5c  
Men's linen finish, cambric, tape-bordered Handkerchiefs, strong quality, full size, Each 5c  
Men's hemstitched colored border Handkerchiefs, a beautiful assortment of borders, Each 10c

## Men's Furnishing Goods.

White unlaundried Shirts, reinforced front and back, 35c each, 3 for \$1.00  
Men's white laundried Dress Shirts, box and single plait, all sizes, 50c Each  
Men's white unlaundried Shirts, sixteen inch, fine linen set in bosom, double front and back, patent inserted sleeves, extra good quality muslin, 50c Each  
Men's laundried Dress Shirts, fine quality, D. T. & D. silk woven monogram in neck of each shirt, all sizes and sleeve lengths, 75c each  
Men's Night Shirts, in cotton flannel, bleached drilling and warranted muslin, universal brand, all sizes, 75c each  
Men's Suspenders in black, white and all colors, non-elastic web, elastic cord ends, the workers' kind, wear well, 25c each  
Men's silk Neckwear in Tecks, Bows, Club, Ties and Four-in-Hands, blacks silk, satin and all the new weaves, 25c each  
New lot Boys' and Children's silk Windsor Ties in solid colors and plaids, both china and surah silks, 25c each

## Stationery.

No concern anywhere sell Stationery at such low prices as D. T. & D. Real Irish linen Note Paper, commercial and octavo sizes, ruled or plain, per quire 5c, a quarter ream package For 25c  
Envelopes to match both sizes of our real Irish linen paper, Per package 5c  
Fine Tinted Papers, all the fashionable tints, size to suit, Per box 25c

## WRITING TABLETS.

That big sale of Tablets and Writing Pads, all sorts and sizes, worth up to 35c each, on sale a day or two longer, 2 for 5c  
10,000 of these Tablets sold last week. They are wonders.

## Notions.

Hard rubber Dressing Combs, 10c  
Side Combs, long or short styles, pair, 10c  
Metal top Side Combs, new styles, pair, 25c  
Gold and silver enameled link Cuff Buttons, pair, 25c  
Celluloid handle steel Nail Files, each, 25c  
Hard wood back, fine bristle Hair Brushes, 35c  
German Silver Match Safes, 50c  
Talcum Toilet Powder, 19c

## ... THAT ... :BASEMENT:

The place where people have learned to come to save their money.  
Dress Goods, desirable styles, 36 inches wide, the kind of goods usually shown at 25c yard, Here 12 1-2c  
Ladies' well made muslin Drawers, good quality domestic, Pair 19c  
Ladies' Gowns, made of excellent domestic, cut full width and length, cluster tucked yoke and Beading trimmed, Each 50c  
5,000 yards Hamburg and Jacobet Embroidery, should be 5 & 7 1-2c, Basement price 3c  
Fine printed Dimities, in lengths from 6 to 10 yards, value, 12 1-2c, Price 7 1-2c  
Standard Spring Gingham, excellent styles, 5c  
Household Ammonia, full strength, 5c  
New Spring Calicoes, Indigo Calicoes, and Red and Black Calicoes, 5c  
Sea Island, yard wide, smooth even quality, 5c  
Ten quarter Sheet, unbleached, strong and even quality 12 1-2c  
Cotton Flannel, excellent quality, 5c  
A 1 yard wide Bleaching, 5c  
Towel Crash, big lot at a very special price, 4c  
Big Towels—outmeal weave—size 20 by 36, excellent value, Price 10c  
Turkey Red Table Damask—you will be surprised at the quality, 25c  
Spool Silk, full hundred yard spools, black and all colors, 5c  
Spool Cotton, good quality, dozen spools for, 25c  
Pure Castile Soap, box of 6 cakes for, 10c

## Crockery Department.

CHAMBER SETS,  
10 piece Chamber Set, English porcelain ware, assorted decorations, blue, brown and pink, worth \$3.50, will go at, \$3.35  
10 piece Chamber Sets, assorted decoration and shapes, gold lines, filled in decoration, worth \$5.50, will go at, \$4.00  
10 piece Chamber Sets, solid ground body, hand painted in delicate tints, stippled gold, worth \$7.50, at, \$5.00  
Cups and Saucers, Vienna china, gold band, worth per set \$1.00, will go at, 75c  
Plates to match, per set, 75c

## Indian Baskets.

All manner of kinds, shapes, colors and sizes up to large Clothes Baskets, to be closed out. We have added so largely to our Crockery Department that we find we haven't space for Baskets, and will close them out at a price that will interest.  
Baskets that were 25c, at, 16c  
Baskets that were 30c, at, 18c  
Baskets that were 35c, at, 25c  
Baskets that were 50c, at, 35c  
Baskets that were 75c, at, 50c  
Baskets that were \$1.00, at, 75c  
Baskets that were \$1.25, at, 90c  
Clothes Baskets, large, that were \$2.50, at, \$2.00  
Clothes Baskets, large, that were \$2.25, at, \$1.75  
Clothes Baskets, large, that were \$2.00, at, \$1.60

## Yellow and Rockingham Ware

Pie Plates, 7 inch, Each 5c  
Pie Plates, 8 inch, Each 7c  
Baking Dishes, 6 inch, Each 7c  
Baking Dishes, 7 inch, Each 8c  
Baking Dishes, 9 inch, Each 10c  
Bowls, 2 pints, Each 4c  
Bowls, 3 pints, Each 5c  
Bowls, 4 pints, Each 6c  
Butter Jars, 1 1-2 qts, Each 20c  
Butter Jars, 2 qts, Each 25c  
Butter Jars, 3 qts, Each 35c  
Nappies or Pudding Dishes, 3 inch, Each 4c  
Nappies or Pudding Dishes, 4 inch, Each 5c  
Nappies or Pudding Dishes, 5 inch, Each 6c  
Mugs, 1 pint, Each 5c  
Mugs, 2 pint, Each 10c

## Soaps.

A lot of fine Toilet Soaps, by the best makers in the land.  
Kinds sold always up to 20c cake, special price 7c.  
Box of 3 cakes 21c  
Our famous Rose, Buttermilk and Cold Cream Soap, elegantly put up, an elegant soap, 5c cake, Box for 15c

## Stamped Linens.

Note the big lot of stamped Sofa Pillow Covers, Center Pieces, Tidies, etc.—all new designs, and on fine grade material, Each 15c

## Muslin Underwear

Continuation sale of Gowns—fine quality, full length and width, lace or embroidery trimmed, high or V neck, Each 75c

## Embroidered Flannels.

Silk embroidery on yard wide Gilbert Flannels.  
Hemstitched and embroidered Flannel, neat design, 75c  
Hemstitched Flannel, elaborate design of heavy embroidery, \$1

Yard wide, strictly all linen Lawn, the sensible white material for wear, 35c yd.

36-inch soft finish all Linen Lawn, a most excellent material and specially good for underwear, Price 45c

## Sheets and Cases.

10-4 Sheets, hemmed ready for use, a pair, \$1.15  
9-4 Sheets, hemmed ready for use, a pair for \$1.00  
Hemstitched Sheets, size 90 by 93 inches, excellent quality sheeting, the pair for \$1.75  
Hemmed Pillow Cases, size 45 by 36 inches, Each 10c

## Table Linens.

Our new line has just been put on sale. Beautiful goods and low prices.

Cream Table Damask, all pure flax, very special value at 27 1/2c  
62-inch bleached Satin Damask—new lot of patterns—special price, 50c yd.  
Bleached Satin Damask, full two yards wide—an unusually select line of patterns and an excellent quality, Price 75c  
At \$1 we show the Linen of the land—full two yards wide—double Satin Damask, new and popular patterns; three-quarter Napkins to match any of the patterns, \$2.50 doz.

## Towels.

Pure linen Damask Towels, knotted fringe, extra size, 25 by 50 inches, Each 25c  
Bleached Crepe Towel, size 20 by 44 inches, heavy and strongly made, Each 10c.

## New Percales

During the past week we added a hundred pieces of new Percales to our big line. The assortment is unquestionably the greatest Atlanta has ever seen—quality the best, Price 12 1/2c

## New South Comforts.

Almost like down—fully as light weight—covered with Silkaline, lined with Gossamer Cloth, Each \$2.25

## Knit Underwear.

Men's Drawers in natural gray, odd lot on counter to close, 39c  
Men's white and natural Merino Shirts and Drawers in heavy and medium weights, 50c garment  
Men's fine quality heavy wool Shirts in brown and gray, no drawers left, will sell at \$1.00 each  
Men's white wool Shirts and Drawers; some pieces are regular made, a great bargain at 75c each.

## Free Drinks :

Hot or cold, at our Soda Fountain. Ask the salesman who serves you for tickets

## Samples Free - - -

Bell's Pine Tar Soap, a sample cake of good size free; Buffalo Soap Powder, large size sample box free. Call for them in That Basement.

## Our Catalogues

Will be ready in a short time and will be mailed free to out of town customers.

# DOUGLAS, THOMAS & DAVISON

## CARPETS... ...MATTINGS... ... CURTAINS

We cordially invite you to look over the new things we are showing. It is our business principle to turn over stock rapidly, therefore we offer special inducements to buyers now, for whatever was on hand from last season.

## Moquettes, Body Brussels and Velvets == 85c Yard. ==

Ingrains, all wool, yard wide, 50c yard.  
Heavy mixed Ingrains 25c yard.  
LACE CURTAINS, that were \$1.50, now \$1.00 pair.  
Heavy China Matting, \$6.50 quality, \$4.75 roll of 40 yards.  
Inlaid Reversible and Linen Warp Matting 35c, 30c, 25c and 20c yard.  
Out of Town Customers Write Us for Samples.

## White Goods .: .:

The most complete, most select, and lowest priced line of proper materials to be seen.

Special lot India Linen, 32 inches wide, a regular 20c No., Special price 12 1-2c.  
Victoria Lawn, 40 inches wide, excellent quality, 7 1-2c yard  
10c Check Nainsook, the best 10c checks you ever saw, all size checks, New price 7 1-2c yard  
India Linen, full yard wide, sheer fine quality, a number never sold before less than 25c, New price 20c  
White Dimities, from the daintiest, smallest checks to the largest plaids. We show an unequalled assortment, worth 25c every yard, 1895 price 20c  
Genuine Jones soft finish Nainsook—you are familiar with their 25c quality; we now sell it to you At 20c  
Imperial Long Cloth, fine and soft, the most sensible of all fabrics for children's clothing and ladies' underwear, Piece of 12 yards for \$1.50

## Your Infants' And Children's Garments

scarcely more than the cost of materials. Don't waste time sewing.  
Infants' Short Dress of white cambric, cluster tucked yoke, box plaited back, Each 60c  
Infants' Short Dress of fine English nainsook, pointed yoke of cluster tucks, sizes 0 to 3, Each 85c  
Infants' Long Dress of cambric, with tucked and embroidered yoke, Each 60c  
Infants' Long Dress of fine Nainsook, round cluster tucked yoke, with edging in neck and sleeves, Each \$1.25  
Children's Drawers, made of excellent domestic, trimmed with cluster tucks and deep hem, hand made button holes, and hand made throughout—sizes 1 and 2, 15c; 3 and 4, 20c; 5 and 6, 25c  
Children's plain Short Skirts, cluster tucks and deep hem, Each 45c  
Children's Short Skirts, made of nice material and embroidery trimmed, Each 75c  
Infants' and Children's double V Waists for all ages, 75c & 50c  
Infants' kid soft sole Shoes, all colors, a very attractive line, at 75c and 50c

## Our Cloak Room

Is just now boasting some superior attractions in new Capes, extra Shirts and Silk Waists. Read about them.

Black surah silk lined waist, full front, stock collar, big sleeves, new style, new price, Each \$3.50  
Black China silk Waist, full shirred front, leg o' mutton sleeves, stock collar and belt, Each \$5.00  
Handsome Waist, made of washable Kaiki silk, in an elaborate array of patterns, Each \$3.90  
Tailor made Skirts of blue cheviot, latest model, Each \$3.00  
New style Skirt, made of all wool navy storm cheviot, a very superior Skirt, For \$3.75  
Blue and black serge Skirts, well made, of very fine quality serge, Each \$4.50  
Real China silk Skirts, crinoline lined, black only, \$7.50  
Silk Skirts, in figured black taffeta and satin duchesse, made just as they should be—the price, Each \$10.00  
Tailor made Capes, military style, finished with many rows of stitching, black and assorted colors, fine grade broadcloth, Each \$5.00  
Black and blue spring Capes, made of fine material, trimmed with ribbon, Vandyke points and jet beading, Each \$5.00  
Fine broadcloth Capes, trimmed with satin and contrasting cloth in braid effect, Each \$7.50  
Silk moire brilliantine Capes, silk lined and perfect in every detail, Each \$10.00  
If still interested in winter garments, we have a few which we will sell at half former values.

## Women

riety the assort solid colors the signs. All are dard of Fashion

Handsome styles Waists, full back \$5.00; our price.

Black India Silk front, and with \$6.75; at.....

Surah Silk Waist stripes of satin, worth \$7.50; at.....

There are dozens cent novelties Silks. See t

Separat know what could Waists you may

Pure Worsted Se blue, worth up to

Full Circular Sk pendable quality

Black Mohair B with percaline, v

Import cheapness—and assortment of sty

\$6.00  
\$8.50  
\$10.00  
\$12.50

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They have come show the followi Gray.....

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Spring the writer will scriptions. The cess before just Here are some n are not extrava

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Satin-fini inch wide

Illuminat Sole with coin dots

French p ground w Silks, pi price.....

Let the pencil For instance: Accordion Plait Black Moire Cre Puffed Taffetas,



## KEELY COMPANY

**Women's Silk Waists!** They have been gathered from the best makers of the country, and for style and variety the assortment is not approached by any other Atlanta house. In addition to blacks and solid colors there is now on display the greatest profusion of modest and brilliant tints and designs. All are perfectly shaped, exquisitely finished and positively up to the supremest standard of Fashion.

Handsome styles in Black Surah and China Silk Waists, full back and front, large sleeves, worth \$5.00; our price..... **\$3.75**  
Black India Silk Waists, made full in back and front, and with the extra large sleeves, worth \$6.75; at..... **\$4.50**  
Surah Silk Waists, black ground with colored stripes of satin, tastefully trimmed, large sleeves, worth \$7.50; at..... **\$6.00**

Illuminated Striped Glace Silk Waists, choice effects, superb styles; every imaginable color, worth \$7.50; our price..... **\$6.00**  
Beautiful Taffeta and Fancy Japan Silk Waists, various color combinations; French crushed collar, worth \$9.00; our price..... **\$6.50**  
Soft Brocaded, Striped and Figured Taffeta and Plaid India Silk Waists, twenty colors, large sleeves and boned, worth \$10; at..... **\$7.50**

There are dozens of other Silk Waists in our stock not mentioned in the foregoing quotations. Magnificent novelties in Satin Duchesse, Armure, Paris Taffeta, Swiss Checks, Lyons Imprime and Merveilleux Silks. See them.

**Separate Skirts!** An immense lot just received. The readiness that greets you has taken hard work—but only the pleasant part concerns you. Don't know what could be a brighter, more interesting show than these Separate Skirts, unless it's the various Waists you may choose from, to wear with them.

Pure Worsted Serge Separate Skirts in black and blue, worth up to \$8; prices \$3, \$3.50, and..... **\$5.00**  
Full Circular Skirt of Black Silk; heavy and dependable quality, worth \$10.00; our price..... **\$7.50**  
Black Mohair Brilliantine Separate Skirts, lined with percaline, worth \$11.50; our price..... **\$8.50**

Plain and Figured Black Satin Duchesse and All-wool Crepon Skirts, worth \$13.50; our price..... **\$10.00**  
Raudnitz Skirts of Black Wool Pebble and Crinkle Crepon, tailor-made; newest model..... **\$12.50**  
Pasquin Skirts of Novelty Wool Crepon, organ back, five plaits, fullest pattern, lined with hair-cloth..... **\$13.50**

**Imported Spring Capes!** New ideas—and artistic ones—from an old maker. Models of elegance, daintiness and cheapness—and but one of a kind. As nearly ideal garments as are ever likely to be evolved. Bewitching assortment of styles—better made, richer trimmed and lower priced than ever before.

**\$6.00**  
**\$8.50**  
**\$10.00**  
**\$12.50**

Cloth Capes, silk-lined; Black Satin Capes, trimmed with Chiffon, Chantilly Lace and brilliant Cut Jet; Silk and Velvet Capes, bedight with lustrous Ribbon and Jet; Silky Broadcloth Capes with Applique trimming and Taffeta lined. Scores of other delightful effects worth fully fifty per cent more than our prices.

**Tailor-Made Tea Gowns!** Good and ready, we are, with graceful Tea Gowns. Chosen styles of French Cashmere and Merino, India Silks and Challis. Made with Watteau back and elaborately, but tastefully trimmed. Never a better time to do the selecting—never an easier time for us to serve you than now, before the rush begins. Loiterers are likely to be lamenters. Those at \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00 are exceptional bargains and can't be duplicated later in the season.

### Black and Colored Crepons

They have come, been seen and have conquered—for Street and Reception Dresses they are the rage. We show the following effects in black, reseda, gobelin, sky, brown, pink, navy, cream, emerald, bronze and gray.

Broken Rock Crepon, Honeyline Crepon, Crinkle Crepon, Gauze Crepon, Wave Crepon, Plumatis Crepon, Silk-and-Mohair Crepon, Bayadere Striped Crepon and Alpine Crepon..... **40 to 48 inches wide.....50c to \$4.50 the yard.**

**Spring Dress Silks!** Last week we advised you of the first arrivals. Ever since they have been constantly coming in. Some day, not now, the writer will advertise them in detail. Like painting the lily or tinting the rose to attempt accurate descriptions. There'll be many a headache and heartache, many a complete failure and many a partial success before justice is done them.

Here are some new beauties that lengthen the list and brighten the display of our Silk elegancies, and they are not extravagancies.

Taffeta-finished Wash Silks—inconspicuous checks—tan and turquoise, black and white, bronze and pink, coral and black, anemone and maize, reseda and black, worth 50c; our price..... **40c**  
Checked Swiss Taffetas in all the newest color combinations and beautiful Moorish Silk Crepes in faint palm designs of Oriental shadow color tones, worth \$1.00; our price..... **75c**  
Satin-finished Paris Taffetas with colored figures and Black Satin Duchesse with colored stripes half inch wide and two inches apart, very striking, worth \$1.25; our price..... **85c**  
Illuminated Striped Armures; Striped and Figured Satin-finished Taffetas; Black ground Peau de Sole with sain dots the size of a dime and small colored figures; Black Gros de Londres with satin coin dots and Colored Taffetas, canale stripe of satin in black, worth up to \$1.50; our price..... **\$1.00**  
French printed warp Taffeta Silks, all colors, with delicate flower designs; Peau de Sole Crepes, black ground with tinted Dresden printings; satin finished iridescent Taffeta Plaids and Figured Evening Silks, pink, Nile, blue, reseda and gray grounds with dainty figures, worth up to \$1.75; our price..... **\$1.25**

Let the pencil start where it may in the Silk Department, its first duty has to do with a novelty. For instance:

Accordion Plaited Chinas in twelve sweet shades.....  
Black Moire Crepe, crisp as an egg-shell, but strong.  
Plaited Taffetas, exquisite for fine waists.....

Crepe Chiffons, evening colors, 46 inches wide.....  
Frieze Chiffons, evening colors, 46 inches wide.....  
Gaufrage Crepes, white ground and colored figures.....

## KEELY COMPANY

**SIMON & FROHSIN,**  
43 Whitehall Street.

**SPECIAL ITEMS FOR THE WEEK:**  
100 dozen Children's full regular made seamless ribbed Hose, Hermsdorf, fast black at 10c.  
Ladies' Seamless Hose, fast black and leather colors, plain and drop stitched, at 10c.  
Ladies' French Lisle Hose, Hermsdorf, fast black, worth 40c a pair, at 25c.  
Ladies' black Taffeta silk gauntlet Gloves at 25c.  
New Side Combs from 5c a pair up.

**A GREAT BARGAIN!**  
Infants' all silk Vest with long sleeves at..... **25c**

Boys' Cheviot Shirt Waists, all sizes, at 15c.  
Men's Silk Scarfs, new Spring styles, at 15c.  
Men's laundered Negligee Shirts with stiff bosoms, worth \$1.00 at 59c.  
Twilled Silk Umbrellas, with wood handles, worth \$1.50, at 98c.



**JUST RECEIVED.**  
Full line of the celebrated W. B. Corsets in all qualities and lengths, 4, 5 and 6 hooks. As an opening bargain we offer style like cut above, worth \$1.00, at..... **AT 75c.**

**CARPETS AND FURNITURE.**  
Read Rhodes, Snook & Haverty Co.'s ad. on page 17 today.

### The Miller Hat

Unexcelled in quality and unequalled in style—it catches good dressers at once.  
Spring styles now ready.

**A. O. M. Gay & Son,**  
Sole Agents.

### THE HOTEL MARLBOROUGH

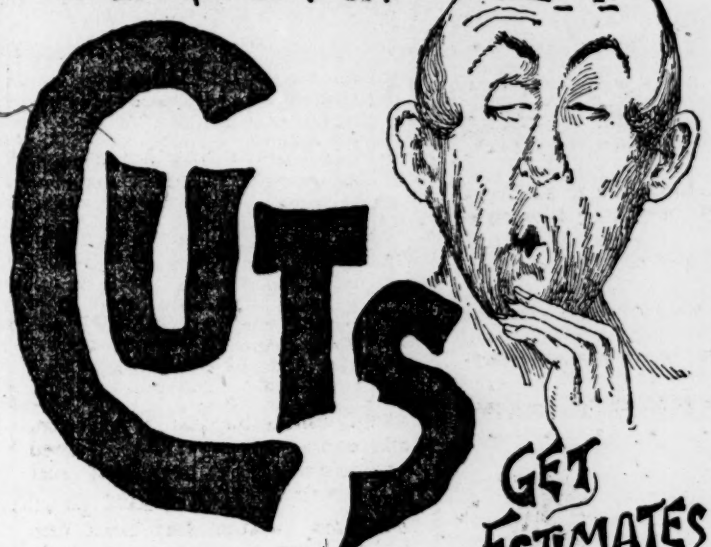
Broadway and 36th Street,  
**NEW YORK CITY.**  
Covers the entire block on Broadway, with 400 rooms and 200 bathrooms. The leading Southern Hotel of the metropolis. First-class accommodations at fair prices on either the American or European Plan.

LOUIS L. TODD,  
Proprietor.

Open Nov. 5th to May 1st.  
**Hotel Cordova**  
\$3.50 per day.  
C. B. KNOTT, Manager.  
Hotel Ponce de Leon will open Jan. 16, 1895.

**CRYSTAL LENSES**  
TRADE MARK.  
Quality First and Always.  
**KELLAM & MOORE, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS.**  
The oldest lens-grinders in the state. Retail salesroom, 40 Marietta street.

**BEFORE ORDERING**



**THE ATLANTA ENGRAVING**  
ATLANTA GA

### Gentlemen, Attention:

Did you ever stop to think that you were paying too much to have your clothes made to order? Did you ever stop to think that the price paid for that ready-made Suit would pay for a perfect fitting, made-to-measure Suit? Now think of what you paid for the Suit you are now wearing, then read our offer below.

### We Are Tailors.

Our business is Merchant Tailoring, exclusively, and Merchant Tailoring gets our entire attention. The number of stores that we own enables us to buy goods in very large quantities. The way we do business—buying and selling for cash—and the volumes of business that we do enables us to quote lower prices than any other first-class tailoring house in this city. Our entire spring assortment, 1,000 styles of Suits and Trouserings are all ready for your inspection.

**\$20.00**

Is all you will have to pay to have a Suit made to your order. At this price we show 200 styles; at this price we show you worsteds, vicunias cheviots and cassimeres in all the most fashionable patterns and latest weaves. We guarantee to give you perfect fitting, fashionable garments, trimmed in the very best manner. Order your Spring Suit Now. Get choice of patterns and avoid the rush that is bound to come a little later on.

Samples and Easy Rules for Self-Measurement Mailed FREE on application to any part of the country.

Leaders in Tailoring, 8 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

**FARMERS,**  
have you ever seen our Flexible Wire Fow Line? It is a boon to the farmer; will last 5 years, and same price as old style. We make also, Flexible Grading Lines, any length. It is impossible for any animal to get tangled with this, as with rope lines. As a hitch rein or dog chain, it cannot be excelled—cheap, durable and economical. If your merchant does not handle them, write for prices and descriptive circular. Live, energetic and hustling agents can make good money handling our goods. Being patented, we can protect agents. Address  
**AMERICAN FLEXIBLE WIRE CO.,**  
409 Equitable Building, ATLANTA, GA.

**M. RICH**

**& BROS.**  
—SHOWING—  
**SPRING GOODS!**

**In Dress Goods**  
We have a beautiful line of Novelty Suits, Covert Cloths, Crinkled Cloths, Cheviots, Tweeds, Moire effects in woolen goods, plaids, etc.

**Silks! Silks!**  
For Ladies' Waists.  
For Ladies' Dresses.  
For Evening Wear.

New goods—all the latest designs and colorings from foreign and domestic markets.

**New Wash Fabrics**  
Organdie de Beauvais, India Dimities, Duck Suitings, Batistes, Crepons, etc., in marvelously pretty designs for spring wear, commencing at..... **12½c Yd**

Hundreds of pretty things in Wash Goods we haven't room to mention.

**Ladies' Waists.**  
A full assortment in the latest styles, both silk and wash goods.

**Ladies' Suits**  
Ready-made Travelling Costumes reduced from \$10.00 to..... **\$5 PER SUIT.**  
Those formerly sold from \$15 to \$18, **\$10 EACH** are now.....

**Furniture Specials**  
**Folding Beds.**

We have been left with too large a stock of Folding Beds on hand. We will close them out at half price and less.  
\$75 Folding Beds now..... **\$35**  
\$90 Folding Beds now..... **\$45**  
\$100 Folding Beds now..... **\$50**  
We have full size Folding Beds from \$5 up.

**Rocking Chairs.**  
The sale of Rocking Chairs continues. Some new bargains are added to the lot every day.

**Bedroom Suits.**  
Fine Oak Bedroom Suits from \$13.50 up. Cut prices all through. We have a new line of Mahogany Suits, in which there are some special bargains.

**Carpets.**  
We have closed many big contracts for furniture, carpets and draperies. Our purchases have been very heavy, the assortments of new goods very large, comprising choicest patterns in Wiltons, Axminsters, Moquettes, Velvets, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels and Ingrains. If you want a carpet you should see our lines.

**New Rugs.**  
See our new line of hand-made Turkish Rugs.

**Matting.**  
700 rolls Matting from \$4 to \$10 per roll.

**Draperies.**  
We are closing out a lot of new Scrims, pretty patterns, at 5c a yard.

**Lace Curtains**  
Of all kinds from \$1.00 a pair up.

**Derby Curtains**  
\$7.50 quality will be sold at \$4.50 this week.

**M. RICH & BROS.**  
54 and 56 Whitehall St.







## EVANS

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## SUNDAY SESSION.

Congress keeps on at work into the

Lord's Day.

It will probably work all night.

Handbills of New York Makes a Sen-

national Charge Against Wilson.

RAPID RAIDS ON THE TREASURY.

The Bounty Bill Giving the Louisiana

Sugar Planters \$5,000,000 Passes

the House—Georgians Against It.

Washington, March 3.—(Special.)—At 1

o'clock this morning both houses of con-

gress were still in session, with prob-

ably going on for an hour or two more before

a recess is taken until some time tomorrow.

For the first time in many years congress

will be in session and at work on Sunday.

It is, however, necessary to pass the regu-

lar appropriation bills in order that all

business may be concluded in time for final

adjournment at noon on Monday.

The session, perhaps, is a continuous ses-

sion from tomorrow afternoon to noon on

Monday.

In the senate the consular and diplomatic

bill has choked the sluice. It is lodged on

the Hawaiian cable amendment, which

Morgan seems determined to keep in the

bill, notwithstanding the disagreement of

the house. Morgan is attempting to make

the entire bill stand or fall with the Hawaiian

cable, but the chances are that he

will lose his fight.

The house has been since 10 o'clock strug-

gling with the sugar bounty amendment

to the sundry civil bill—to pay the Louisi-

ana people \$5,000,000 in back bounties, and

has by a vote of 111 to 100 decided to pay

the bounty. It came, however, after a

heated debate and much hard work on the

part of the Louisiana people and their

friends. The republicans voted almost

solidly for it, as did many northern and

western democrats. But few of the south-

ern men, however, voted with their Louisi-

ana colleagues. The Georgians who voted

were solidly against it.

Stabling Wilson.

The sensational incident of tonight's ses-

sion of the house was the speech of Hen-

ry Wilson of New York, in reply to William

L. Wilson's speech in favor of the \$5,000,000

sugar bounty. Mr. Hendricks denounced it

as a grand raid upon the treasury and

charged that the speaker was a free trader

and an advocate of paying a sugar bounty, came

for the use and occupancy of the

buildings of the institution by union troops

during the war. Upon this motion the in-

teresting debate occurred, in which Mr. Reed

warned the house that the government

could not afford to enter upon the policy

of paying claims of this character, and

motions to suspend the rules and pass the following

bills, failed:

To pay the trustees of Newberry college,

of South Carolina, \$15,000 for the use of the

buildings by troops during the war; to reimburse

representatives the amount of their salaries

withheld during this congress for

absence other than those occasioned by

sickness.

A concurrent resolution was agreed to

naming the secretary of the treasury the

superintendent of coast and geodetic sur-

vey and the director of the mint as a com-

mission to inquire into and report to the

first session of the fifty-fourth congress as

to the desirability and expediency of the

adoption by the government of the United

States of the metric system, and also as

to the prospect of the adoption by the

leading nations of the metric system of

weights and measures.

A resolution was agreed to, directing the

publication of an edition of 10,000 copies of

the report of the commission appointed by

President Cleveland to investigate the Chi-

cago railroad strike last summer.

At 10 o'clock a recess was taken until 8

o'clock.

The Night Session.

The novelty of a night session drew a

crowd of curious people to the capitol. At

8 o'clock the session was called to suf-

focation. The night was clear and the air

within the chamber was at times stifling,

notwithstanding the frantic efforts of the

bookkeepers to keep the chamber cool. The

debates, which were of a more serious

character, were of a more serious

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## NO NEW PARTY IN IT.

Silver Democrats Propose to Fight and

Win Within the Organization.

ONLY A FEW DESIRE TO BREAK AWAY

Sibley Declares That Free Coinage

Would Carry Pennsylvania.

BRYAN IS GETTING NEW SIGNATURES

Many Congressmen Are Shy About Signing

The Address Until They See How It

Is Received by the Country.

Washington, March 2.—(Special.)—The

silver movement was much discussed to-

day. Bryan continued getting signatures

to his silver pronouncement. He is de-

terminately enthusiastic on the subject. Bryan

wants to make the fight a campaign, and

the party and thinks there is no doubt of

the success of the movement. He leads off

at this time to stimulate the silver en-

thusiasm in the party to such an extent

as to draw all silver men within the dem-

ocratic party and prevent the formation of

a new party on a silver platform.

Bland and Sibley are leading the move-

ment to form a new party. They say they

like Bryan's plan, but it does not go far

enough. They want to break their moor-

ings and sail out alone on a sea of silver,

hoping that all other crafts in the waters

will steer out and form a flotilla of such

size and power as to be able to destroy

everything in its path.

This movement on the part of Bland and

Sibley, has frightened many silver dem-

ocrats away from Bryan's pronouncement.

Such men as Bailey and Swanson and our

Georgia congressmen, for instance, and

others refused to sign it because it has

been surrounded with the odor of a new

party and they would not move a peg in

any direction which even looked like a

break away from democratic moorings.

Of course there is nothing about a new

party in it, and when the movement with

in the party is well understood and se-

parated from this new party talk, they will

all join it and the silver wave will not only

sweep through the democratic party, but

through the country. It is, perhaps, a lit-

tle more than a little premature, but it is

never too soon to begin good work.

One of the most earnest bimetallicists in

the house told me today that he did not

sign the paper because there had been so

much new party talk. He believed Sibley

and Bland might go with Stewart and

Speaker Crisp has been almost contin-

uously in the chair since noon today. It

is a severe strain upon him, but he is stand-

ing it well.

NOMINATIONS SENT IN.

The President's Selections—Other

Washington Gossip.

Washington, March 2.—The president to-

day sent in the following nominations:

Assistant Postmaster Eugene D.

Ryan, to be post assistant postmaster;

Francis J. Semmes, of Louisiana, and Rich-

ard H. Hutton, of Iowa, to be assistant

masters in the navy. John B. Frazier,

of Tennessee, and John P. Chidwick, of New

York, to be chaplains in the navy. Richard

Hutton, named above, is a son of the late

Frank Hutton, of the Washington Post.

The senate today confirmed the nomi-

nation of George H. Small, assistant United

States treasurer, St. Louis.

The leaders of the republican and dem-

ocratic steering committees of the senate

this morning agreed that the present

organization of the senate committee

should continue until the next session

of the senate. This simply perpetuates the

committee which was chosen at the last

event there should be work for them to

do it can be done without awaiting a re-

organization. The committees will be re-

organized after the next session of the

senate. The vacancies caused by the ex-

piration of the terms of senators will not

be filled except in the case of the commit-

tee on finance, which will have much to

do during the recess.

The senatorial baseball team left Wash-

ington tonight in charge of Manager Gus

Schmidt for Charleston, S. C., where their

spring practice. Catcher McGuire, who

has been hunting in the wilds of Michigan

and has been since the close of the

season, has been seen in the city. He has

signed to a contract at an increase of

\$300 per year. Pitcher Mercer, with whom

it was claimed other managers were tam-

pering, has been seen in the city. He has

signed to a contract at an increase of

\$300 per year. The team is now com-

plete.

CALLS IT A FAIR.

Evans Says That the Investigation Is

Not Being Conducted Fairly.

Nashville, Tenn., March 2.—(Special.)—

H. Clay Evans today issued a manifesto

## TAMMANY ABROAD.

English Factions Apply the Term to

Their Opponents.

RUSSIA STANDS IN JAPAN'S WAY.

The Czar Objects to the Mikado

Absorbing Corea.

CHINA MUST PAY DEARLY FOR PEACE

Large Grants of Territory Will Be Insisted

Upon—London Monopolies Domi-

nate One of the Parties.

London, March 2.—The London coun-

cil campaign, which culminated today

in the balloting for members, has been

lively and more bitter than any municipal

contest that has been known in London

for a great many years. The leading states-

men have entered into the fray with the

greatest ardor and have given and taken

blows and lost their temper with the same

freedom that local bosses are wont to do.

In the previous county council contests only

about one-third of the total number of vot-

ers have gone to the polls, but the

party machine on this occasion have all

along predicted that a much larger vote

would be polled today than ever.

In consequence of the fact that the con-

servatives are urging their supporters to

vote for the candidates on the moderate

ticket, it is expected that the result will

greatly reverse the majority of the propo-

sals in the council, which, as the result

of the last election was 46, the council stand-

ing 32 progressives to 36 mod-

erates. Among the moderate can-

didates are Lords Cadogan, Church-

ill, Durham, Amphil, Donoughmore, Dud-

ley, Norfolk, Dunraven and Montmorras,

and Sir J. Edmund Marley. The progres-

sive candidates include Lords Russell, Monk-

well and Ribblesdale, Sir John Hutton

and Messrs. John Burns and Sydney Webb.

The Chronicle, the leading progressive

organ, prints in italics a list of the reasons

why electors should not give their support

to the moderates. The first of these rea-

sons is that the moderates are the party

of "Tammany." The term "Tammany"

has been a godsend to both sides during

the campaign. When the speakers have

exhausted themselves and their vocabu-

laries in the ordinary methods of attack

upon their opponents they have invariably

had recourse to stigmatizing the opposite

candidates as "Tammany."

Allis, has gone to the Riviera to prepare

that boat for racing in the Mediterranean.

The American colony was present today

in large numbers at a reception and formal

opening of the American rendezvous. A







## TOMORROW.

ing in March will be a  
important one.

S TO BE ELECTED

edy Hospital and a Fellow  
er to Be Selected  
ouncil Matters.

noon's session of the city  
to be an interesting one  
of important matters  
consideration, and several  
to be appointed by the  
by the council, among  
three members of the  
of the Grady hospital and  
to succeed Dr. Smith.

ghers to succeed Moore  
and C. C. Davis, the pro-  
to be nominated by Mayor

nt ordinances introduced  
of the council and the  
will be reported back

the three trustees of the  
whose terms expire at  
noon. Dr. R. D. Spalding  
their successors will  
of nine years.

esters of the hospital com-  
others, three being elected  
to serve nine years. The  
of the board are Dr.  
Moore and R. J. Lott, Jr.,  
March 1, 1895, and Joseph  
Smith and R. M. Jones,  
March 1, 1901.

Spalding and Neal will  
acted as members of the

been besieged by applica-  
tion of public weighty  
by a hundred applications

mittee Meeting.  
ity of the council held  
city attorney's office re-

only were discussed, and  
of the claims pending  
was taken, every  
for further investigation.

in its hands a large  
for damages to property  
of streets, and a per-  
sonal injuries.

trial Tuesday.  
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## THE PLAY IS THE THING.



The coming of Salvini will be the event of the week, though I do not intend by this to in any way disparage the other two attractions underlined for the Grand, both of which will doubtless prove excellent.

The first of these is the appearance of that very talented southern girl, Miss Marie Louise Bailey, the pianiste, who will be heard in connection with a concert given by the Atlanta Vocal Society. I am told that the friends of the society will be out in large numbers to give their welcome to it and to the charming young girl who will be the soloist and the special attraction of the evening. She is a southern girl, a native of Nashville, who has spent most of her life abroad. There she attracted decided attention by her merit and won real artistic success. She has been very highly praised indeed by the musical critics of New York and the east, and will doubtless receive a warm welcome here.

Then "Shore Acres" comes. The play is one of the really famous ones by American playwrights, and its success has been remarkable, judged both from a financial and an artistic standpoint. Mr. Herne is regarded by many as the best representative American dramatist, and while he will not himself be in the company which comes to Atlanta, he has sent in his name a very capable actor and one who has won much praise in the part. I have watched the newspaper reports concerning the production and find that everywhere it has been praised.

The Salvini engagement is always a notable one. The young actor is a great favorite here and the class of plays he presents are popular. The bill this year will include one new play, "The Student of Salamanca," a comedy with a strong story running through it. He will also give "The Three Guardsmen" and "Ruy Blas."

I hear from Manager Wilkinson that Salvini is soon to essay Hamlet. He will try it on the public for the first time in Philadelphia, and as he has devoted more than a year to a serious study of the character, this ought to be a notable event. You hear a great deal of the decadence of Shakespeare, and it is true that the usual Shakespeare production, like the average production of any other serious drama, does not appeal to the theatergoing public. I believe, however, that should a man come along who is able to give to those great parts the interpretation which they deserve—who is able, in short, to demonstrate his right to be considered a successor of Edwin Booth—he will find not only fame but fortune awaiting him. He may not draw the class of people who go to the theater, but there are in the country enough intelligent lovers of Shakespeare who would be glad to attend such performances. Salvini has the personal power which is the first requisite to success in this line—the power to draw people to hear him; and if he should make a hit, the monetary returns would be great. It is worth trying, certainly, and here's hoping for the highest measure of success.

"I came very near being put out of a theater after New Orleans the other night," says Edwin Booth, Jr., the Chicago actor, who was at the Kimball yesterday, "and the only reason that I did not disgrace myself was because everybody in the Academy and Roland Reed, who is a great New Orleans favorite, had an audience which crowded the theater to its capacity. 'The Politician' is the funniest satire in political methods that I have ever seen. I think it's the best thing Reed has ever done and the part seems to fit him magnificently. He is, too, the best supporting company that I have seen in many a day."

The same verdict comes from all who have seen this play and the comedies of Reed which he has produced. He is just as great a favorite here as in New Orleans or anywhere else, Miss Reed, too, seems to have made a very decided hit, and altogether Reed has a decided success in his new play.

People who have seen Mr. Crane's new play, "His Wife's Father," are not particularly enthusiastic over it though they acknowledge that it is a father-in-law who is an intermeddling old fellow, a sort of a male mother-in-law. The play in the French is said to have been the best kind of a farce, but in the adaptation Miss Morton has endeavored to inject a large amount of heart interest after the manner of "Brother Sam." The result, it is not altogether happy, though the production at the hands of Mr. Crane's excellent company is very highly praised. Percy Anne O'Neill has the fat part of the piece.

At Daly's the revival of the "Two Gentlemen of Verona" was the event of the past week. Judging by the reports, this promise to rival some of the other Shakespearean revivals which Mr. Daly has given, it will, at all events, be regarded as one of the most notable of the recent year.

At Hoyt's "The Foundling" is now running with Miss Cissy Fitzgerald and her lingerie as the chief attractions. There are some good actors in the company, notably Mr. Holland and Miss Russell, but Cissy furnished the draught and everybody is drawn to see her. She has a small speaking part and a very large kick. It's the kick that counts.

German opera is being highly praised by newspapers, though the voices are by no means comparable to those which the metropolitan season under Mr. Abbey's direction brought forth. Still the production of Wagner opera is on an elaborate scale, and while Mr. Walter Damrosch is being criticized by comparison with Anton Selig, others than the Wagnerites agree that he has proven himself fully competent as a director and the season promises to be successful.

I see that Hilary Bell is being quite generously quoted in effusive praise of Mrs. Potter. Just to what extent the brilliant actress has come under the spell of the Grand and refined Cove one can only guess, but judging by the following Hilary must either have been hypnotized or there must be a little more of the old Hilary in him. I'll raise him on all he has to say about her beauty, but when he gets to her elocution I am compelled to drop out of the game. It's then I feel inclined to stand to the mill wheel theory.

But here's what he says; judge for yourself: "The physical charm of one who is per-

haps the most beautiful woman on our stage has not been diminished by her travels. Mrs. Potter is still a ravishing picture of feminine loveliness. Her golden brown hair has not lost its sheen, her eyes are still lustrously sparkling, her figure lithe and sinuous. She is, perhaps, truer slender than before, but this slenderness adds new grace to her movements and lends a new beauty to her gestures. Mrs. Potter has gained in art what she has lost in flesh. Her performance is subtle, symmetrical and eloquent. She is a strange, interesting, fascinating creature, all soul and no body. Were it not for her beautiful face and nervous hands, she would appeal only to aural sense. Her voice is music itself. Her elocution is perfect, and each word comes to us as the component part of a strain of melody. The improvement in Mrs. Potter's art is nothing short of marvelous. Those who remember the crudeness of her Cleopatra some years ago will be surprised to recognize only by her personal beauty the consummately dainty and finished actress of today. Mrs. Potter is not only a great actress—she is a genius. If some accident does not occur to mar her ambition, we shall within a few years proclaim her a rival of Potter as the first actress in America."

The first appearance in this country of Madame Rejane, the French comedienne, occurred last Thursday night at Abbey's theater and was an event which naturally attracted a great deal of attention especially as it showed her in a part which an American actress had made popular and in which she was appearing at another Broadway house. There was a tone of disappointment running through all of the New York notices of the debut and some of the critics are candid enough to come right out and say so. Others, however, praise her highly and I suppose it is a case of simply pay your money and take your choice. For the general opinion of the public, however, it is not surprising that the French actress should have been so well received. Salvini has the personal power which is the first requisite to success in this line—the power to draw people to hear him; and if he should make a hit, the monetary returns would be great. It is worth trying, certainly, and here's hoping for the highest measure of success.

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his New Dramatic News; and if the paper gets its deserts, it will be a financial success as well as a success journalistic. It is always worth reading.

"Tribby" is to receive its first production at the hands of Mr. Palmer's company in Bridgeport, New Haven and Hartford this week. It is a "go" play, and will book it through the south.

I have a letter from M. A. Moseley, who manages the interests of Little Mabel Paige, denying the story which came from Columbus in which it was stated that the little girl had been the guest at a midnight supper, had received presents from young men, and all that. He says there is absolutely no ground for the statements.

Oscar Wilde's new play, "The Importance of Being in Earnest," has caught London. Nobody has a right to question Oscar's brilliancy—and nobody does.

The attempt to revivify the Casino seems to have been a failure. Its old time drawing powers have vanished.

Salvini has an individually like none of his contemporaries and a personal charm which would make the success of an actor with a third of his ability. There are those who consider, and not without reason, that Salvini will not demonstrate his true worth until he shall elect to play the great roles of tragedy, wherein he is seen as a diplomat who is overpowered by the force and power which he possesses perhaps to a greater degree than any actor of the day. His vitality is so overpowering that he is able to make even the fictitious heroes of romance appear like actual men rather than mere stage puppets, and even if he should do nothing of greater import than the modern drama of the great spirit of the time when to love was to fight, when sentiment was a reality, when men wore their hearts on their sleeves and their lives in their words.

On Thursday evening, the opening night, he will appear in what is looked upon here as the most legitimate effort of his career—Victor Hugo's romantic tragedy of "Ruy Blas," the masterpiece of the school to which it belongs. Salvini has gained a magnificent mastery over this elusive character of "Ruy Blas," whose misplaced love renders him the victim of any designing diplomat who might wish to use him as a puppet. Salvini is seen as a man who is into whose trap he falls; then in his rapidly-advanced fortunes till he becomes prime minister, and the last scene of all, where the marquis of Finias brings him back to his original position by the foolish letters he had given him at the outset of his career, brings him down from heaven to earth, and finally to death. In all these scenes the actor is required to run the whole gamut of human emotions, and Salvini accomplishes the task with the sincerity and power that proclaim the great artist if not the genius.

The principal interest in his engagement, however, will naturally center in the first presentation here on Friday evening of his much-talked-of comedy, the "Student of Salamanca," which he has adapted from the French by himself and Paul Kester. No greater contrast to "Ruy Blas" could be more imagined, and it will be a genuine novelty to the Atlanta audience. Salvini's comedy is so essentially associated with serious endeavor. In the title role of this new play Salvini is said to be so good that he has secured a triumph that he carries the comedy through with constant interest and keeps his audience in a state of laughter from beginning to end.

At the matinee performance on Friday Salvini will be seen once more as the joyous, cunning, intrepid D'Artagnan in "The Three Musketeers," which he has adapted from the French by himself and Paul Kester. No greater contrast to "Ruy Blas" could be more imagined, and it will be a genuine novelty to the Atlanta audience. Salvini's comedy is so essentially associated with serious endeavor. In the title role of this new play Salvini is said to be so good that he has secured a triumph that he carries the comedy through with constant interest and keeps his audience in a state of laughter from beginning to end.

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Caroline Franklin was cast for Helen Berry. She was successful, her only fault being a little too much drawl. She was pretty and acted her role in a sprightly manner. There was in the cast a little girl who never said a word during the action of the piece. She only followed close on the heels of her father and showed by the expression on her face that she was a thorough little actress. She was little Nellie Claire. Among others especially observing the men were J. J. Connelly, W. H. Burton, W. J. Dean, Horace Newman, Jean Clarendon, Miss Frank Craig, little Doris Hardy and Master Harold Whittemore. The others were good. "Shore Acres" will be seen at the Grand on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Lillian Russell put on "La Perichole" in Chicago last week, and is said to have made a hit. We'd better wait and see, however.

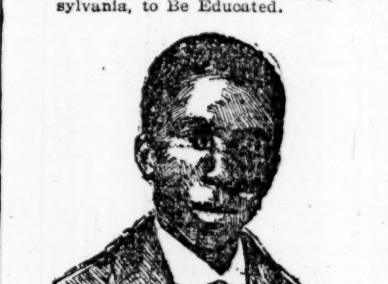
Kyril Bellow, good fellow, takes half a column of The Mirror with an "estimate" of Mrs. Potter's. Kyril's views on this subject might be very interesting, but these are not.

Robert Mantell thinks he oughtn't pay alimony to the wife whom he divorced. The courts think otherwise, so does the public. THE MAN IN FRONT.

THE POWER OF EDUCATION.



Alonso Miller, a Boy from the Wilds of Africa, One of Ten Sent Over By Missionaries to Lincoln University, Pennsylvania, to Be Educated.



Three Years After His Arrival.

THIS BUGGY \$8.50.  
Silk Plush, Satin Parasol, Lace Edge, Bicycle Wheels.



Six Years After His Arrival—A Fine Scholar and Has Wonderful Oratorical Powers.

AN ENERGETIC EDITOR.

The Secretary of the Alabama Association Working for the Exposition.

Mr. J. A. Rountree, editor of The Alabama Enquirer and secretary of the Alabama Press Association, is moving every influence at his command to secure an exhibit from Alabama. He has done much excellent work already, but last week he climbed his previous record by an address calling on the press of the state to take up the movement and see to it that Alabama was well represented, which he has sent to all the editors of the state. He says:

"Now, the press association is a ready-made organization fully and admirably equipped for this very kind of work. Its ramifications extend into nearly every county of the state. It can have every wheel of any great scheme busily turning at this time two weeks hence. The friends of this enterprise are doubtless to be found everywhere among the press of the state, so that they can all be instantly apprised, so to speak, of the plans by which the work is to be carried on, as well as kept informed about its progress. If every member of the association should at once begin the agitation of the question in his columns, suggesting details of the scheme, using arguments that occur to him for pushing the movement to success; calling on his readers for suggestions and assistance, it would immediately bring forward a consensus of thought from which to cull everything that would be valuable in further prosecuting the work."

"The successful carrying out of such a scheme would redound to the benefit of Alabama. The thousands—nay, millions—who will visit Atlanta would thus have a chance to see what our country and our capabilities are. It will be sure to give a stimulus to immigration. Immigration means buyers of land, and buyers of land mean more products; it means a future for Alabama, a future for our sister states in the march of progress. It means a position for Alabama commensurate with her importance, for at present our population and industries are not sufficiently diversified."

SOLID SATISFACTION.

The Globe's Steady Rise—Now One of the Largest Retail Shoe and Clothing Companies in the South.

The cumulative evidence of the harmony between the Globe Shoe and Clothing Company and the public surely deserves the praise they have earned. The confidence that their prices protect the appreciation of skill displayed in their unequalled stock is shown by increasing sales. No dull days for the Globe. Knowing what they do and keeping everlastingly at it is the concrete fact about their business. Not by any position of superiority do they allow their merchandise to be sold lower anywhere. Branch stores in Memphis, Tenn., which gives them ample scope for large purchases thereby saving customers a large sum on regular prices. The store now in Atlanta is using every possible means to make the coming spring business a wonder in merchandising. Popular prices—for the best of fabrics designed by the masters of sartorial art; shoes from the best manufacturers, and their large force of salesmen are all working for a new customer with every purchase.

Their rule of money back if you want it is a new thing. The new Globe delivery wagon made its appearance Saturday, and is a very attractive, handsome affair, and is a very useful thing. The Globe's future is destined to be successful.

Burt Oats.

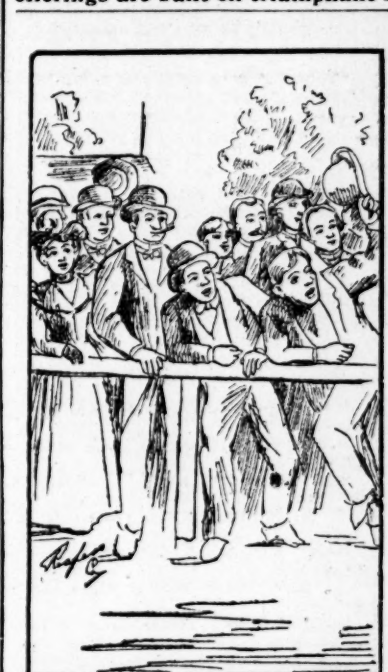
Send in your orders quick; only two hundred of this famous coat on hand. Seventy-five cents per bushel.

Send in your orders quick; only two hundred of this famous coat on hand. Seventy-five cents per bushel.

## RHODES, SNOOK &amp; HAVERTY FURNITURE CO.

6 PEACHTREE STREET, NATIONAL HOTEL BUILDING.

The only first-class House Furnishers in Atlanta—The Greatest Furniture and Carpet Store South—Other stores keep Furniture and Carpets, but our store is a veritable trade palace—we keep everything. If you wish to furnish a home complete come to us. We are doing the business of the town. Our March offerings are built on triumphant lines. CUT PRICES WILL PREVAIL.



LOOK OUT FOR THE WINNERS

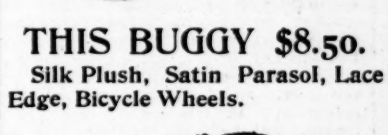
300 new Baby Buggies, opened the past week.

Our March Leaders.



THIS BUGGY \$8.50.

Silk Plush, Satin Parasol, Lace Edge, Bicycle Wheels.



THIS BUGGY \$10.

Fine grade Silk Plush, Satin Parasol, Lace Edge, a regular \$15 cab.



THIS BUGGY \$10.

Fine grade Silk Plush, Satin Parasol, Lace Edge, a regular \$15 cab.



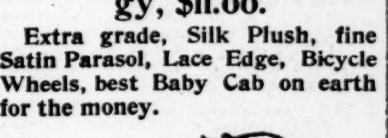
THIS BUGGY \$10.

Fine grade Silk Plush, Satin Parasol, Lace Edge, a regular \$15 cab.



THIS BUGGY \$10.

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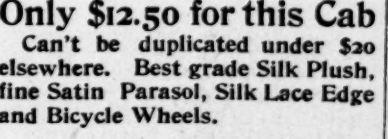
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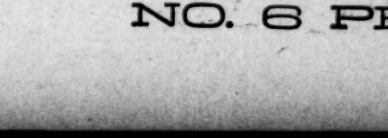
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THIS BUGGY \$10.

Fine grade Silk Plush, Satin Parasol, Lace Edge, a regular \$15 cab.



THIS BUGGY \$10.

ART DEPARTMENT—Second Floor.

Specials for Monday Only.











## BUYING TO COVER.

Cotton During the Week Sold at the  
Lowest Price on Record.

## HEAVY BUYING BY THE SHORT ELEMENT

And the Week Closed at the Best Prices.  
Stocks Closed Irregular—The Railroad  
List Weak—The Industrial Firm

New York, March 2.—The advance in sterling exchange and the receipt of lower prices from London led to a general decline in the local stock market at the opening today. The foreign market was confined to St. Paul, Louisville and Nashville and Northern Pacific preferred, but the transactions for European account were small. Local traders also sold Louisville and Nashville, the Grangers, General Electric and Jersey Central and a decline of 1/4 to 2 per cent followed. Louisville and Nashville declined 1/4 to 3/8, Burlington 1/4 to 3/8, Rock Island 1/4 to 3/8, General Electric 1/4 to 3/8 and Jersey Central 1/4 to 3/8. The last named subsequently recovered 1/4. Sugar, Distilling and Lead were exceptionally strong. Sugar advanced 1/4 to 5/8, houses with Western short interest being the largest buyers. Trade conditions are said to be improving, and it is also understood that the dividend will be declared after the adjournment of congress. Distilling moved up 1/4 to 1/2 on efforts of the Western short interest to cover. Lead sold up to 25. Cordage weakened, selling down 1/4 to 3/4 for common and 1/4 to 3/4 for preferred. In some quarters the proposed incorporation of an independent cordage company with a capital of \$200,000. United States Leather preferred advanced 1/4 to 3/8. Speculation closed irregular, with the railroad list weak and the industrial firm. Net changes show losses of 1/4 to 1/2 per cent in the railroad list. Distilling gained 1/4. Sugar, Lead 1/4 and New York Central 1/4 per cent on the day. There was very little news about to affect the market. In some quarters more activity is expected in stock exchange circles to follow the adjournment of congress. The Sugar people, it is thought, will take their favorite in hand and make a turn on the market. In the time for the declaration of the dividend on the St. Paul, New York Central and Western Union, the market is expected to base their trades on. In regard to Western Union it was stated that although the report of earnings for the current quarter is not expected to show the regular dividend earned, no change will be made in the rate. The directors expect that whatever deficiency there may be more than made up in the last half of the fiscal year. Speaking of dividends, it was stated on good authority that the Baltimore and Ohio road for the six months ending December 31, 1894, shows earnings of 2-8 per cent after the payment of all charges.

The sales of listed stocks aggregated 70,000 shares and valued at \$1,700,000. The bond market was lower. Money on call nominally 3/16 to 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 4 1/2 for 60 days and 4 1/2 for demand. Post rates 4 1/2 to 4 3/4. Commercial bills 4 1/2 to 4 3/4. Exchanges \$11,750. Balances \$5,544.40. The sub-treasury was \$11,692 creditor at the clearing house.

Bar silver 66 1/2. Government bonds steady. State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds lower. London, March 2.—Bar silver 27 1/2. Paris advances 1/2. The stock market was irregular. The following are closing prices:

Am'n Cotton Oil		Mobile & Ohio	
100	100	100	100
Am'n Sugar Refin. <td>100</td> <td>Nash, Chat. &amp; N.E.</td> <td>13</td>	100	Nash, Chat. & N.E.	13
Am'n Tobacco <td>100</td> <td>Nash, Chat. &amp; N.E.</td> <td>14</td>	100	Nash, Chat. & N.E.	14
Am'n Coffee <td>100</td> <td>N. J. Central<td>74</td></td>	100	N. J. Central <td>74</td>	74
Am'n Tea <td>100</td> <td>N. Y. &amp; N. E.</td> <td>76</td>	100	N. Y. & N. E.	76
Am'n Rice <td>100</td> <td>N. Y. Central<td>76</td></td>	100	N. Y. Central <td>76</td>	76
Am'n Wheat <td>100</td> <td>N. Y. &amp; N. E.</td> <td>76</td>	100	N. Y. & N. E.	76
Am'n Corn <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Oats <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Hay <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Flour <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Lard <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Tallow <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Soap <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Candles <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Paper <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Glass <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Iron <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Steel <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Coal <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Oil <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Gas <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Water <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Electric <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Telephone <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Telegraph <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Cable <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Mail <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Express <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Freight <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Carriage <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Furniture <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Clothing <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Shoes <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Hats <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Gloves <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Socks <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Undershirts <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Collars <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Neckties <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Belts <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Trunks <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Suitcases <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100
Am'n Bags <td>100</td> <td>Norfolk &amp; Western<td>100</td></td>	100	Norfolk & Western <td>100</td>	100

Early Morning Gossip.

Dow Jones Company by private wire to J. C. Knox, manager, General Electric weakened on sales by traders, some of whom gave up Mr. Hill, and later 3/4. Well personal, some received were the market bearing upon decisions in suits having an important bearing upon the General Electric Company. Information received was answer to a question as to whether there was any news, said that there was going to be an advance in the price of the stock, and would be more or less, and that the market has been a buyer of the stock, and is a confident that both the Baltimore and McKeesport cases will be decided in favor of the McKeesport case.

The singular fact in the Jersey Central report is that the company did not gain from traffic in the month of February, but charges \$25,000, which were paid out of other income. In regard to the other income the increased rental, some received were partly due to the new building in this city.

The question of Lehigh and Wilkesbarre earnings is a mooted one. The increase in the amount due to Jersey Central by other companies, etc., has been advanced to this and other companies.

If this surmise is correct, the other income received by Jersey Central at the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre bonds is debatable.

Closing Stock Review.

New York, March 2.—New York Stock market, by private wire, the statement of the stock market was dull through the short season, and the selling by London and foreign traders was general decline. Louisville and Nashville showed a pronounced weakness, falling nearly 2 per cent and rallying feebly.

In the rest of the railroad list net losses were generally confined to fractions.

Among the industrial shares General Electric declined 1 per cent on being selling while Sugar and Distilling and Cattle Feeding were exceptionally strong.

The market was narrow and professional, closing heavy and unsettled.

DESCRIPTION.

DESCRIPTION	Opening	High	Low	Close
Delaware & Lehigh	85 1/2	85 3/4	85 1/4	85 1/2
Am'n Sugar Refin.	100	100	100	100
Am'n Tobacco	100	100	100	100
Am'n Coffee	100	100	100	100
Am'n Tea	100	100	100	100
Am'n Rice	100	100	100	100
Am'n Wheat	100	100	100	100
Am'n Corn	100	100	100	100
Am'n Oats	100	100	100	100
Am'n Hay	100	100	100	100
Am'n Flour	100	100	100	100
Am'n Lard	100	100	100	100
Am'n Tallow	100	100	100	100
Am'n Soap	100	100	100	100
Am'n Candles	100	100	100	100
Am'n Paper	100	100	100	100
Am'n Glass	100	100	100	100
Am'n Iron	100	100	100	100
Am'n Steel	100	100	100	100
Am'n Coal	100	100	100	100
Am'n Oil	100	100	100	100
Am'n Gas	100	100	100	100
Am'n Water	100	100	100	100
Am'n Electric	100	100	100	100
Am'n Telephone	100	100	100	100
Am'n Telegraph	100	100	100	100
Am'n Cable	100	100	100	100
Am'n Mail	100	100	100	100
Am'n Express	100	100	100	100
Am'n Freight	100	100	100	100
Am'n Carriage	100	100	100	100
Am'n Furniture	100	100	100	100
Am'n Clothing	100	100	100	100
Am'n Shoes	100	100	100	100
Am'n Hats	100	100	100	100
Am'n Gloves	100	100	100	100
Am'n Socks	100	100	100	100
Am'n Undershirts	100	100	100	100
Am'n Collars	100	100	100	100
Am'n Neckties	100	100	100	100
Am'n Belts	100	100	100	100
Am'n Trunks	100	100	100	100
Am'n Suitcases	100	100	100	100
Am'n Bags	100	100	100	100
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Am'n Bags	100	100	100	100

The New York Stock Statement.

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The market was narrow and professional, closing heavy and unsettled.

but lost at least \$3,000,000 to the sub-treasury on account of deposits of specie incident to the consummation of the bond syndicate deal, making the net loss for the week over \$7,000,000. The decrease of \$4,500,000 in specie was due entirely to withdrawals for treasury deposits, but the increase of \$2,000,000 in legal tenders does not seem clear, unless legal tenders have been paid to the banks in exchange for gold. The net loss of \$1,500,000 in specie is a very favorable feature of the statement, but there is reason to believe that this, too, was in part caused by the bond operation. At any rate, the increase must result in gains to the banks and is of a larger volume than has been reported for the week. The banks now hold in excess of their legal reserve \$2,500,000, and the amount has been decreasing regularly. Interior receipts are also of lesser value, and the sudden jump in gold, as this money goes directly into the treasury.

The following is the statement of the New York associated banks for the week ending today:

Legal increase	1,500,000
Specie decrease	4,500,000
Legal increase	2,000,000
Specie decrease	2,000,000
Legal increase	1,500,000
Specie decrease	2,000,000
Legal increase	1,500,000
Specie decrease	2,000,000

BOND AND STOCK QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK	ATLANTA
U. S. 4 1/2	100
U. S. 5	100
U. S. 6	100
U. S. 7	100
U. S. 8	100
U. S. 9	100
U. S. 10	100
U. S. 11	100
U. S. 12	100
U. S. 13	100
U. S. 14	100
U. S. 15	100
U. S. 16	100
U. S. 17	100
U. S. 18	100
U. S. 19	100
U. S. 20	100
U. S. 21	100
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U. S. 42	100
U. S. 43	100
U. S. 44	100
U. S. 45	100
U. S. 46	100
U. S. 47	100
U. S. 48	100
U. S. 49	100
U. S. 50	100

Atlanta Clearing House Statement.

For the week ending March 2, 1895.

Receipts \$1,000,000.00. Payments \$950,000.00. Balance \$50,000.00.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Local market closed firm, middling 5 1/8-1/2.

The following is our statement of the receipts, ship and inland stocks: Atlanta.

are inclined to cover and await developments. It is contended that receipts next week will show a considerable falling off, and some of the shorts here deemed it advisable to liquidate their account and see







**M. F. AMOROUS, General Manager.**

**TELEPHONES:** 752, Office, 17 South Forsyth Street. 897, Yards and Factory, Humphries and Glenn Sts. Atlanta, Ga.

Executor of Estate of John Phinney, Deceased.

**RE**

The Critics  
We are satisfy  
pleasu  
selection  
All our  
coats,

Miles  
The Globe S  
Atlanta, Ga  
Dear Sirs—  
express in  
please send  
A. Holmes  
county, Fla  
a soft black  
been tradin  
"muchly"  
Atlanta, but  
values for  
return to  
truly.

Roanoke  
The Globe S  
Atlanta, Ga

**\$1**

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**We Ha**



# READ WHAT THEY HAVE TO SAY ABOUT US!

This is only a few of the many good things that our customers think of The Globe. Only a few of the many letters received daily. Critics and crowds unite their testimony as to the beauty, variety and quality of our merchandise. Appreciation is the goal we seek. We are always devising ways and means to attract, win and retain the favor of the purchasing community. By liberal dealing, by the satisfying of every reasonable request, by meeting your every want, and by courteous attention to all we strive to make shopping a pleasurable avocation rather than an irksome task. This, combined with the attractiveness of our store, the appropriateness of our selections, and the distinctive excellence of our goods, is the secret of our success. A fact fully endorsed by our patrons, one and all.

All our Men's Suits and Overcoats, regularly worth \$10, \$12.50 and \$15, now only **\$5.00** | All our Men's Suits and Overcoats, easy at \$18, now only **\$7.50** | All our Men's Suits and Overcoats, worth \$20, now only **\$8.50**

Milner, Ga., Feb. 14th, '95.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs—Enclosed you will find express money order for which please send to my brother, Robert A. Holmes, Grand Island, Lake county, Fla., a Cutaway Suit and a soft black Hat. I have lately been trading with some other "muchly" advertised houses in Atlanta, but find they give no such values for the money as you, so I return to my first love.

L. HOLMES.  
Roanoke, Ala., Feb. 15, '95.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs—Enclose find money order for which send me one pair Pants, size 32-35, color black or gray. I will leave the selection of goods to you, feeling assured that you will please me. Yours truly,  
J. A. JEFFERS,  
Agent Southern Express Co.

Pensacola, Fla., Feb. 13, '95.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen—I have just received the Shoes, and I am very much pleased with them, and every one that sees them think that they are very pretty. I think that I will be able to get you a great many customers. Yours very truly,  
G. JORDAN.

Dalton, Ga., Feb. 16, '95.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Gents—For enclosed check—\$15—send per express tomorrow one Cutaway Suit, Coat 36, Pants 33-33, the material smooth or small twill. Respectfully,  
D. K. TACKAMX,  
Of C. L. Hardwick & Co., Bankers.

Evinston, Fla., July 31, '94.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen—Enclosed please find \$21.00, together with \$5.00 credit on my former order. Please fill order for suits as per enclosed measurements. The Suits ordered last week came O. K. Yours, etc., R. G. BASS.

Hartsville, S. C., Jan. 3, '95.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Gents—Enclosed find Money Order for Suit as per sample. I will continue to watch the papers for the bargains you offer, and will doubtless send you another order soon. Yours truly, T. J. DREW.

Send me an Overcoat like sample enclosed. Yours,  
C. H. JACQUES.

Gadsden, Ala., Feb. 25, '95.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs—I received Suit ordered and was pleased with same. Send samples of summer suits. Respectfully, O. H. GIVIN.

and furnishing goods. Send to Mathews, Ga., and oblige,  
DR. J. W. PILCHER.

Washington, La., Feb. 5, '95.  
The Globe Shoe and Clothing Co.,  
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sirs—Samples sent me 24th December duly received. I enclose sample of Suit selected. I want a sack suit, size 50 Coat and Vest and 50-33 Pants. With these measurements you can surely fit me; as you did so perfectly before. If I am too late to get the Suit I want, use your own judgment in making another selection. Yours truly, JOHN H. HUBLE.

**\$1.48 WORTH**  
**\$2 AND \$2.50**

BOYS' SUITS ---

Single and double breasted, medium and dark colors, and there's not a Suit among the lot that is not worth a third more than price asked.

**\$1.98 WORTH**  
**\$3 AND \$3.50**

BOYS' SUITS ---

About 250 Suits, comprising an assortment of styles and patterns seldom offered at these prices; medium and dark colors and black, well made and trimmed.

**\$2.48 WORTH**  
**\$4.00**

BOYS' SUITS ---

Comprising about 300 Suits, embracing new and pretty patterns, in stripes, checks, plaids and neat mixtures that will be worn this season. Every Suit worth \$4 and some more.

## Men's and Boys' Shoes.

Men's fine Calf, lace and Congress, pointed, medium and wide toes, all sizes, worth from \$4.50 to \$5..... **\$3.75**

Men's Patent Calf, lace and congress, narrow, medium and wide toes, cap or plain, worth \$5.50 to \$6..... **\$3.75**

Men's fine Calf, lace or congress, cap or plain toe, all sizes, worth \$3.50..... **\$2.73**

Men's Porpoise Calf, cork soles, lace or congress, pointed or medium toes, worth \$3.50..... **\$2.50**

Men's heavy grain, lace or congress, wide toes, chamois lined, waterproof, worth \$2.50 to \$3..... **\$2.00**

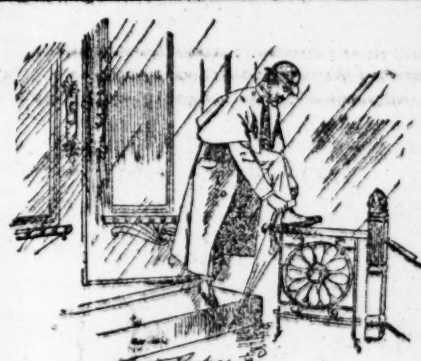
Men's Satin Calf, cork soles, lace or congress, just a few sizes, to close, worth \$3..... **\$1.75**

Men's Satin Calf, lace or congress, pointed, medium and wide toes, all sizes, worth \$2..... **\$1.48**

Boys' Satin Calf, lace, all sizes, 7½, 6 and 5½, pointed and round toes, worth \$2..... **\$1.48**

Boys' Satin Calf, all sizes, 7½ to 5, cap or plain toes, all styles..... **\$1.25**

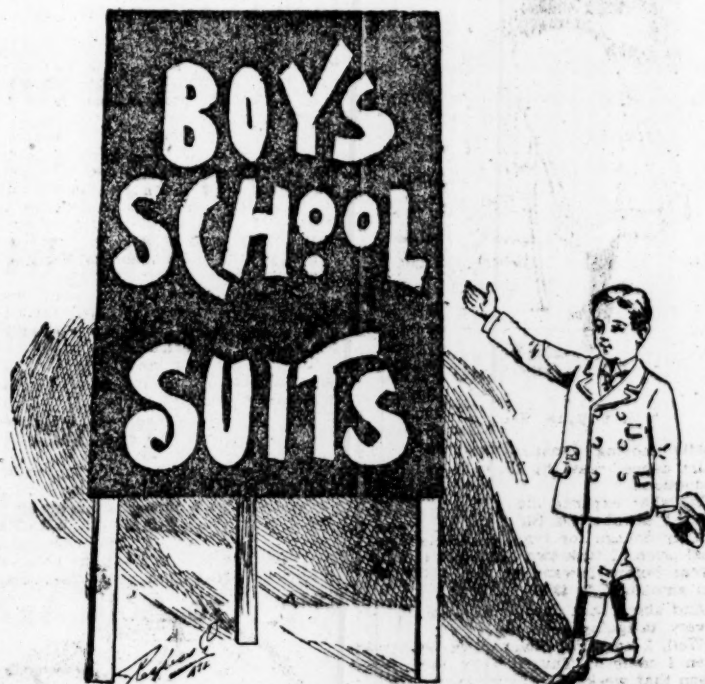
We Have Many Other Bargains Not Mentioned Above.



ALL THE NEW BLOCKS  
—NOW READY.

Men's Derby  
and Alpine Hats.

The \$2.00 kind at 98c.  
The \$3.00 kind at \$1.48.  
The \$4.00 kind at \$2.48.



DO  
YOU  
NEED A...

Mackintosh?

These foggy evenings it is necessary to keep warm. Don't you think it will pay you better to buy a Mackintosh rather than an Overcoat?

....OUR....

MACKINTOSHES

Were not carried over from last year. They were made for this season's trade.

The New Styles

Are here and every garment is warranted by us to be waterproof.

Your Money's  
Worth or Your  
Money Back.

Some at \$3.98

**\$2.98 WORTH**  
**\$4.50.**

BOYS' SUITS ---

These Suits are made of fine Worsteds and Tweeds, dark gray mixtures, checks, stripes and blue and black. They are made in the best possible manner and well lined.

**\$3.48 WORTH**  
**\$5 and \$5.50.**

BOYS' SUITS ---

Here you can take choice of some of the very best values. Every Suit made to sell for considerably more money than the price asked, and they are worth it, too. Medium and dark colors, blue and black.

**\$3.98 WORTH**  
**\$6 and \$6.50.**

BOYS' SUITS ---

Not a suit among this lot but what would cost nearly double the money we ask, if purchased at other stores. Neat dress suits, exclusive styles and designs, and there is a big saving of money.

## Ladies' and Children's Shoes

Ladies' Fine Button Boots, pointed, round and medium toes, cloth or kid tops, worth \$3.50 to \$4.00..... **\$2.98**

Ladies' finest French dongola Button Boots, full, narrow, round toes, turned or extension heels, worth \$3.00..... **\$2.48**

Ladies' best grade Dongola Button Boots, machine sewed, full and medium toes, worth \$2.50..... **\$1.98**

Ladies' genuine Dongola Kid Button Boots, all styles of toes, satin finished, worth \$2..... **\$1.48**

Ladies' genuine Dongola Kid Button Boots, full and wide toes, all sizes, worth \$1.50..... **\$1.25**

Misses' Dongola Kid A. S. T. tipped, sizes 11½ to 2, medium plain toe, worth \$2.00..... **\$1.48**

Misses' Grain Button Boots, all sizes, 11½ to 2, medium and wide toes, worth \$1.50..... **\$1.25**

Misses' genuine Dongola Kid Button Boots, all sizes, 11½ to 2, full and medium toes, worth \$1.25..... **98c**

Misses' Cloth Top Button Boots, patent tips, full toe, sizes 12 to 2, worth \$1.25..... **75c**

We Have Many Other Bargains Not Mentioned Above.





# RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For Internal and External Use

CURES AND PREVENTS.  
Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza,  
Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of  
the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammation,  
**RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA,**  
Frostbite, Chills, Headache,  
Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one  
to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR  
after reading this advertisement need any  
one SUFFER WITH PAIN.  
Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for  
Every Pain, Sprain, Bruise, Pain in  
the Back, Chest or Limbs—it  
is the first and is the  
only PAIN REMEDY  
That instantly stops the most excruciating  
pains, allays inflammation and cures Con-  
gestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach,  
Bowels or other glands or organs by one  
application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler  
of water will in a few minutes cure  
Croup, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heart-  
burn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick  
Headache, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic,  
Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world  
that will cure Fever and Ague and all  
other Malarious, Bilious and other fe-  
vers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so  
quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.  
Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.  
RADWAY & CO., NEW YORK.

We Have a Few Pairs of

Men's Winter Shoes

Left Which We Will Sell at a

GREAT SACRIFICE

Our Spring and Summer Shoes are now coming in and we must

make room for them. You can now have the celebrated

HESS CORK SOLE

AT \$4.50,

A SPECIAL FEATURE!

Shoes made to order. Our cus-

tomers' Shoes are blacked and

oiled free of charge.

N. HESS' SONS,

CHAS. ADLER, Manager.

13 Whitehall Street.

Factory Baltimore.

CARPETS AND FURNITURE.

Read Rhodes, Snook &

Haverty Co.'s ad. on page

17 today.

Mr. Josh Billings once said:

"Don't trust a man who is 95 per cent

honest and 5 per cent dis-

honest. If you do, that 5 per cent

will beat you." It's the same with

Clothing. Five per cent of dis-

honesty or incapacity in Clothing

means certain loss to you. You

want 100 per cent Clothing—the

kind you find here. As much

difference between our "closing

out remnant of winter stock" sale

and many others you've heard

about as between poor Clothes and

good Clothes. See what we have

to offer you.

GEO. MUSE CLOTHING

CO.,

CLOTHES, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

38 WHITEHALL.

CARPETS AND FURNITURE.

Read Rhodes, Snook &

Haverty Co.'s ad. on page

17 today.

## COLORED MINISTERS.

They Have a Word to Say About That

Douglas Meeting.

HOLMES DISAPPROVES THE SPEECHES

Rev. E. R. Carter Says His Utterances

Were Misunderstood and His

Sentiment Not Represented.

A meeting held at Big Bethel church last

Monday night in memory of Frederick

Douglas produced some speeches from the

ministers and others present which have

been the subject of considerable criticism

and talk.

One colored minister who spoke at the

meeting says he was misunderstood and

that his words are quoted do not represent

his sentiments. The minister is Rev. E.

R. Carter, who has been in Atlanta a

number of years.

He is reported to have made an invocation

for revenge. He says this did not

enter his mind, he beseeching the Lord

to remove from the hearts of the race

the sense of wrong done.

Rev. W. E. Holmes, a conservative and

thoughtful minister, who was not present,

strongly dissents from the sentiments ut-

tered at the meeting. He declares strongly

that those utterances do not represent

the sentiment of his race. He says he

knows his people and that they do not de-

sire intermarriage with the whites.

"I regret exceedingly," said Rev. E.

Holmes, "that certain sentiments uttered

at that meeting have been taken as the

view of my people on the 'race question.'

"I know my people. I know a large

portion of their representative men in

this and in other states and I am glad

to be able to report that all they desire

is justice at the bar, fair dealing and an

equal chance in the race of life.

"They do not desire intermarriage nor

do they ask admission into the social

circles of their white fellow citizens.

"Always and everywhere I have sought

to make this clear to the whites both in

public address and in private conver-

sation."

Rev. E. R. Carter, whose speech was

printed in the afternoon paper, says his

views were not correctly understood by

the reporter. He says he did not recog-

nize his speech when he saw it in print.

"Please allow me," said Rev. E. R.

Carter, "to say that I have been woefully

misunderstood and misquoted in my re-

marks of last Monday night.

"The meaning of my expressions and the

manner in which I expressed myself were

all of the most friendly intentions and

without the least desire to provoke an-

imosity or inspire ill feelings in the

white people of this great country.

"I could not treat the confidence in which

I am held with so mean a spirit as to

be conveyed by my speech as reported

I must confess that I did not know the

letters that formed the words that I used

on Monday night in my speech, so dif-

ferently did they appear to me. I meant

to say, 'I always teach my people to live

in peace with the people from whom they

get their living and I never allow myself

to be so forgetful as to advise my people

to do otherwise, and how I was so mis-

quoted I cannot understand. When I read

the newspaper I was confounded, especially

where it quoted me as calling for revenge

in the point of fact of Father, Lord

when wilt Thou take from us these feel-

ings of wrong done us,' with no intention

or spirit of having retribution brought upon

any one."

EMORY BOYS IN TOWN.

Twenty-One Lively Students from

Emory Spend the Day Here.

The college men were much in evidence

yesterday. Emory college sent up all the

members of the local chapter of the Chi

Phi fraternity. These young gentlemen,

twenty-one in number, are a typical set of

college boys and made their presence in

the city felt in more ways than one. Their

special object in coming to Atlanta at this

time was to have a group picture taken for

publication in the next number of Emory's

college annual, The "Zodiac."

Their fraternity is one of the leading ones

in this country, and the members of Gamma

chapter are creditable representatives.

Those present yesterday were Messrs. D.

Cox, of LaGrange, Ga.; T. H. Thom-

son, of Savannah, Ga.; A. G. Miller, of

For- syth; T. J. Johnston, Franklin, N. C.;

Harold Pace, Covington, Ga.; F. T. Bruce,

Belton; E. R. Bradford, LaGrange; Lan-

don Hale, New Orleans, La.; W. E. Em-

ery and J. H. Gress, of this city; W. H.

LaPrade, Jr., Shreveport, La.; Ivy L. Lee,

St. Louis, Mo.; R. J. Travis, Covington, Ga.;

H. C. Shuptrine, of Savannah; William

Savannah; R. J. Hill, Greenville; William

B. Barnes, Quitman; Henry Whitehead

and T. N. Thinsley, Macon; Eddie and Robert

Umson, Savannah.

These young men made a very handsome

appearance at the photographer's gallery

yesterday, and attracted attention where-

ver they went. Among the number are

some of the honor men of Emory college.

Mr. D. D. Cox being one of the leading

students of the institution.

The Phi fraternity is one of the

oldest in the country, having been orga-

nized at Princeton university in 1824. It has

chapters all over the country, being rep-

resented at nearly all the leading colleges.

It is very prosperous in the eastern col-

leges, having fine chapters at Yale, Brown

and Cornell. There are a great many en-

thusiastic alumni members of the fraternity

in Atlanta, of whom Mr. Charles F. Rice

is one of the leaders of the national Chi

Phi organization.

The boys in town yesterday spent the

greater part of time in sight-seeing,

their badges and yell making their presence

known wherever a crowd of them con-

gregated. They left on the Georgia road at

o'clock at 6 o'clock in the afternoon.

One of the members stated to a Constitu-

tion reporter yesterday that their chapter

at Emory was in a very prosperous con-

dition, and that its influence for good was

felt not only among the members, but also

throughout the college body. It was also

learned that the college is in a very pros-

perous condition and that the students and

faculty are all doing fine work this year.

Dr. W. A. Candler, the president, has

raised the standard of the college remark-

ably, and his work in the cause of educa-

tion has been of great importance not only

to Emory college, but to the entire state.

FUNERAL OF MRS. DAVIS.

This Lovable Christian Lady Will Be

Laid to Rest in Oakland.

The funeral of Mrs. M. A. Davis will

be held this morning at 11 o'clock from Wal-

ter Street Methodist church.

Mrs. Davis was a conscientious and

consecrated member of the Methodist church,

having illustrated the faith of that denom-

ination since early childhood and reinforce-

ing it by a Christian's glorious and trium-

phant death.

Mrs. Davis was a sister of Rev. M. J.

Coker, one of the leading divines of the

North Georgia conference.

The following gentlemen will act as pall-

bearers: Messrs. W. K. Booth, Willis King,

C. I. Brannan, Sam Ogletree, T. S. Dickson

and W. H. Lee.

The interment will be in Oakland cem-

etery.

An immense new line of sterling silver

novelties just received by Maier & Berke-

ley. Cut glass vases and vases in new

shapes. Belts in gold and enamel. Large

plain and gold-trimmed tortoise shell

combs. New styles in side combs. Dresden

pen and desk sets. New designs in

souvenir spoons in gilt and enamel. We

wish to show them to you. Come to see

them.

## FOR THE LABORING MEN.

S. M. White at Work on the Labor Di-

rectory Which He is to Publish.

Mr. S. M. White, who has been appoint-

ed by the Federation of Trades to set up a

labor directory, is actively at work on the

directory, and says that it will be com-

pleted and distributed throughout the state

by July 1st.

All of the labor organizations are taking

an active interest in the directory, and

members of each of them are at work com-

putting valuable information for the direc-

tory, which Mr. White expects to make

one of the most complete ever published.

The directory will be distributed among

the labor organizations of the state free

of cost to them.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS AND FORECAST

Two areas of low pressure appeared on

last night's chart, one in the upper Missis-

sippi valley, the other off the coast of the

Caroline. An area of high pressure, whose

crest appeared to be near the coast of Tex-

as, extended northeastward, forming a

wedge between the two lows. A general

decided fall in temperature has occurred

east of the Mississippi river, but to the

west of the river it remains quite high. The